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APDITIONAL WEATHER DATA --- PAGE 12

Herald Tribune

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No. 30,650

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

LONDON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981

Established 1887

Europe and on strategic nuclear missiles and bombers.

For these ocgotiations, and par-ticularly the talks on strategic arms, the administration officials

are considering trying to limit what they call the "destructive power" of missiles, including lift-

numbers of warheads. It is more difficult to verify ca-pabilities and characteristics of

weapons systems than numbers of

weapons Also, as the United States and the Soviet Union begin to deploy small and mobile sys-tems like the Cruise missile, even

counting will become difficult. Officials said Mr. Rostow told Mr. Bessmertnykh that there would be three verification re-

• That specific limitations be designed so that they could be verified.

. "Cooperative measures" such

as on-site inspection, designation of production facilities, and ex-changes of information on de-

• "Baseline data" to be ex-changed so that the sides could

agree with confidence on exactly hat was being limited.

Since the arms control talks be-gan in the 1950s, Moscow has re-sisted these demands. In recent

years, though, there have been

signs of a softening in the Soviet

The Threshold Test Ban Treaty, signed in 1974 but still unratified,

limited underground nuclear tests

to the equivalent of 150,000 tons

mand

stance

Citing U.S. Vote, **Angola Says It Has** Self-Defense Right

From Agency Dispatches LISBON — Angola said Wednesday that conditions have been created for it to invoke a UN

been created for it to invoke a UN Charter provision giving countries under attack the right to "individ-ual or collective self-defense." The official Angolan news agen-cy, quoting a Cabinet statement, did not specify whether the gov-ernment meant that it believed it could call in the help of outside countries. Cuba has troops stationed in Angola. The Cabinet statement, issued in

Luanda, said the United States' veto of a UN Security Council res-olution condemning South Africa's incursion into Angola had created conditions for Angola to fall back on Article 51 of the UN Charter,

the news agency reported. Article 51 guarantees the right of countries under armed attack to individual or collective self defense" until the Security Council has taken measures "to maintain international peace and security."

'Misunderstanding

In a related matter, the United States announced Wednesday that is would boycott an emergency ses-sion Thursday of the UN General Assembly on South-West Africa (Namibia), hut later reversed itself, saying it would participate.

A spokesman for the U.S. Mission to the United Nations said that, since the issue will be debated in the assembly's regular session

starting Sept. 15, "we see no rea-son to participate in a debate on it now." Later, however, a U.S. spokeswoman said that there had been "a misunderstanding," and that the United States would par***

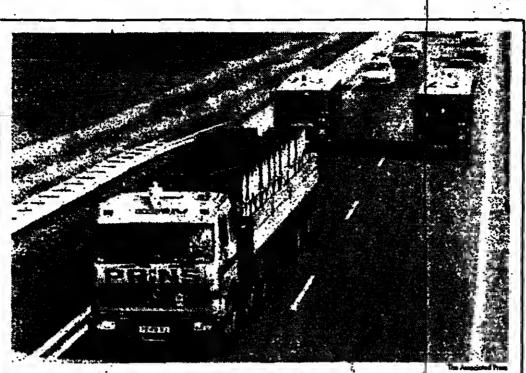
ticipate in the emergency session. The United States, Britain, France, Canada and West Germany have been trying for three years to achieve an independence plan for Namibia. Foreign ministers of the group are expected to meet at the United Nations on Sept. 24 to discuss proposals aimed at meeting South Africa's objections to the plan through constitutional guarantees for Namibia's white

minority. Meanwhile, South Africa on Wednesday identified the Soviet soldier it claims to have captured during its incursion into Angola as Sgt. Maj. Nickolay Feodorovich Pestretsov.

He was captured last week when South African forces ambushed a joint Angolan-guerrilla convoy about 30 miles (48 kilometers) in-side Angola, a Defense Ministry spokesman said in Cape Town. The Soviet Union remained si-

lent on South Africa's announcement, and Western diplomats in Moscow said the country would probably await proof of the claim before acting.

The South African Defense Ministry spokesman also said two lieutenant colonels were among (Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)



Dutch Dumping Draws Protest

Dutch police vans on Wednesday escorted a truckload of nuclear waste, nuclear in coursele, from a unclear research center at Petten to the Limiden harbor. Near Petten, police dragged demonstra-tors off the road leading to the research center; one policeman was hurt. A ship was to take the waste, and additional waste picked up in Belgium, to a dumping site off the Spanish coast.

Washington Languishes as Power Brokers Take a Vacation

By David Lamb Los Angeles Times Service

WASHINGTON - These are still the dog days of the Washington summer. The heat comes up with the dawn and hangs on all day, thick and breathless as sauna steam, stealing the lifeblood of a city that thrives on high political drama. Tha, homidity and the temperature

impact on the ultimate decision or on what really happened. I'm surprised with the almost obsessive absorption in that kind of Internal detail here."

This is a town where cab drivers talk politics, not sports, and people casually mention the name Al, just assuming you know they are speaking of Alexander M. Haig Jr., the secretary of state. Take that

THEVE THE SCAL OF DOM

Al Ulliman, for instance, who represent-ed Oregon in Congress from 1957 to 1980, used to make the obligatory trips back home every August, as do all congress-men, hut Oregon was not really home. The Democratic congressman did not even have a house there, and his true constituency was oo Capitol Hill. When he was defeated for re-election - after finaloot everyone works 1 12- and 14-hour

"I even got to the supermarket at 11 one Tuesday morning instead of running in at 9 p.m. in a pair to get home and leed the children. The were three or four other people there, hat poking around like me, comparing prices, seeing what was new. I dropped abox of frozen peas. A nice white bared can bent down and harded them back with a big scribe and

stores in Moscow fold their per-sonnel that these regulations must be strictly observed and that violators would suffer severe penalties.

U.S. Is Seeking Tighter Checks Rationing **On Arms Limit**

By Leslie H. Gelb

New York Times Service WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration has told the Soviet Washington Post Service MOSCOW — Soviet anthorities have quietly reinstituted a system of informal food rationing here in a precautionary move to prevent food shortages expected as a result of this year's poor harvest. Well-informed sources said Communist Party members had been told in closed meetings that

auministration officials. In a meeting on Aug. 21, Eugene V. Rostow, director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agen-cy, told Aleksandr A. Besamertargent and discreet measures will have to be taken to preserve the available food supplies. Grain, dairy products and pota-toes appear to have been the principal victims of an unseasonably hot and dry summer. This in turn has again led to meat shortages. The grain harvest is now expect

ed to yield no more than last year's cords. disappointing 190 million tons meaning the country has been 40 million to 50 million tons below its 1978 harvest of 236 million tons every year since then.

Food Shipped to Poland

Russians

Institute

Poor Harvest,

Poland Cited

By Dusko Doder

The precautionary austerity measures are also believed to be linked to Soviet food shipments to Poland. This has oot been mentioned publicly here. But the Polish newspaper Trybuna Ludu re-ported a week ago that the Soviet Union was sending frozen fish, canned goods, cooking oil and other commodifies. Polish officials said these emergency shipments also include substantial quantities

of grain. According to the sources, a Soviet Central Committee letter read to local party organizations called for the strict implementation of a rationing system that has long been disregarded. It allows a person to buy no more than four pounds of meat or one chicken, four poinds of bread, one pound of butter and one pound of cheese during one

shopping trip.

Union that new and far-reaching changes in inspection and verifica-tion would be "required" to underpin possible future agreements on strategic arms and medium-range missiles in Europe, according to administration officials.

nykh, chargé of the Soviet Embas-sy in Washington, in effect, that on-site inspection and provision of information on demand would be necessary ingredients of future ac-

Moscow has generally opposed such demands in the past on the grounds that they constituted intrusion into Soviet society and a pretext for spying. According to the administration of efficient for ever, Mr. Bessmertoyth did not even make the ritualistic objec-

tions to Mr. Rostow. The affininistration is waiting for a reply to the proposal to begin informal meetings on the subject of verification.

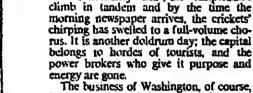
State Department spokesman. Dean Fischer denied Wednesday that the United States sought onfrom Washington, Reuters reported from Washington, "The issue of on-site inspection did not come up in that discussion," Mr. Fischer

told reporters. [He said U.S. and Soviet negotiyors discussed "cooperative meaof TNT. For the first time, Mossires" for verifying compliance with arms control pacts. He declincow and Washington agreed to exchange data on their nuclear weaped to be specific.]. ons programs and to limit lesting to specific places to assist verifica-

National Technical Means

Mr. Rostow was also said to have proposed exchanges on the subject of "strategic doctrine," including issues such as planning to fight muclear ways and first-suike. capabilities. Virtually all arms control agreesion, but also to allow for observ ments are policed by what is called ers and actual access to the sites of "national technical means," a comthe explosions. bination of spy satellites with pho-tographic and radar capability and listening posts with electronic and In both the first treaty limiting strategic arms and the second and unratified one, known as SALT-I and SALT-2, the Russians providother sensors. These were deemed by intellied considerable data on their gence experts to be sufficient to forces. monitor agreements that merely limited numbers of weapons. The satellites could see and count mis-**Brezhnev Plans Bonn Visit** sile silos, submarine construction bays and bombers at airfields. But intelligence experts do not consid-er these capabilities good enough to monitor the limitations now being discussed for the negotia-

In the related Treaty on Peaceful Nuclear Explosions signed in 1976 but still unratified, the two parties agreed not only to exchange information to enhance confidence in the size of the explicit



-Inj 11-1-1,

The business of Washington, of course, is government, and the marrow of govern-ment is power. Lose the people who excreise that power, and there remains only a lifeless city, a political skeleton slumbering in the hot, humid summertime. To

ing in the not, number summerume. To find those people these days, you do oot use a Washington telephone directory. President Reagan is off riding horse-back and chopping wood in California, a land many Washingtonians refer to sim-ply as The West, as though it were some kind of frontier or alien planet. The 535 members of Congress and most of their members of Congress and most of their 18,000 staff members are lost somewhere in the outer reaches of America. But when Mr. Reagan returns on Thursday, the beat will pick up again.

External Forces

The thousands of lobbyists have slipped out of town, too, and except for the State Department, which moves to the beat of external forces, no one even pretends that there is an ounce of directed activity or a udbit of worthwhile gossip anywhere in Washington.

"Waslungton is more prone to gossip than any place I've ever seen," said Edwin Meese 3d, counselor to the president. "The who-did-what-to-whom-and-when, all that sort of thing, which really has no

fornia for the month of August and a few

er to Cab purchasing a nouse in Oregon as a matter of political expediency - he did not

It becomes Las Vegas without crap tables, the New York Philharmonic without violins

days of September, and you rob Washington of its excitement, its raison d'être. It becomes Las Vegas without crap tables, the New York Philharmonie without violins, baseball played in an empty stadium, "When the National Security Council

starts meeting in Los Angeles, you know you're seeing a sign of the times," said a British diplomat. "I mean, the Washington Establishment always thought that the decision-making process inherently be-

longed to Washington. "What happens if Haig and all those people find out that there's civilization west of the Rockies and actually like all the wonderful things in California and decide to stay? Can you imagine how threat-ening that thought is to the Old Guard in the East?"

The diplomat, of course, was not entire-ly serious. But Washington does have a way of isolating itself from life beyond the Potomac, of operating in a bureaucratic vacuum that turns a deaf ear to mumblings from the heartland. It is a company town that functions on crisis and produc es policy and, if you are part of the ma-chinery, it is difficult to imagine that any place else really counts quite as much.

leave Washington. Like so many others who have known the pleasures of power, he had become wedded to the town.

Once chairman of the powerful Ways and Means Committee, he now does con-sulting work out of a small office and sometimes has to spell his last oame when leaving telephone messages with secretarics. Washington is like that, casting the losers into a sort of endless season of Augusts, replacing them with new stars who have crossed the Potomac to oil the gears of government.

"Every time the cop outside the Longworth Building saw me coming, be'd say bello and press the pedestrian button so I could get across Independence Avenue," said one of Mr. Uliman's former research-ers, an unemployed and unrepentant Democrat

Losing the 'Perks'

"The day we lost the election, be just turned away and pretended he didn't see me. He never changed the light for me again. So you lose the 'perks' but being out of power lets you discover what it's like to live a normal life. You forget that handed them back with a big smile and you could tell he was inding out how the rest of the world lives

The "nice white-hared man" was John B. Anderson, the forter Illinois congress-man who had just lostis independent bid to become president of the United States. to become president q the officer states. Probably, in no other American city do more people work loger hours for some undefined reward other than money. Al-though the legions of accless hureaucrats may pour out of theiroffices at the strike of 5 p.m., the people with power start their days at breaking meetings and end them at coefficient meetings and end them at cocktail partls

One of the Sente's hardest taskmas-ters, Sen. William troxmire, gets up at 5:30 every morning uns to work and usu-ally does not leave his office until the night-time janitors have taken over the Dirksen Office Building. So, was the Wis-consin Democrat enying a few days off this August? "Oh, n," said an aide. "He never takes vacation."

"For the workabolt, vacations can be a depressing experience," said Steven Wol-in, a Washingtoo psychiatrist. "Their rea-son for being is sort of cut out from under them. They're left with a real emptiness.

"Washington work an gobble a person up but he very rewaing. Worksholics are seemingly at the to of power. There's public attention and jocial gratification. They are more combrable in achievement-oriented arenas uch as Washington provides where you ca overinvest in suc-

55 Leftists Executed in Iran;

Interim Premier Is Eacked

The Associated Press

BEIRUT - The Iranian regime has executed 55 more leftist oppo-

interior minister in Mr. Bahonar's

Cabinet, presented his own Cabi-

net, mostly inherited from his

His quick confirmation and

presentation of a new Cabinet

dramatized the clergy's effort to

fill the power vacuum created hy

the assassinations of Mr. Bahonar

and President Mohammed Ali Ra-

iai in a bomb blast at the premier's

Khomeini Student.

theology under Ayatollah Ruhol-lah Khomeini, represented Iran's

Ayatollah Kani, who studied

predecessor.

office Sunday.

There are no visible inducations in Moscow of food scarcines except that meat has been in short supply. The supplies at the city's farmers market - where farmers are allowed to sell the produce and meat from their small private plots -has been very good all summer.

Worse in Provinces

lo provincial centers, however, the situation is reported to be much worse than in Moscow and Leningrad, both of which receive special priority for consumer goods. Westerners returning from trips to smaller cities have reported almost a complete absence of meat

Some Soviet observers said the new rationing of the basic commodities was directed against tens of thousands of people from the provinces who flock each weekend to the main cities to buy large quantities of food.

But Western observers here believe that the poor harvest and the continued Polisb crisis make it imperative for the Kremlin to begin husbanding its food resources well in advance of what is expected to be another period of inevitable scarcities this winter.

United Press International BONN -- Soviet leader Leonid f. of November, a government spokesman said Wednesday. He said the date of Mr. Brezhnev's arrival will be announced later."

Mr. Trudean said the agreement

would dissipate uncertainty caused

by the energy war with Alberta, which had harmed the Canadian

dollar and the economy in general.

The positive impact of the agree-

ment was shown immediately as the Canadian dollar opened higher

Wednesday in lively trading in New York. It shed some of its ear-ly gains to close at 1.1963 per U.S. dollar compared with Tuesday's closing of t.2030.

Also, prices on the Toronto Stock Exchange rose sharply at the opening, with the composite index gaining 25.2 to 2.224.7 and the oil

and gas index rising 158.5 to 5,096 in the first 15 minutes of trading.

But prices retreated as the day

went on. The composite index end-

Under the agreement, the feder-

year in oil revenues as its share

al government will receive an addi-tional 11 billion Canadian dollars

of the revenue increases to 29 per-cent from 24 percent. Alberta will get about 7 billion Canadian dol-

lars more, and its share rises 1 per-lars more, and its share rises 1 per-centage point to 34 percent. The oil industry will get 8 billion Cana-dian dollars more, but its oil reve-nces will fall to 37 percent from 43

The Alberta accord provides for

percent

Canada, Alberta Sign Accord on Oil Prices

From Agency Dispatches OTTAWA - Canada and its

tions on medium-range missiles in

maio oil-prodocing province, Alberta, have ended a year-old oil dispute with a compromise agree-ment that Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudean said would boost confidence in the economy.

Mr. Trudeau and Alberta Pre-mier Peter Lougherd on Tuesday signed a five-year agreement on oil pricing and revenue sharing under which Canadian crude oil prices, among the lowest in the world, will rise to 75 percent of world levels during the next five years. The accord also provides for phased in-creases in natural-gas prices to 65 percent of domestic crude prices.

The accord, worked out in months of sporadic negotiations between (ederal Energy Minister Marc Lalonde and his Alberta counterpart, Merv Leitch, gave Alberta the higher prices it wanted for its oil and gave the federal government a larger share of revenue from Canada's oil and natural gas

Ottawa also abandoned its ef-

The showdown between Ottawa and Alberta, which had sought 85 percent of world prices, intensified last October when Mr. Trudeau, after two years of fruitless negotiations with the province, tried to impose a unilateral program of mild price increases and new federal taxes to boost the national government's share of petroleum

The deadlock had left Alberta's multibillion-dollar energy development projects in limbo and prompted the Longheed govern-ment to order oil production cuts totaling 180,000 barrels a day, about 10 percent of Canadian production.

Arab Cooperation tion, including joim security

Albert Speer, 76, Architect Of Hitler's Nazism, Is Dead

By Paul L. Montgomery

New YORK - Albert Speer, "o, Hitler's architect and one of the most powerful men in Nazi Germany, died Tuesday at a London hospital

Mr. Speer was visiting London to record a television program for BBC. He collapsed at his hotel.

From the time he joined the Na-tional Socialist Party in 1931, Mr. Speer was an important power in Hitter's movement, a dedicated administrator who later kept the Nazi war machine running with forced labor and incessant plan-2010

He was also Hitler's chosen architect and stage designer, who devised plans for grandiose monuments and mass ralhes, including the spectacular effects for the rallics at Noremberg in the 1930s.

Mr. Speer was the only Nazi leader at the Nuremberg war crimes trials in 1945-46 to admit his guilt

Memoirs Published

When Mr. Speer was released from West Berlin's Spandau prison in 1966 after having completed his 20-year sentence, he published his memours. His lirst two books --"Inside the Third Reich" (1970) and "Spandau: The Secret Dia-ries" (1976) - sold several million conies and made him a rich man. A third book, "Infiluration: The SS

Most critics praised his candor in writing about the responsibility he bore for the Nazi excesses. "My moral failure is not a matter of this item or that," he wrote in "Inside the Third Reich." "It resides in my active association with the whole course of events. I had participated in a war which, as we of the intimate circle should never have doubted, was aimed at world dominion. What is more, by my abili-ties and energies. I prolonged that war by many months."

Mr. Speer also dealt with the excuse that he knew little or nothing about the death camps.

Whether I knew or did not know, or how much or how little f knew, is totally unimportant when I consider what horrors I ought to have known about and what conclusions would have been the natu-

ral ones to draw from the little I did know," he wrote. "No apolo-gies are possible."

In his role as one of the survi-vors of the Nazi leadership - the only one now living is Rudolf Hess, the 87-year-old former deputy fuhrer, still a prisoner at Spanu - Mr. Speer was one of the few people in postwar Germany to be able to discuss the Hitler period from first-hand experience in the ruling group.

Mr. Speer was born io Mannheim and was trained to be an architect. When he was 28, he



Albert Speer ... in a 1973 photograph

AT.

by the party leader's plans, partic-ularly for rebuilding Berlin. "For the commission to do a

great building. I would have sold my soul like Faust," Mr. Speer said. "Now I had found my Mephistophetes. He seemed no less en-

gaging that Goethe's." Io 1934, he was appointed Hit-ler's architect as well as the official in charge of government construc-tion. Among his early projects was a stadium in Nuremberg, party headquarters in Munich and the chancellery in Berlin.

In the carly war years, Mr. Speer, who had the rank of a cololeader on the main ruling commit-tee set up after the February, 1979, nel in the SS, supervised the the revolution. building of an-raid shelters and He held a succession of posts in arms factories. In February, 1942, revolutionary institutions, culmi-

the Islamic ledership, he is not a member of thernling Islamic Re-publican Party and is not known for the tough ad uncompromising speeches charateristic of clergy-

speeches charteristic of clergy-men within thebarty. As premier, he will join Majlis speaker Hasheni Rafsanjani and Chief Justice Musavi Ardebili, both founding zembers of the par-ty, on the residential council charged with cganizing elections for a new president within 50 days. Ayatollah Komeini appealed to judicial authorities Tuesday not to overreact to he assassinations, "not to lose thir control so they would orevent he issuance of unwould prevent he issuance of unjust sentences."

The state telvision later reported that 55 meabers of the leftist Mujahaddin Rualq guernilla or-ganization had been executed by firing squad in 10 cities since the bombing. But sere was no indication that they are suspected of in-volvement in the hlast.

Tehran Rado said Wednesday that an elderly soman also died in the bombing ofMr. Bahonar's office, along with two employees of the premier's office.

The broadca: also reported that 22 Mujahaddinguerrillas were arrested in the southern town of Shahreza wher an underground arms supply nework was broken

up by Revolutionary Guards. The Mujahadin Khalq is the leading IslamicMarxist group be-



regime since the ayatollah fired President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr on June 22 after the president's peachment by the Majlis.

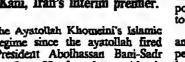
Mr. Bani-Sadr and the Mujahaddin Khalq leader, Massoud Rejavi, fled to France July 29 in an Iranian military plane and were granted political asylum there.

lo another development Wednesday, Pars said the office of the public prosecutor in charge of guild affairs in Tehran passed scutences on 44 offenders charged with overpricing, hoarding and swindling.



the Ayatollah Khomeini's Islamic

They were each semicaced to 303



ed with a gain of 3.71 and the oil and gas index fell 9.03.

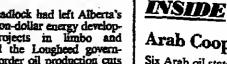
production. Tax Abandoned

fort to impose a tax on the export of natural gas to the United States, a tax opposed by Alberta, and amended parts of Ottawa's energy policy that was announced last Oc-

> year-by-year increases in the price of a 42-gallon barrel of domestic oil pumped from conventional wells to raise it from the current world price.

TEVENHES.

Six Arab oil states have decided on closer political coopera-



Page 2

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981

6 Arab States **Soviet Energy Outlook Pledge Joint** Seen Highly Favorable Security Steps By a New U.S. Report

expressed concern.

2000.

annually about 40 billion cubic

through the planned Yamburg line, about which Washington has

Highlights of Study

oil reserves to be 75 billion barrels.

Proved natural gas reserves,

WASHINGTON - A U.S. countries are expected to receive study made public Wednesday by a congressional committee said the Soviet Union's energy outlook not only is "highly favorable" but is likely to give the Kremlin greater political influence over Western meters of Soviet natural gas, val-ued at \$8 billion to \$10 billion Europe and Japan. "Overall, the Soviet energy out-

look is a positive one for economic growth," the Defense Intelligence Agency study said. "The our ook for Soviet energy, from the per-spective of Soviet leadership, is highly favorable."

Unlike carlier U.S. intelligence estimates, mainly by the CIA, the Defense Intelligence Agency found in its 123-page report on Soviet and Chinese economic trends that the Soviet Union is not running out of oil.

The study, which was released by the Joint Economic Committee, found that the energy sector natural gas, oil and coal — is one of the few "bright spots" in an otherwise gloomy Soviet economy burdened by the weight of rising military spending

'Full Satisfaction

"Prospects for the full satisfaction of domestic needs, planned energy exports to East European Communist countries, and negoti-ated quantities for customers in Western Europe appear to meet Soviet expectations through the 1980s and beyond," the report said.

Io addition to providing eco-nomic benefits, it said, "Soviet en-ergy self-sufficiency is also likely to result in greater political influ-ence by the Soviet Union over certain decisions of its West European customers and, perhaps to a lesser extent, of Japan.

The West European customers include West Germany, France, Austria, Belgium, Italy and the

plans by the Solidarity union for

A statement on the ruling par-

ry's stand in the face of a grounds-

well movement of factory workers'

worker self-management.

Polish Party Affirms Role

Gulf Council Supports By the mid-to-late 1980s, these Saudi Peace Formula

TAIF, Saudi Arabia - Six Arab oil states decided Wednesday on closer political cooperation, including joint security measures, to

safeguard stability in the Gulf. They also declared support for a Saudi Arabian formula for a peace The highlights of Defense Intelsettlement in the Middle East. ligence Agency estimates regarding Soviet energy include:

The foreign ministers of Saudi Arabia, Knwait, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Oman and Bahrain announced the decisions after three days of talks in Taif, their first million making straight • Oil production will reach 12.2 million barrels a day this year and rise slowly through 1985, leveling off during the late 1980s and in-creasing after 1990. atter three days of tails in fair, their first policy-making session since the six countries formed the Gulf Cooperation Council in May. The Saudi foreign minister, Prince Saud al-Faisal, said at a news conference that the six had agreed on stens to increase politi- Accessible and producible Sovict oil reserves, the world's second largest proved oil reserves, are be-tween 80 billion and 85 billion baragreed on steps to increase politi-cal and security cooperation. But rels. Io 1977, the Defense Intelligence Agency had estimated Soviet

he declined to say what they were. Recent Alliance

the world's largest, are roughly equivalent to 180 billion barrels The reference to increased cooperation came immediately after a thinly veiled attack on a recent aland will amount to an equivalent of \$261 billion barrels by the year liance between Libya, Ethiopia and Southern Yemen, all of which have close links with the Soviet Soviet natural gas production, growing at 7 to 9 percent annually, will sooo exceed the rest of the Union. The statement said the ministers discussed "the attempts world's production. Given its by other powers to build up posi-tions in the Gulf area to threaten wond's production. Given its growing reserves, by the year 2000, the Soviet Union could support an annual natural gas production equivalent to 9 billion barrels.
By 1985, the Soviet Union's hard currency earnings from enerits security and sovercignty."

The sultanate of Oman, which has given military facilities to the United States, bas openly de-nounced the treaty of friendship gy exports to Western Europe are and cooperation signed by the expected to reach \$22.6 billion three radical states in Aden last \$11.2 billion from natural gas sales and \$11.4 billion from the sale of month.

Oman regards the Soviet Union as the biggest threat to the Gulf and argued when the six were set- The Soviet Union produces 90 to 95 percent of its basic oil production equipment. Thus, a shutoff of equipment deliveries, such as pipes, from the West would delay but oot stop a rise in ting up the Gulf council that military cooperation should take priority. But the other states, opposed to any foreign presence in the area, were convinced that economic cooperation would be the best de-

> The ministers endorsed a state-ment of principles for a Middle East settlement announced by Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Fahd last month and said the Gulf states would try to rally other Arab countries to the formula at a sum-mit meeting scheduled for Novem-

Prince Fahd listed eight princi-ples, including establishment of an independent Palestinian state and the right of all countries in the region to live in peace, and demand-ed that the United States should recognize the Palestine Liberation

The foreign ministers, who meet every three months as a part of the Gulf council's framework, ap-proved an agreement drafted by finance ministers that is meant to be the first practical step toward

David Ducks right, before the coup Tuesday in Bangui led by Gen. Andre Kolingba, left.

Military Rule Declared in Bangui

BANGUI, Centra Alrican Re-public — The and chief of staff declared himself and of state Wednesday and and an all-mili-tary government all seizing pow-er from President Lavid Dacko in

a bloodless coup. Gen. André Kellste also took over as chief of grammat, and as minister of defent and of war veterans and victim

He suspended the constitution and all political prices, but said elections could be that in the next few weeks.

Stores and bank opened for business as usual threaday and life appeared n and although sol-diers were patroline city streets. An African diplorit said there had been no arress or violence

July 14, in which three persons died and 32 were injured. during or after the takeover by the 2,000-man army. Mr. Dacko was ordered to his

Radio Bangui said Tuesday that Mr. Dacko, 51, had resigned for country residence, 60 miles (96 ki-lometers) from Bangui, and his health reasons. He was said to be Cabinet ministers were told not to "sick and depressed" after his brief leave their homes. The 1,400 French troops in the country, in-cluding several hundred in Bangui, reign over the impoverished former French colony of 2 million remained on their bases. In Paris, Cooperation Minister

Jean-Pierre Cot, the government official most directly concerned The takeover followed elections in March won by Mr. Dacko, who in 1979 came to power after a French-backed coup that deposed with African affairs, said Mr. Dacko had been ill, but added that Jean-Bedel Bokassa. he resigned under conditions

Rioting broke ont after the March elections, which leaders of we're not fully aware of." calling for succession of power to the premier were not applied," Mr. Cot said. "It's a defeat — a defeat opposition parties contended were rigged. Mr. Dacko declared a state of siege and appointed Gen. Kol-ingba to administer it. for the Central African Republic Political tension also grew after

and for the process of democrata bomb attack on a Bangui cinema ization that was under way."

> Dr. Michael Heshen, representing the archeologists in the court appeal, said Mr. Hammer's decision was invalid because it was in-fluenced by the rabbinical threat. The appeal also claimed that the decision was made irregularly without prescribed consultation with scientific bodies.

The dig is considered the most important under way in the Holy Land. In its fourth year, it has uncovered artifacts from King Da-vid's time, about 1,000 B.C., and the foundations of Jebusite buildings from 300 years earlier.

Indians Bar Envoy; U.S. Blames Russia

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - India has refused to allow the posting of a senior U.S. diplomat in New Delhi, touching off a new row with the Reagan administration, which charged that the diplomat was the victim of "a Soviet disinformation

campaign." The dispute over Washington's assignment of George G.B. Griffin to India as political counselor, the No. 3 job in the U.S. Embassy, has aggravated already strained rela-tions between Washington and New Delhi, administration officials said Tuesday. The United States has retaliated, they said, by barring a senior Indian diplomat from taking up his post in Wash-

It is highly musual for one gov-ernment to block a foreign diplo-mat, particularly one ranking be-low ambassador, from taking up an assignment in its capital. As a result, State Department officials are calling the Griffin affair "un-precedented." precedented."

In addition, senior administration officials are convinced that that the fighting in southern Ango-la had subsided and that Angolan forces had not attempted an offen-sive to force South African forces Mr. Griffin, whose last post was as the No. 2 officer in the embassy in Kabul, was singled out by the So-viet Union for attack, and that the Indian government yielded to the Soviet-inspired pressure.

Indian Confirmation

[An Indian government spokes-man in New Delhi confirmed Wednesday that Mr. Griffin's ap-pointment had been rejected and that the United States had in turn refused to accept an Indian diplo-mat, who be would not name, Renters reported. The spokesman said the Indian decision was not

said the Indian decision was not influenced by any other country.] On Dec. 4, 1980, the Patriot, a newspaper of the Indian Commu-nist Party, ran an article accusing Mr. Griffin of spreading false-boods for many months about the situation in Afghanistan. That same day, Tass circulated the Pa-triot report "The constitutional provisions

triot report. State Department officials said Mr. Griffin traveled frequently to New Delhi from Kabul last year to visit his wife, who was living in the Indian capital. While there, he oc-casionally gave briefings to report-ers on the situation in Afghani-

On May 4, Blitz, a weekly paper published by the Indian Commu-nist Party, called Mr. Griffin a leader of CIA operations against the Afghanistan government. That report was cited by Tass and publisbed in Pravda on May S. Tass, quoting Blitz, said Mr. Griffin's duties had included the "supply of . weapons to the bands of Afghan mercenaries who had found refuge in Palaines " in Pakistan."

Also on May 4, Bhupesh Gupta, Communist representative from West Bengal, spoke in Parliament to denounce Mr. Griffin, and asked the Foreign Office to precat the press back He said that when Mr. Griffin had been asment Tuesday by U.S. President Reagan's chief aide, James A. signed to the U.S. consulate in Calcutta, in 1969, he had worked Baker 3d, that four Soviet soldiers against the independence of Banwere killed was not "incorrect." In Washington, officials estimatadesh from Pakistan.

They said that South African troops still occupied most of Cu-nene province but that no inci-dents had been reported since Monday and that the situation had stabilized South Africa says its forces have been withdrawing since Friday but are being delaying by land mines between the town of N'Giva and the frontier, about 25 miles away. South Africa has said its incursion into Angola was limited and aimed at guerrillas of the South-

to withdraw.

West Africa People's Organization fighting for the independence of Namibia, which South Africa continues to rale even though the United Nations in 1966 stripped Pretoria of its old League of Na-tions mandate to administer the former German colony.

Foreign Ministry. The department also took the unusual step of spe-cifically denying that Mr. Griffin worked for the CIA.

On July 28, however, a few weeks before Mr. Griffin was due

to leave from Washington to New Delhi, the Indian Embassy con-

veyed the decision of the Indian

government for Mr. Griffin not to

Tuesday, in answer to an in-quiry, the State Department called the indian decision on Mr. Griffin

unwarranted, and added, "That

this action was taken at a time when Griffin has been a target of a

Soviet disinformation campaign makes it particularly regrettable."

Angola Cites

Vote by U.S.

(Continued from Page 1)

the Soviet advisers killed in the

Angolan officials in Lisbon said

No Confirmation

In Paris, Angola's ambassador to France acknowledged Wednes-day that Soviet military advisers may have been killed in the South African operation, but he added that Angolan authorities could not officially confirm Soviet deaths be-cause they have no control of events in areas under South Afri-

can occupation. The envoy, Luis José d'Almeida, warned that the conflict would escalate unless South Africa pulled out, and implied that major Soviet and Cuban reinforcements might be called in However, he said Angola had no intention of becoming part of the confrontation between the United States and the Soviet Union.

South Africa has not officially said how many Soviet personnel were killed in the fighting but the ministry spokesman said a state-

The South African spokesman

من لاز مرل

In Industry Appointments ity union leaders met in Gdansk to WARSAW - Poland's Commu-nist Party said Wednesday night consider their next moves in a struggle for greater say in the official media in time for their first nathat it was determined to retain ultional congress. timate control over the appoint-ment of industry leaders, rejecting

Soviet oil production.

In Moscow, meanwhile, it was announced that Soviet Army reserves have been called up for previously scheduled air, land and sea maneuvers around Poland's

borders starting on Friday. The Soviet Union informed Western governments last month that more than 25,000 troops would be taking part in the exer-cises. Reporting Wednesday on preparations for the exercises, which Western defease experts be-lieve will be the biogett in west

ber in Morocco.

Organization.

Israel Suspends Archeological Excavation In Wake of Violence by Orthodox Jews

From Agency spatches JERUSALEM - After a cam-paign of violence by ultra-Ortho-dox Jews, excavation of the 3,000pear-old city connected by King David was halted techesday, and arcbeologists an ted to the Su-preme Court for previous to go

on digging.

Jewish and Moslem youths brawled in the tunnel Tuesday after 15 to 20 Arabs entered the chamber from the Temple Mount and began erecting a cinderblock wall to prevent access by Jews from the other end. Police Com-missioner Arye Ivstan ordered the tunnel, which Jews already had

Education Minister Zevulun Hammer, under restart from Chief Rabbi Shloro Goren, or-dered a two-wei suspension of work 'at the divisite until, he

received a legal rout from the at-torney-geocral. The Supreme and has no historical importance.

Jan Glowczyk, said the party was facing a ruthless struggle aimed at the breakdown of the Communist system and criticized what be called the anarchist trend "which demands absolute autonomy for self-goverment." Mr. Glowczyk said total free-

dom for workers to hire and fire their managers would negate the role of the central authorities and turn ioto an instrument of struggle for political power.

'Real Self-Management'

"The party will be fighting for real self-management and not for an organ which would serve anti-Socialist groups as a stopover in their struggle for full power," Mr. Glowczyk was quoted as saying by the official news agency PAP.

Mr. Glowczyk said the party could not renounce control over the economy and political overlordship of the country.

He read the 28-page paper to the Central Committee as the Solidar-

China Reviving Group Exercise **To Radio Music**

Renters

PEKING --- China has launched a new campaign to improve the na-uonal physique through group ex-ercise to rousing music broadcast on national radio.

The music starts at 5.20 a.m. for early risers and in some organizations is relayed over a loudspeaker system that cannot be switched

In recent years few people have bothered to do such exercises, unlike in the days of Maoism when to neglect them could be seen as rebellion.

The People's Daily said the National Sports Committee had deended they were still a good idea.

"Now that we are carrying out modernization, and production, work and study is all a bit tense, having a break morning and afternoon for the exercises can help strike the proper halance between work and recreation, make you feel better and enrich your lifestyle," the newspaper said.

Corrections

A New York Times article (IHT, Sept. 2) on the importing of antiq-intics did not fully specify the U.S. Customs Service policy. Customs officials said they would continue to seize objects and prosecute art dealers in cases involving direct violations of U.S. laws, such as updervaluation and misdescription. They said they are still debating a policy on material deemed stolen under foreign cultural property laws but brought into the United States in accordance with U.S. laws and regulations. A New York Times obituary of

the anthor Anita Loos (IHT, Aug. 20) incorrectly gave her age as 88. She was born on April 26, 1888, and was 93 at her death.

Tass said a "number of military six states. units which will take part are manned by personnel drafted from the reserve

Reservists in the Soviet Union are only occasionally called up for maneuvers and usually only for large-scale operations. states.

The war games, due to last until Sept. 12, will be staged in Belorus-sia and the Baltic states, which border Poland on the cast, and in the Baltic Sea to the north of Poland.

Western diplomats in Moscow have said the war games, which start one day before the Solidarity congress begins in the Baltic port of Gdansk, appeared to be aimed at stepping up psychological pres-sure on the Poles by raising the specter of intervention.

Tass said Wednesday that the exercises were intended to show that the Soviet armed forces were a "reliable shield of the fatherland and a guarantee of peace on carth.

In another potentially important development, state television announced that prosecutors had concluded that the use of force against Solidarity activists in the city of Bydgoszcz last March was justi-

Police intervention against Soli-darity in the city, where several Solidarity members were beaten, had led Poland to the brink of a general strike in its most serious crisis since the 1980 labor unrest.

the case within a faw days. In a second disput involving ar-cheology in the bot city, workmen integrating the economics of the

Officials said the agreement cov-ered oil pobcy, industry, trade, finance and transport, and guaranlabored through the night to seal an opening from the Wailing Wall teed the free movement of people, to a tunnel running under the Temple Mount, its of two of Islam's bobest shries. goods and capital between the six

Image of Coin on Shroud of Turin Advanced as Proof of Authenticity

The Associated Press CHICAGO — A Jesuit priest maintains that a milake on an ancient coin proves that the Shroud of Turin — cosidered by some Christians to be the burial cloth of Christ - is not a forgery

and that it establishes the approximate age of the cloth The Rev. Francis L. Filas, a Loyola University thelogian, said an enlargement of a photograph of the coin turned ups mistake in Greek for "Tiberius Caesar" that occurs on both thishroud patteru and the coin.

Father Filas said that a "c" is a mistake for "k"in "Tiberiou Kaisaros." He said such coins were issued by Poons Pilate be-tween A.D. 29 and A.D. 32 — about the time of the death of Christ.

Earlier this summer, Father Filas said a computer analysis of photographs of the shroud confirmed that a com vas placed on the right eye of the figure imprinted on the shrou. Coins have

often been used to close compares eyes. Father Filas, who has studied the shroud for 35 ears, said the spelling, uncovered by enlarging the coio photograph 25 times, "completely excludes" the possibility of any forger of the markings on the shroud. Some researchers, however, doubt whether a coin cally exists in

the photographs of the shroud. "I think the problem is whether there is any indication of a coin," said Dr. Walter & McCrone, a microscopist. "Not very many people except FatherFiles are able to see it. It's difficult to make out the details."

c Lity of David dispute Rabbi Goren and the Orthodox claim the site on the southern slopes of Jerusalem's old walled city contains a medieval cometery and that the dig defiles the sanctity of the dead. There have been frequent scuffles at the site this summer, and almost daily riots in Mea Shearim, the orthodox quarter of

Jerusalem The issue capsulizes a worsening confrontation between religious and secular Israelis set off by concessions that the orthodox political parties won in return for joining Prime Minister Menachem Begin's coalition this summer.

Two members of the liberal wing of Begin's Likud Bloc vowed to fight for legislation to separate religion from state and join forces with the opposition Labor Party for this end. The two deputies accused Mr. Hammer of "capitu-lating to the lunacies of the Chief Rabbinate and Rabbi Goren."

Mr. Hammer is a senior member of the National Religious Party, which in turn is Begin's senior coalition partner. Unless a solution is found, the crisis could undermine the newly installed government. Rabbi Goren has inflamed pas-

sions by threatening the deeply religious Mr. Hammer with a "ketay seruy," an order that would bar him from coming in contact with fellow Jews or partcipating in their prayers. The order has no legal force, but among religious Jews it is a potent weapon.

New Book Claims Nixon Attempted

To Bribe Torrijos

United Press International PANAMA CITY — Former President Richard M. Nixon offered a \$1 million bribe in 1973 to Omar Torrijos, who was then the Panamanian leader, to cancel a UN Security Council meeting on the Panama Canal issue, a new book charges.

In his book "Torrijos: No Ameri-can Colony," the late Gen. Torri-jos' political adviser, Romulo Escobar Bethancourt, said the bribe attempt occurred just before Panama led a Security Council meeting on the Panama Canal

Mr. Escobar Bethancourt said a Nixon envoy he did not identify flew to Panama with \$1 million and offered it to Gen. Torrijos in exchange for calling off the meet-ing. The book said Gen. Torrijos sent the envoy back to Washington "with his tail between his legs." Mr. Nixon, who is traveling in Europe, was unavailable for com-

The Security Council meeting went ahead and, after hearing an impassioned plea from Gen. Torrijos, voted to support Panama's de-mands for the return of the 51-mile waterway and the U.S.-controlled Canal Zone around it.

These various allegations ed that there are 1,000 Soviet adprompted the State Department in visers and 15,000 to 19,000 East early May to order the embassy in German and Cuban troops in An-Moscow to protest to the Soviet

Quake Jolts Tokyo Area

did not indicate what the plans were for the captured soldier, but Resters TOKYO - A moderate earthhe referred to the case of three Cuquake shook Tokyo and surroundban soldiers captured by the Sonth ing areas Wednesday, but there were no immediate reports of dam-Africans in Angola in 1976. They age or casualties.

were exchanged for captured South African soldiers.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Italy Rejects Qadhafi Threat Against U.S. Bases

ROME — Italy on Wednesday termed unacceptable a threat by Li-byan leader Moamer Qadhafi to attack U.S. nuclear bases in Western Europe and the Mediterranean if the United States again "attacks," the Gulf of Sidra

Italy has approved plans to locate U.S. Cruise missiles at an airbase on Sicily. Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo said Italy would call in a Libyan representative to protest the threat. If the remarks attributed to Col. Qadhafi this week were confirmed, they were unacceptable, the

foreign minister said in the northern city of Trento. Mr. Colombo said the Comiso base in Sicily was part of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's southern defenses and would not be a threat to any nation.

U.S. Calls for 'Realism' on Aid to Poor Nations The Associated Pres

PARIS - The United States told a special UN conference on aid to the world's poorest nations Wednesday that it should set out realistic objectives for increased assistance in line with resources available and with what the recipients can absorb.

Peter McPherson, administrator of the U.S. Agency for International Development and head of the U.S. delegation to the conference, said many of the objectives sought by the developing nations are commendable

"However, the pace of progress envisioned is much faster than experi-ence suggests is feasible," he told representatives from 136 countries and numerous international organizations. "We should approach our task with determination, but also with realism about what is achievable in th near term," be added.

Eanes Aprroves New Portuguese Cabinet List United Press Intern

LISBON - President António Ramalho Eanes on Wednesday ar proved Premier Francisco Pinto Balsemão's second Cabinet in eigi-months. He said the new Cabinet list reflected renewed efforts to tack

mounting economic problems with "rigor and efficiency." After a meeting with Gen. Eanes at the Belem presidential palace, Mr Pinto Balsemão, 44. announced that on Friday the president will formalinstall his 14-man, center-right coalition. It will be Portugal's 14th government in seven vears

Mr. Pinto Balsemão, leader of the Social Democrats, created several superministries," including one consolidating finances, planning, and Portugal's projected entry into the European Economic Community.

Carter Grabbed by Chinese Man Carrying Letter The Associated Press

SHANGHAI - A Chinese man grabbed former U.S. President Jimmy Carter by the wrist in a department store Wednesday to try to hand him a letter of grievances and was taken away by Chinese security men, said Mr. Carter's press secretary, Jody Powell. Chinese agents punched the man and hustled him away while Mr.

Carter went on with his visit to the store. Mr. Powell said that security that the former president "was completely unburt." He said Mr. Carter that the former president "was completely unburt." He said Mr. Carter thought the man was trying to hand him a letter. Chinese officials reported that the 51-year-old man felt that he had

been harmed during the Cultural Revolution and that his needs were not being attended to, Mr. Powell said, adding that the Chinese said they had released the man.

Mitterrand's Political 'Grace' Period Could Be Ending

By Richard Eder

New York Times Service PARIS - The political honeymoon here is called "the state of grace," and for Pres-ident Francois Mitterrand the grace is be-

ginning to seep away. It is 15 weeks since the Socialists took office, and in the last week there has been a flurry of assessments in the press and scif-assessments from the government. The opposition has been heard from, too, but in a muted fashion; the harshest phrase of the week was a not very savage

"France is ungoverned" by a minor mem-ber of the former Cabinet of President Valery Giscard d'Estaing.

With the opposition split, demoralized and largely on vacation, the atmosphere is fairly bland. The government, by contrast, has worked unusually hard for August. There have been no major disputes as the government program has begun to get under way, but there are complaints about uncertainty and fuzziness, and, alternatively, excessive delays and excessive haste

"Even the most coherent policy is subject to contradictions," Prime Minister Pi-erre Mauroy said the other day. There are serious debates within the government about how far and how fast to go with the principal changes, and different ministers have been saying divergent things.

Warnings in Press

Even those newspapers that support Mr. Mitterrand most strongly have begun to issue mild warnings. Le Matin praised the symbolism of what bas been done so far, but said that concrete results were

needed. Le Nouvel Observateur expressed concern that ideological motives would lead the government to go too far with such measures as its wealth tax.

Virtually the entire press has worried about the purge of leading news execu-tives in the state television network and the questions this raises about the government's promises to allow independent and impartial programming. There have been a number of minor problems. When the minister in charge of

NEWS ANALYSIS

the civil service, Anicet Le Pors, said he favored legislation to allow political meetings to be held in public buildings, there was some protest that this would compromise the impartiality of the state services,

Nuclear Power

Visiting North Africa, Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson said that non-French immigrants might be allowed to vote in local elections. This caused considerable distress among a number of Socialist and Communist politicians, and the suggestion was subsequently rephrased, in the distant future conditional, by other minis-

ters. The government's decision to suspend work on five nuclear power installations pending a parliamentary debate was attacked by proponents and opponents of nuclear energy as either going too far or not going far enough. It was a highly tentative gesture, at any rate, since work had not started on three of the projects, and

16 others are going ahead on schedule. All indications, in fact, are that the Socialists will end up by leaving France's nuclear energy effort essentially untouched. The government's all-out effort in July to win passage of the first stage of legisla-

tion to allow transfer of authority from the central government to local governing

ment members, concern the economy. On one hand, the government is committed to nationalizing 11 industries, to increasing welfare services, to reducing unemploy-ment. On the other hand, the economic situation is very tight, with the franc shaky, inflation at more than 14 percent and the unemployment level expected to go over 2 million by the end of the year.

Structural Problem

The need to show motion on the Mitterrand program conflicts with the conservative measures needed to stimulate investment, reassure investors and prevent the budget deficit from rising out of sight. The economic ministers are faced with the need to raise taxes, and the question of how this is to be done is at the heart of

Mr. Mitterrand's dilemma. One commentator put it: "He has two utterly different and partly contradictory usks. On the one hand, he must keep the

country running and make it run better in its present structure. On the other hand, the whole purpose of his party is to transform the structure. How do you do both of these at once?"

Projects such as the proposed wealth tax have the advantage of being in line with the Socialists' ideological objectives. This kind of tax, however, is not likely, in the modest form in which it will be introduced, to raise much money. Money will be needed, and at this stage it seems likely that the government will have to resort to the most efficient and least egalitarian of taxes, an increase in the value-added levy; that is, an indirect tax on goods consumed.

All of these difficulties and contradictions are being aired with considerable thoroughness. The president has reportedly become highly short-tempered about news leaks and has delivered some angry lectures to his associates.

At the same time, over the last week both Mr. Mitterrand and Mr. Mauroy have themselves begun to adopt the theme that the government must accomplish a . great deal more, and that time is pressing. A whole mass of legislation will be presented to the National Assembly when it convenes next week.

A recent poll indicated that 44 percent of the country approved of the job the new president was doing, 35 percent disapproved and 21 percent was uncertain. Economic conditions being what they are, this was considered a reasonably reas ing result, but it is something less than honeymoon or state-of-grace proportions, and it could prove fragile at that.

units in France was praised at the time for showing determination. Subsequently, supporters have conceded that some of the legislation had been drafted hastily and that a number of repairs would be necessary when the National Assembly reconven The biggest uncertainties, and the widest range of discussion among gowern-

Reagan's Plan to Cut To Include '82 Budget

By Edward Cowan New York Times Service WASHINGTON - As part of a arger effort to hold down the defiin the federal budget, congresional sources have reported that he Reagan administration plans o ask Congress to cut \$10 billion o \$15 billion from the planned injease in the military appropria-ion for fiscal year 1982, which will

The Pentagon's chief spokes-nan, Heary Catto, speaking in eneral terms, said Tuesday that a hower rate of increase in military Thing dower rate of increase in manufacture and an announced earlier make necessary by his year was made necessary by 'new realities." which he defined

file , 'new realities." which he germent is "not having the amount of mon-y that had been originally pro-

In California, the deputy White fouse press scretary Larry M. beakes, said President Reagan "is repared to look for additional suts in the 1982 budget" to try to pid the deficit to the \$42.5 billion mojected in July. Mr. Speakes acum out to be higher.

The July midyear budget review rojected total 1982 spending of 794.8 billion, including \$188 bil-10n of military outlays.

However, the scaling back of However, the scaling back of However, billion to \$15 billion for the ulitary would come from \$222 willion approved by Congress a ew months ago in a military pending authority bill for the fis-al year 1982. That bill sets the uper limit for the appropriations ills, which come later and authorze the agencies to spend the mon-

Upper Limit

The third and final budget resoution for this fiscal year contem-lated an upper limit of \$181 bilion on military spending, \$5 bil-ion more than was proposed by resident Carter.

Mr. Speakes also said Mr. leagan "is prepared to make cuts a defense up to \$30 billion" for iscal years 1983-84. In Washing-in, budget officials said Mr. peakes was referring to a comined saving in actual spending for i.e. two years that would approach 30 billion.

The 1984 budget ontcome is po-tically important to Mr. Reagan nd the Repblican Party because has pledged that in 1984, the st year of his term, be would pro-- uce the first balanced budget Frice 1969.

Mr. Speakes said the president ould begin on Wednesday to reiew the Defense Department opsilitary spending might be retard-d. He said that Mr. Reagan would eview the issue at a Sept. 10 Cabiet meeting in Washington.

On Sept. 15, David A. Stockan, the director of the Office of lanagement and Budget, is exected to present the revised miliary budget to the Senate Budget ommittee as it starts hearings on e second budget resolution for 382

retain more of their highly skilled

men and women. Mr. Reagan was expected to reaftirm his earlier commitment to a 7-percent annual "real" rise in military budgets, after allowing for inflation, but to present it as an average rate of increase over a pe-nod of years, not as an absolute rise each year.

In this vein, administration officials have been drawing attention to the substantial increases in military spending commitments that have already occurred, increases that might be construed as putting the administration well ahead of its own timetable.

On Simday, for example, the chairman of the Coincil of Eco-nomic Advisers, Murray L. Weidenbann, came down solidly in favor of a slower military buildup with this comment: "In the present estimates, the total spend-ing authority for the Department of Defense in fiscal 1982 is about 55 percent higher than the actual in fiscal year 1980. I think that's an extremely generous expansion, and perhaps a generous but slight-ly less rapid expansion might be in order.

Reflecting the political sensitivity of the issue for a president who has been foursquare in favor of more arms, Mr. Weidenbaum add-ed, "Let me assure you, there are no doves in Ronald Reagan's administration. We all strongly believe that we need a stronger na-tional defense in a very dangerous world."

The military budget debate is complicated by the fact that there are two sets of figures. For strategic planning purposes, the Penta-gon uses 'budget authority," which is essentially equal to the annual appropriation. However, when presidents talk of balancing the budget that are referred to the budget they are referring to "outlays," the sums actually spent.

Delayed 'Spendout'

Not all of the funds appropriated for any one year are spent in that year. For example, for a war-ship, which takes many years to build, 2 percent of the budget anthority, or appropriation, is spentin the first year, 14 percent in the second year and 18 percent in the third and fourth years, according to a budget expert.

For a Navy warplanes, the "spendout" rates are faster -- 12 percent in the first year, 43 percent the second, and 34 percent the third. For pay and pensions, 99 percent is spent in the first year.

Given such lags, officials said, the desired outlay reductions in 1983 and 1984 could be achieved only by starting with cuts in budg-et authority for 1982;

Congressional budget experts said that to reduce the military spending in-1983-84 by almost \$30 billion would require scaling back commitments for development and

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981

Fruit Fly, Other Pest Infestations in U.S. U.S. Judge **Denies Bail Considered Inevitable as Commerce Grows To Hinckley** eggs under the skin of ripening By Jay Mathews fruits and vegetables and the lar-Washington Past Service LOS ANGELES — Some insect

By Robert L. Jackson Los Angeles Times Service

WASHINGTON - A U.S. which we have a second to grant ball to john W. Hinckley Jr., who is accused of shooting President Reagan, on the ground that the accused is a mentally troubled drifter who might flee the country. Mr. Hinckley, 26, who is awaiting trial on charges of shooting the ing trial on charges of shooting the president and three others in March, will remain in custody at Fort Meade, Md. He is guarded 24 hours a day by U.S. marshals. In ruling ont hail, Judge Barr-ington D. Parker of U.S. District Court said, "The defendant should be confined wording trial

be confined pending trial There are no conditions which the court finds reasonable and satisfactory that would allow the de1980.

Man vs. Insect

Efforts to stop importation of pests, agricultural inspectors say, have been outpaced by a revolu-

tion in international commerce. So

much produce is shipped now in

large containers that are difficult

to inspect, and air travel has in-

creased so rapidly, that inspectors

are having difficulty keeping up with the demands of their work.

According to an estimate hy the

Stanford Research Institute, U.S.

beginning to subside.

7 China Plants Boost Pav

Revers

PEKING - Seven factories in the province of Guangdong bave

granted wage increases of about 30

percent after being allowed to use part of their profits to raise sala-

ries, the Chinese news agency said Wednesday. Until last year facto-

rics had to turn over all profits to

fendant to be released." The judge said that the special circumstances of Mr. Hinckley's case, including his poor employ-ment record, his past wanderings about the country and his need for protection, make it clear "there is no absolute right of release" for an accused person before trial.

Mr. Hinckley, who appeared in Judge Parker's courtroom Friday to plead not guilty to the shooting, chose to stay away from the bail hearing. This spared the U.S. marshals the extraordinary security precantions that they take when he attends court.

Mr. Hinckley's attorney, Vin-cent J. Fuller, tried to persuade the judge to free his client on his personal recognizance, on condition that Mr. Hinckley enter a Denver mental hospital for further tests and treatment.

Mr. Fuller has previously said that Mr. Hinckley, the son of a Colorado oil man, may cite insanity as the reason he shot the presi-dent, the White House press secre-tary, James S. Brady, a Washing-ton, D.C., police officer and a Secret Service agent outside the Washington Hilton Hotel on March 30.

In opposing Mr. Fuller's re-quest, Roger Adelman, an assistcials, it quoted several unnamed ant U.S. attorney, told Judge Parcal of Mr. Reagan, including one ker that "there is no way a private institution could guarantee Mr. Hinckley's safety and security." Mr. Fuller had suggested that U.S. marshals could be stationed at the work and all he wants to do is tell

stories about his movie days." Except for a comment by Larry hospital. Speakes, the deputy press secre-tary, that Mr. Reagan's record in After his arrest, Mr. Hinckley was imprisoned at Butner, N.C., for psychiatric examinations. A reoffice has been "an eloquent refu-tation" of the article, the White port on those tests was submitted House has done bitle to publicly discount reports that decisionunder seal to the court July 31.

Mr. Hinckley has been judged making has been left largely to the president's top three aides — Ed-win Meese 3d, counselor; James A. Baker 3d, chief of staff, and Mi-chael K. Deaver, deputy chief of staff competent enough to assist his lawyer in his own defense. In that connection, Judge Parker signed an order Tuesday at Mr. Fuller's request that prevents U.S. marshals and prison officials from But some aides had expressed reading or copying any of Mr. concern that the growing percep-Hinckley's correspondence with tion that Mr. Reagan is not spendhis attorney.

the state. .

1982 on pesticides, a 67 percent in-crease over 1980. Even after taking inflation into account, U.S. farmers are spending twice as much on and agriculture experts have conpesticides now as they did a deccluded that regular, future out-breaks of the Mediterranean fruit

ade ago. "It's about impossible to get fly and other destructive pests people not to transport things. have become inevitable throughout said Edward Sylvester, chairman the United States, even if the latest of the department of entomologi-California infestation is wiped out. cal sciences at the University of According to the latest figures, U.S. inspection stations have found that the number of insect-California at Berkeley. He numbers himself among other entomol-ogists who see mankind continuing infested fruits and vegetables and other items brought into the counlose battles against its old advertry have increased 50 percent in s year, from about 16,000 finds in fiscal 1979 to about 24,000 in fiscal sary, the insect. "One never knows what the in-

federal eradication project last spring questioned the quality of the Peruvian flies, but said their sect world will do until it does it." he said, pointing out that the most recent California infestation spread partly because experts thought the pest could not survive a cold northern California winter. The speed of modern travel, furthermore, has made California and the rest of the country vulnerable to the spread of not only the Medi-

But C.W. McMillan, assistant secretary of the U.S. Department of Agriculture for Marketing and Inspection Services, said, "There terranean fruit fly hnt the Oriental fruit fly, the gypsy moth, the Japanese beetle, the European corn borer, the apple maggot and the European elm bark beetle. was nothing wrong with the sterili-ty of the flies that came in. If there had been, they wouldn't have let them be released."

The Mediterranean fruit fly is damaging to crops because it lays farmers will spend \$6 hillion in

Fewer U.S. Elderly Leaving Work Force Officials of the Social Security Administration said that the ap-

By Warren Weaver Jr. benefit levels for persons who retire early, from 62 to 68. New York Times Service In an analysis of Social Security WASHINGTON - The American rush to retirement is apparentfigures for the last 12 years, Dr. Harold L. Sheppard, associate di-rector of the National Council on Under the pressure of inflation, the Aging, calculated that the in-crease in the retirement rate had the number of persons claiming Social Security benefits for the first time, which has risen almost dropped from 8.4 percent in 1972-1974 to 5.5 percent in 1975-1977 to 2.7 percent in 1978-1980. every year since the program was founded in the New Deal era, has

2.7 percent in 1978-1980. Dr. Sheppard, who was coun-selor on aging for President Jimmy Carter, predicted that a continua-tion of the decline could alleviate much of the financing problem the Social Security system faces over the perchaft doesn ware egun to taper off. By about 1985, this index of the rate at which elderly persons are leaving the work force could begin to drop if the trend of the last decade continues. About 1.6 million people now retire each year. The solvency of the Social Sethe next half-dozen years.

No hreakdown was available to indicate how much of the dropoff in filing for benefits was attributacurity fund has been a subject of considerable concern in Congress hle to fewer workers taking early and the Reagan administration. The system could be materially retirement.

The retirement fund faces a shortage of \$10 billion to \$110 billion from 1982 through 1986, destrengthened if more and more persons decided to postpone retirement for a few years, continuing as pending on the economy, and a longer, more serious deficit begincontributors to the fund rather than drawing benefits from it. The House Social Security subning about 2015, when the postwar "baby boom" generation begins to committee has approved a plan to delay full retirement benefits grad-ually from 65 to 68 and to reduce retire.

Expanding Population

ment on the relationship of the Netherlands with its last colony. The reduction in the retirement rate comes at a time when the han Independence Party, which has asserted full rights to oil explonumber of retirees might be expected to expand because the size of the elderly population is in-creasing rapidly. ration and profits off Aruba; rep-resentatives of the other five Antil-The Census Bureau reported

fore.

lean islands say profits must be shared. A government spokesman here said Wednesday that Antilles earlier this year that there were 25.5 million people in the country over 65 years old, 28 percent more than there had been 10 years be-Gov. Ben Leto would cut short a vacation in the Netherlands and return immediately to Curacao.

handcuffed Christopher J. Boyce to his plane as the convicted spy was taken Tuesday from Paine Field north of Seattle to the medical facility for federal prisoners in Springfield, Mo. Mr. Boyce has refused all food since he was recaptured on Aug. 21 after 19 months as a fugitive. Aides Act to Counter Image . **Of Reagan as Too Relaxed**

staff.

ability.

office

Although there have been other

reports commenting on Mr. Reagan's light work schedule, it

was the Newsweek article, entitled

"A Disengaged Presidency," that especially irked White House offi-

White House aides who were criti-

who said, "There are times when

you really need him to do some

ing enough time on official duties

could become a serious political li-

ception for some time that Reagan

is lazy. There was that perception

during the campaign, and some people wrote about it then. The press has been waiting to write

about it again ever since he took

"Then when Meese failed to

wake up the president until six

hours later to tell him our planes

had shot down two Libyan planes,

By Jack Nelson Los Angeles Three Service

LOS ANGELES - Seeking to counter reports that portray President Reagan as working short hours and being out of touch with important developments, the White House released documents Tuesday that disclosed that he had, among other actions, rejected suggestions that he seek a solution. to the strike by air traffic controll-

· Rep. William D. Ford, a Michigan Democrat, wrote the president a letter urging him to appoint "a blue-ribbon panel made up of leading citizens to reach a solu-tion," In the margin of a document summarizing the letter, the presi-dent wrote, "No way."

The same document included a summary of a letter from Rep. James L. Oberstar, Democrat of Minnesota, urging Mr. Reagan to direct "the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service to invite the secretary of the Treasury and the president of PATCO to resume negotiations immediately and to direct the secretary of transportation to accept that invitation." PATCO

"The real problem," an aide said, "is that there has been a perthe Professional Air Traffie lers On



Page 3

vac cat the flesh, causing soft spots and rotting, thus spoiling the pro-

Dispute on Unsterilized Flies

LOS GATOS, Calif. (LAT)

The Mediterranean fruit fly

project manager, Jerry Scribner, blamed unsterilized flies from Peru

for causing 95 percent of the Cali-

fornia infestation, but his conten-

tions were disputed by U.S. gov-

ernment agricultural officials. California officials in the state

federal counterparts did not want

to reject the insects for fear of a

diplomatic incident. In the project,

sterile flies were released to in-

terrrupt the breeding cycles of wild

parent slowdown in retirement had

been considered by actuaries in

their calculation of the impending shortage of funds to pay benefits in the next five years.

"Workers nearing so-called re-tirement age must be having sec-ond thoughts about leaving the la-bor force completely," Dr. Shep-pard said. "Despite the automatic cost-of-living increase in Social Se-part sector schurzer of re-

curity benefits, other sources of retirement income, including private pensions, cannot be relied upon to keep up with actual and expected

rises in the cost of living for such

workers and their families."

Oil Dispùte Provokes

Antilles Cabinet Crisis

The Associated Press

THE HAGUE - Three minis-ters have resigned from the Cabi-net of the Dutch Antilles in a dis-

pute over oil rights, prompting a government crisis that could delay

new talks with the Dutch govern-

The ministers belong to the Aru-

Sec. 1

duce for market.

Congressional sources said the minitice was expected to muster bipartisan majority in favor of a nt of \$10 billion to \$15 billion in .82 authority for military spendg. The Budget Committee chair-an, Scn. Pete V. Domenici, of ew Mexico, and the chairman of e Senate Appropriations Com-ittee, Sen. Mark O. Hatfield, of

W BA Par I Pay Increase Exemption

Congressional sources said the ministration would exempt from e budget revision its proposal for some consolidations of agencies, but that it might not be issued 14.3-percent, across-the-board ly increase for the armed forces, but that it m with is meant to help the services within a week.

procurement of warships, aircraft and advanced weapons systems: For example, the Defense Depart-ment might drop the F-18 ancraft, the need for which is in dispute,

is

and the proposed "infantry fight-ing vehicles" that would replace the Army's armored personnel carnicr.

There was some speculation that the Army's ambitious plans for a rapid increase in amminition purchases in the next five years would be curtailed.

ittee, Sen. Mark O. Hatfield, of In another budget development, regon, both Republicans, were Mr. Stockman told a meeting of the reported to be in favor of a the Midwest Governors Conference in Milwaukee that the administration would announce reduc-"tions of federal employment levels "within a week." Washington officials said that the long-expected

In the margin beside the summary, the president wrote, "No." In 'Vacation Mode'

A White House official showed a reporter a copy of the document. It includes summaries of numerous letters from congressinen, along with Mr. Reagan's comments, some of which called for further

action. "It's true that the president's been relaxed on his vacation, and

clearly he'a discngaged as much as he can, and that's only proper," the official said. "He's not in his normal mode at the White House, he's in his vacation mode." But the official, who declined to

be identified, said a Newsweek magazine report quoting an unidentified aide as saying Mr. Reagan probably spends only two or three bours a day on official business at the White House, is "June bull."

that gave the press something to hang the story on," the aide said. Leisurely Pace That incident, combined with Mr. Reagan's leisurely pace during his California vacation, has led the press to question the White House press office about Mr.' Reagan's

work schedule. "We don't punch time clocks in the White House," Mr. Speakes retorted when a reporter asked how many hours Mr. Reagan planned to work one day here as the presi-dent was winding up his vacation. However, in an interview later, Mr. Speakes said that at the White

House Mr. Reagan usually begins his day abont 2:45 a.m. and ends it

atin Nations Back El Salvador Junta

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Argentine plomats have said that Argentina buld join Colombia and Veneela in issuing a statement supdor and criticizing France and exico for their recognition of the lyadoran rebels as a political The Argentine diplomats, in

ashington for meetings Monday, tween Foreign Minister Oscar sctor Camilion of Argentina and ce President Bush and Secretary State Alexander M. Haig Jr., id they hoped that the letter suprting the Salvadoran governant would offset the internationimpact of the French-Mexican cument issued Friday. Mr. Camilion learned of the Co-Initiative initiative

esday morning in a phone call in Buenos Aires. It is expected at other countries will be asked

join the statement. The letter, which is being draft-by the Colombians and Veneclans, the Argentine diplomats id, will accuse France and Mexiof interfering in El Salvador's ternal affairs by recognizing the bels as "a representative political

The French-Mexican document o was objectionable, they said. cause it called for restructuring : Salvadoran armed forces in adnce of elections and it left open = possibility of bringing considation of the Salvadoran civil war fore the UN Security Council. According to the diplomats, Mrnited States was surprised that ance had agreed to join Mexicothe declaration. They said that : French Foreign Ministry had ormed the State Department the v before the letter was issued military a permanent power role.

but there was no consultation on the text with Washington.

Mr. Haig also was reported to have told Mr. Camilion that the United States intended to raise the cuestion of Cuban activities in Nicaragua and El Salvador with Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko of the Soviet Union when they meet later this month in New York.

The Argentine diplomats received the impression from Mr. Haig that the United States attached great importance to not al-lowing the Salvadoran situation to fade from attention. They said that the Americans seemed to believe that it was not possible for the government to win a military victory at this time, and that the major ef-fort should be directed toward securing world support for March, 1982, elections for a constituent assembly in El Salvador.

. .

The Argentines, who have diplo-matic relations with Cuba, share the U.S. concern about El Salvador. They said they were also troubled by reports of a major buildup of Soviet-bloc arms in Nicaragua, beyond any conceivable defease requirements for that country.

about 6 p.m. The president "takes a fair amount of Wednesday afternoons" off to go horseback riding at a Marine base in Virginia, according to an aide, who also said Mr. Reagan takes a hriefcase filled with paper-work when be goes to the presidential retreat at Camp David, Md., on weekends.

Salvador Protests Statement

SAN SALVADOR (AP) - The Foreign Ministry issued protest notes Tuesday to representatives of the French and Mexican governments over the recognition of the leftists.

Meanwhile, Peru issued a statement accusing the French and Mexicans of intervening in another nation's internal affairs, and Venezuelan President Luis Herrera Campins recalled his ambassadors to Mexico and France "for consultations."

Uruguay Chief Vows Civilian Rule

MONTEVIDEO - The former Umguayan army commander, Gen. Gregorio Alvarez, took over Wednesday as president of the country and said that he would go ahead with plans to lead Urugnay back to civilian nile.

Gen. Alvarez made his first speech as head of state at the congress building that he seized with his soldiers eight years ago to dissolve parliament. Gen. Alvarez was chosen by the country's leading officers last month to serve a three and a quarter year term and make efforts to clear the way for an elected government.

Gen. Alvarez, who replaced President Manfredini Aparicio Mendez, said he intended to go ahead with plans to reactivate the country's two major parties, the Colorado and Blanco parties, as the basis of a new democratic government.

The two centrist parties, which won nearly 80 percent of the vote in the 1971 elections, have agreed to cooperate in the study of reforms to the 1967 constitution

The military's political plans specifically exclude the leftist parties, which were banned after the 1973 coup. Last November, Uruguayans rejected in a referendinm a new constitution that would have given the

Reagan Proposes 4.8% Raise for **Federal Workers**

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - President Reagan has recommended a 4.8 percent annual raise for the U.S. government's 1.4 million white-col-lar workers. The October raise would be the smallest since a 4.8percent increase in 1973 and about half the size of last year's raise.

Mr. Reagan, saying his decision would save the taxpayers \$4.5 billion a year, rejected government salary data showing it would take a 15.1-percent increase to equalize pay with comparable jobs in pri-

vate industry. Mr. Reagan said Monday that his proposal is based on total worker compensation - pay and fringe benefits - and contended that federal benefits were generally higher than in the private sector.

Federal unions denounced the proposed raise as politically motivated and a further slap at civ-il servants who are being hit with budget and job cuts.

Ken Blavlock, president of the American Federation of Government Employees, said the increase is far less than the rise in the cost of living and is "not only nnfair, hut totally insensitive to government workers, who suffer from inflation like everybody else."

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call. No Teleplan? Read on! SAVE WITH A SHORTIE

minute minimum on self-dialed calls. So if your hotel offers International Dialing from your room, place a short call home and have them call vou back. The surcharge on short calls is low. And you pay for the callback from the States with dollars, not local currency, when you get your next home or office phone bill. SAVE THESE OTHER WAYS

surcharges reasonable, go ahead and Telephone Company credit card and

collect calls may be placed in many countries. And where they are, the hotel surcharges on such calls are usually low. Or. you can avoid surcharges altogether by calling from the post office or from other telephone centers.

Now...is that you on the left? Not bad. You can still shake a leg.



Reach out and touch someone



Page 4 Thursday, September 3, 1981

Surprise in Angola

South Africa's announcement that its troops have killed several Soviet officers and captured a sergeant-major during their current operation in Angola comes as a surprise. But it is the announcement that is surprising, not the presence of Soviet military advisers. Every government knows that there were hundreds of Russians advising both the An-golan army and the SWAPO guerrillas, who are fighting for control of Namibia. Since the South Africans have first-rate intelligence about Angola, and since their forces are far superior to either the Angolans or the SWAPO fighters, it has been suggested that they probably could have captured or killed Russians at any time. If this is so, the question is why they decided to do it now?

One possible reason is that it fits neatly into President Reagan's view of the world. Living proof that the Soviet Union is militarily involved in Angola could easily be used to promote the U.S. administration's contention that southern Africa is an East-West battleground. Mr. Reagan, in return, might be expected to show his gratitude by demon-strating even more understanding than he has in the past for South Africa's positions on Namibia and apartheid. A related possiblity is that Pretoria would like to destroy the Western consensus on reaching a settlement over Namibia by creating the impression that SWAPO is nothing more than a Soviet-inspired terrorist organization that should play no role in the territory's future.

The trouble is that although the soldier ex-ists, it takes too much of a logical leap to draw Pretoria's conclusions. The announcement by South African Defense Minister Gen. Magnus Malan that a Russian had been captured was ambiguous and possibly misleading. It was not absolutely clear, for example, that the Soviet advisers were assigned to SWAPO as opposed to the Angolan army. Neither was it evident from Gen. Malan's statement what "Russian aspirations with southern Africa" were clearly indicated by the "Soviet propaganda" reportedly found during the operation.

Most importantly, though, the fact that SWAPO is accepting some Soviet aid to achieve its goal; or that SWAPO has a Marxist orientation, does not change the relevant reality that the organization would probably win a free election in Namibia if it were held tomorrow. Furthermore, it is recognized by the United Nations as the legitimate representative of the Namibian people.

There is no evidence of U.S. collusion with South Africa in an effort to prevent SWAPO from gaining power in Namibia. But an effort by the Reagan administration to capitalize on South Africa's minor coup against Moscow, would very likely backfire because it would create the impression of collusion. The wisest reaction for Washington would be to sit back and let this incident run its course

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

The Empire Strikes Back

Secretary of the Navy John Lehman, in a fense contractors can be and are forgiven just recent National Press Club speech, made an unusual and admirable assault on a defense contractor (Electric Boat) which had recently made a multimillion-dollar claim for compensation from the government for costs that Mr. Lehman insists were the result of its own "faulty performance." Speaking for the Navy, the U.S. government and taxpaying stiffs everywhere, Mr. Lehman then said that if Electric Boat did not reconsider and withdraw this claim, the Navy would bring countersuit of its own against Electric Boat to recover damages it had incurred as a result of the delay in the project in question and would also take its future business elsewhere.

Naturally there is a great deal of complaint about this on the part of the contractor and insistence that the facts of the case support a different interpretation of who did what to whom and who is at fault. That dispute will have to be adjudicated. What is notable, however, and will remain so no matter how the thing is finally settled, is the tone of shock and outrage with which the contractor responded to Mr. Lehman's attack. For Mr. Lehman was challenging the cozy system, the whole structure of assumptions that has been fashioned over the years, under which deabout anything, and good old Uncle pays and pays and pays. When such a defense project goes really wrong and gets to be an embarrassment, the attempt to do something about it invariably bogs down in cries that retribution against the contractor will only hurt the poor workers in the industry or factories involved - then everyone subsides. Interestingly, the workers' issue has already been raised on behalf of Electric Boat.

It is worth observing that if the poverty programs had been run the way some of the defense procurement programs have been, they wouldn't even have lasted as long as they did. There has always been a political double standard in these affairs. Too many defense contractors have felt (with some reason) that they could do as they did with impunity, that the cost overrun and the ageslong delay and the inefficient end-product were all in the so-what-are-you-going-to-doabout-it? category, that the services and the public had no recourse. Well ... surprise! We hope Mr. Lehman doesn't back He can claim one of the few truly impressive technological breakthroughs in recent Pentagon contracting history.



On Extremes in U.S. Foreign Policy

By Stephen Klaidman

PARIS — Assistant Secretary of State Chester Crocker's statement that the United States will not "choose between black and white" in its relations with South Africa has an oddly dissonant ring. The reason is that President Reagan has cast his overall foreign policy in "black and white" and has been widely critized for thinking solely in those stark terms.

True to his campaign promises, Mr. Reagan seems to have approved one foreign policy decision after another in the isolated, black-and-white context of U.S.-Soviet relations. He cannot be faulted for inconsisten-

cy. The question is whether he can be faulted for naiveté and poor judgment. In other words, are the administration's apparently straightforward and unnuanced actions and statements likely to produce the intended results? Will they ease tensions between the West and the East? Will they strengthen the United States against the Soviet Union?

Refused to Condemn

Recent events in Central America, southern Africa, the Middle East and the Mediterranean suggest that the answer to those questions may be no. As an example, take the U.S. response to the South African incursion into Angola, of which Mr. Crocker's state-

ment was a part. Unlike its allies, the United States refused to condemn the South Africans for the large-scale, cross-border raid on the ground that such condemnation would be one-sided. Such an argument can be made, but the Reagan administration is being disingenuous in making it, and everyone knows it. The real reasons - and they have been stated by administration officials including Mr. Crocker — are that South Africa is rich in strategic minerals and it is viewed as a bulwark against further Soviet infiltration into southeffort to make the territory independent will probably collapse, and the United States will almost certainly be held responsible; a result that will damage U.S. relations in varying degrees with black Africa, other Third World countries and some of its NATO allies. It could also lead to the introduction of still more Cuban and East German troops and Series advisors into Angola Soviet advisers into Angola.

Happy Soviet Envoy

When the United States broke with its allies on the five-nation Namibia contact group and vetoed a Security Council resolution condemning the South African incur-sion, the Soviet ambassador could hardly

conceal his glee. In Central America, there have been a number of U.S. moves that are consistent with the Reagan rhetoric, but which seem unlikely in the long-run to advance Washing-ton's interests. There is not the slightest indication, for example, that any aid short of major U.S. economic and military involvement, will enable the ruling junta in El Salva-dor to overcome the popularly based opposi-

Now that France has joined with Mexico to recognize the main rebel groups as legiti-mate political forces, others can be expected to follow. Here, too, the United States is likely to be in conflict with many of its allies -one more situation that will bring smiles to the lips of Soviet officials.

Meanwhile, the United States has sent military advisers to Honduras, and the U.S. representative at the United Nations, Jeane Kirkpatrick, has meddled in tiny, friendly Costa Rica's internal affairs by raising the specter of a Communist threat and suggest-ing that the United States might help to overcome it with police training.

Sideshows in Mideast

Closing A Circle **Of Guilt**

By Joseph Kraft

N EW YORK — The Abbott af. fair. a hard lesson in the tragedy of life, has set agog the bi-erary world here in New York. Here is what happened. Jack Henry Abbott was bor in 1944 on a military base in Okuda

Mich., the son of a prosidute, he was raised by foster parents thin detention centers and a relorg school. At 19 he was sent to be school. At 19 he was sent to the state penitentiary in Utah for par-ing a bad check. He killed another inmate in a knife fight, and was given a sentence of up to 20 year. He escaped and held up a bank in fie escaped and another of a data in Denver. He was captured and an tenced, in 1971, to a 19-year tan

in the federal prison system. At Leavenworth, in 1973, Ab bott began to steep himself in far, ature, philosophy and Muni-doctrine. In 1977 he initiated correspondence with the noning a Norman Mailer, who was then working on his book about the convicted murderer, Gary Gil. more

Literary Gifts

Mr. Mailer found genuine in-ary gifts in Mr. Abbott and inte-ested a leading publisher and a -erary journal of high quality is July of this year Random Hone issued, under the title "In the adof the Beast," Mr. Abboni's lengt from prison. Mr. Mailer wrote the introduction which first appears in the New York Review of Boot on June 11.

on June 11. The book mixes general refle-tions on life with half-baked Man-ism and a truly compelling accure of prison days. Mr. Abbon de scribes in detail brutality, pere-sion, corruption and racism, its refls what it is like to knife a fellow prisoner. He says of himself. prisoner. He says of himself y have never been in bodily control with another burnan being in a most 20 years except a combat ...

in the introduction, Mr. Main calls prisons the "Dispose all and of a prodigiously diseased and ety." He places Mr. Abboit annu those few who do not break -"the proudest, the bravest, in most daring, the most enterprise and the most undefeated of the poor."

Reviewers were also imprend Reviewers were also impound The New York Times book rise called Mr. Abbott's work "an some, brilliant." The Los Anger Times dubbed his book "a wir touched with dark greatnest." Besides arranging for point tion, Mr. Mailer interested bind in a parole for Mr. Abbec fe

wrote authorities asserting M.45 bott's qualities as a writer, mak fering to give him a job. Long certifying Mr. Abbott's wing gifts were also sent by Robit Silvers of the New York Kering

Abbott's editor at Random Host In January of this year, Mr Ab bott was transferred from the lab

eral penitentiary in Marjon, i

back to the Utah authorities Os

June 5, he was sent too helfwi

house in downtown New York po-

On July 18, Mr. Abbott weat to

cat in an Italian restauran in the

neighborhood. He asked for per-mission to use the toilet, and was

vas forbidden for sanitary rases. Mr. Abbott asked the waiter u

step outside, and then killed him

with a knife thrust to the Beat The

waiter was Richard Adas a 22

year-old actor and playwight o promise who had had his fis

work produced at an experimental

A month later, M.A. Farber a

the New York Tropes published

story that added a new dimension

to the Abbott mightman. Mr. Farber wrote that before know

the Marion penitentiary Mr. Ab

bott signed a long statement which

"recanted" a previous "story abor having been tortured, providel in

formation about other immetes

and made a series of scenario

about the Marion Prisoners Right Project" — a group of liberal law yers working for better continue at Marion. The clear implication

was that Mr. Abbott had scheed

parole by snitching to the authorities on other inmates.

Predictable

theater here in New York. . .

Mr. Abbott asked the wa

or to full parole on Aug. 25."

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Diplomacy Against Drugs

Officially, Bolivia is all but bankrupt, but it's still possible for a Bolivian politician or military man to do very well off the books by getting into the cocaine trade and the lush black market it generates.

Cocaine trafficking, according to a report by a Times correspondent. Edward Schumacher, reached all the way to the office of Bolivia's president, Gen. Luis Garcia Meza. But Gen. Garcia Meza was forced to resign a few weeks ago, in part because a group of officers rebelled against his corruption.

The Reagan administration helped, by linking aid to Bolivia to demands for a crackdown on the cocaine trade, whose main market is in the United States.' As a result, that trade has been slowed considerably. More important, the United States made clear its willingness to use diplomacy against drugs.

Gen. Garcia Meza had used millions of dollars from drug traffickers to buy the allegiance of key commanders. Hoping for a resumption of U.S. foreign aid cut during the Carter administration, he had even begun his own half-hearted campaign against the drug trade. But only small-time dealers were arrested; powerful families that make the biggest profits from drugs weren't touched. When Washington realized that a special training team from the Drug Enforcement Administration was not getting meaningful cooperation in Bolivia, it decided against resumption of aid.

While some military figures who have been identified as key drug operators remain prominent in the new government, it can be hoped that the unmasking of Gen. Garcia Meza and his removal from office are encouraging first steps toward limiting the flow of Bolivian cocaine.

More important, the Reagan administration has registered a powerful point: There is only so much that states and localities can do to keep drugs off the streets. Ultimately, an effective drug policy requires heavyweight diplomacy as well, a responsibility that clearly belongs with Washington.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Mounting Violence in Iran

It is tempting to see the mounting violence in Iran as evidence of the beginning of the end of the rule of the mullahs. However, the situation is too disturbed to allow safe predictions. The regime still appears able to draw huge crowds into the streets to mourn the dead as martyrs, and shout for revenge. It can still draw strength from the deeper feelings of simple people by paving lip service to Islamic principles

Nevertheless, problems are mounting and it is reasonable to assume that disappointment with the regime must be growing

For the moment, however, chaos seems likely to continue. It is a tragedy for the people of Iran, who had a right to expect something better after the fall of the shah. It is also a danger to the West because of Iran's key position in the oil-producing world.

Serious instability in Iran, or its breakup into separate parts, could start a chain reaction with incalculable consequences for the Middle East. Yet the Western powers are still, in the eyes of Iranians, so tainted by their association with the shah that they are almost entirely excluded from making any overt contribution to the search for stability. - From The Times (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago September 3, 1906

NEW YORK - James J. Hill, president of the Northern Pacific Railroad, condemns the American tendency to squander their great natural resources. With the population growing so rapidly, both forests and mines will be depleted within a brief period of time, he says. Mr. Hill holds that a bulwark against national disaster must be the more intelligent development of agricultural resources. He says: "No authority gives more than a century of life to our main available coal suppiy. By the middle of the present century, the best coal will have been so far consumed that the remainder can be applied to present uses only at an enhanced cost, compelling an entire rearrangement of industries

Fifty Years Ago September 3, 1931

COQUIMBO, Chile - Five thousand sailors and petty officers on eight war vessels, comprising virtually the entire Chilean navy, have mutinied and imprisoned their officers, including Admiral Campos, commander of the fieet. It is reported that the fleet is now under the command of a committee of sailors with headquarters aboard the flagship Latorre and that the mutineers are not planning bombardment of any of the coast cities. Seizure of the warships was accomplished without loss of life, and the surprised officers were unable to put up any resistance. Spokesmen announced that the cause of the trouble was the recent enforced reduction of 30 percent in the sailors' pay.

ern Africa.

incident.

by neglect.

Many U.S. allies, however, see the situation as more complex than that. They believe, for one thing, that it is possible to keep South Africa on the Western team and still be sufficiently critical of Pretoria's racist pol-icies and its desire to keep Namibia, to avoid alienating all of black Africa. Where else, they ask, can the South Africans go for support? Although Pretoria can't be pushed into doing what it doesn't want to, neither is it likely to convert to Communism overnight.

The Economist of London states in its charmingly unequivocal way that "South Africa is now going for victory" in Namibia. If that is correct, as it may well be, the UN

WASHINGTON - News of

of Sidra struck the Law of the Sea

Conference in Geneva last week at

an awkward moment for the U.S.

delegation. Lacking instructions

that would permit us to seek spe-

cific changes in the Draft Conven-tion on the Law of the Sca, we

were already on the defensive. The

Libyans, surely, would attempt to organize some kind of a blast. The

blast never came. Only a letter was

circulated — why wasn't there more reaction?

Part of the answer, no doubt,

was widespread detestation of the

government of Col. Moamer

Qadhafi. The more important rea-

son was that this was a conference

of experts on international law

who were well aware that Libya's

attempt to stretch a baseline across the Gulf of Sidra from which to

measure its territorial waters had

no plausable basis either in cus-

tomary international law or in the

Draft Convention. They also saw that even such farfetched claims of

Libya's could acquire legal respec-

In fact, the axiom that the life of

-Letters

Meatless in Poland

The suspicions of the citizens of

Piaseczno (IHT, Aug. 25) that the "government is purposely with-holding meat from the market —

maybe to export it for hard curren-

cy" are probably correct. A recent letter from a friend in Manhattan

confirms that the excellent Krakus

brand of Polish canned ham is still

widely availate there, at weights

ranging from 2 to 7 pounds, and prices of about \$3.50 a pound. Here in Dublin — as in London a

few months ago - Krakus-brand

pickled beets, dill pickles and pic-

kled onions are on most supermar-

ket shelves, at prices that compare

with domestic brands.

international law is in its obser-

tability if not resisted.

the dogfight over the Gulf

Bands of U.S. soldiers and police-training programs bring back unpleasant memories all over Latin America - memories, in many cases, of U.S. support for brutal dictators. One wonders how much thought was given to sending 21 Americans to patrol the Hon-duran border with El Salvador, or to Mrs. Kirkoatrick's remarks on Costa Rica. What friends are being won? Which people influenced?

The main Middle East theater remains as complicated as ever and it is unclear what the thrust of Reagan policy will be there. But there are a couple of interesting sideshows at the moment.

· The Reagan administration has done cv-

But there are no such guarantees; the sale will exacerbate relations with Israel, and it will involve a very tough and possibly losing fight in Congress. What's more, Saudi Ara-bia, like South Africa, has no place else to go. Its destiny is linked to that of the United States and the other industrialized democra-cies with or without AWACS. It probably would have been better to tone it out with would have been better to tough it out with the Saudis and try to keep U.S.-owned-and-operated AWACS in the area to protect Western interests there.

erything but declare publicly its determina-tion to get rid of Liyba's leader, Col. Moamer Qadhafi. It is in that context that

most observers viewed the shooting down of two Soviet-built Libyan fighters over the

But Egyptian Defense Minister Mohammed Abdel Halim Abu Ghazala of-

fers another interpretation, which is worth

paying attention to if only because the Egyp-tians have had long experience with the Rus-sians and know them well. Mr. Abu Ghazala

suggests that the Soviet Union put the Li-byans up to provoking the U.S. pilots to fire at them to provide "an excuse to become

more involved in Libya, to bring more advis-

ers and more Cubans." Time will tell whether the Egyptian de-fense minister is right or wrong, but if he is right, the price of having downed the Libyan

jets may prove too high. The nther sideshow is the proposed sale of

AWACS to Saudi Arabia. If there is really a

way to guarantee that the world's most so-

phisticated airborne warning and control system does not fall into Soviet hands, and

to guarantee that it will not be used in a war

against Israel, the sale could make some

It might help prevent an attack on the oil fields, it might keep some Saudi military men happy and therefore out of political trouble, and it would bring billions of dollars in reve-nue to the U.S. government.

Friction With Allies

Gulf of Sidra.

sense.

All of these things, combined with others such as apparent U.S. reluctance to begin serious negotiations with the Soviet Union on theater or strategic arms, to support international lending institutions or to reach agreement on a balanced and equitable sea-law treaty, cause friction between the United States and its allies and alienate potentially friendly countries in Africa and Latin America. It is not clear that the offsetting benefits

will be sufficient. ©1981, International Heraid Tribune

Lesson for U.S. on Troubled Waters

By Elliot. L. Richardson

displaying firm resolve in npholdvance was a proximate cause of the ig our rights.

In 1978, concerned that the The case is harder when the gov-United States was not reacting ernment whose jurisdictional claim consistently to coastal-state juriswe do not accept is both friendly dictional claims incompatible with and generally respected. It is hardour high-seas rights, I recommend-ed that the National Security er still when the country is important to us for pobtical, economic or Council appoint a task force to de-velop a systematic approach to the regular exercise of these rights. military reasons. It is hardest of all when to these factors is added the circumstance that ours is a minori-The resulting procedures contemty view of the applicable legal prinplate the periodic use of disputed airspace. Their function, as in the

In such a case, acting on our view of the law, especially if force has to be invoked, can provoke the ill will of a whole region or a whole group of nations. Retaliation can take many costly forms. The costs will be cumulative, moreover, if we persist in defying the dominant view.

It is essential, on the other hand, that the movements of nur air and naval forces should not be deterred or detoured by our reluctance to incur such costs. The only way of avoiding them without impairing our high-seas rights is to bring about a situation in which our view of the applicable legal principles is consistent with the gener-

ally accepted view. Freedom of navigation and overflight in 200-mile economic ones and through straits and archipelagos requires rules just as clearly established and broadly recognized as those on which we relied in sending our F-14s over

the Gulf of Sidra. This is not a hypothetical requirement. The State Department for the New York Times.

Katharine Graham

57

INTERNATIONAL

John Hay Whitney

Chairman

Co-Chairmen

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(ameral Manager, Ana Alam Lover 24.34 Homess, Read Room 1981, Hong Arm, Tel 5-2656 Nov Teles, 61176 HETHKHX

has frequently urged the subordination of navigational interests to foreign-policy considerations. Indeed, the concern that global mobility would become the victim of "creeping jurisdiction" over international waters led the Defense Department over a decade ago to take the initiative in getting the United States to join in calling for a new international conference on the law of the sea. The State Department foresaw

that without broad-based international agreement on freedom of transit, even such vital straits as Hormuz, Malacca and Bab el Mandeb could become vulnerable to changes in government, super-power competition and unilateral demands.

It is tempting to see in all this is closed circle of guilt with easy body at fault — Mr. Abbon is being a killer; the authorities for brutalizing him and then release him; Mr. Mailer for idolizing so The Gulf of Sidra episode con-firms the Defense Department's prescience. Like the dog that did not bark, the Law of the Ses Conperson with a cause. But trying P affix this kind blame is schoolson staff. Some devices ference tacitly endorsed the U.S. role as the protagonist of broadly accepted legal principles. The inference is inescapable, however, tainly animated Mr. Mailer ad the editors. The prison authorities that lacking such legal support, did what bureaucrats usually du Mr. Abbott's actions were predict An awful finale may yet follow Editors at Random House my Mr.

Abbott has been calling his 49 from Mexico with a proposito that he write an article about in Elliot L. Richardson, former head most recent murder. They proemerge as a "sick celebrity" Richard Adan — the one triy! nocent victim — will be forgotte OlSel, LacAngela Times

of the U.S. delegation to the Law of

1960

similar action would have been seen as that of an international bully. This, clearly, is the most significant lesson to be drawn from the Gulf of Sidra incident.

the Sea Conference, is chairman of the Public Advisory Committee to the delegation. He wrote this aricle

Herald Tribune Lee W. Huebner Publisher Executive Editor Philip M. Foisie Walter N. Wells Editor Deputy Editor Robert K. McCabe Arthur Oclas Sulzberg Chief Editorial Write Stephen Kindman International Hendal Tubure, S.A. su capital de 1 200 000 F R.C. Paris No 73 8 2112 (TV/ 43), and Charles de Canale, 42321 Neußy, sur-Sene 71, 241-746 7 User, 612718 Hendal, Paris Chiles Hendal, Paris Directeur de la publication Walker N. Tayer U.S. autocompose prov 3235 vezity. Second class passes pad au Long Inland Coy. N.Y. 11101 C 1981 International Hendal Tubure, All rubus marced Cotomitation Parmire No 14 231

Associate Publishe Roland Piason Director of Finance Director of Circulatio René Bondy Francois Desmussion Director of Alter Richard H. Morgan

hams beets, and onions.

Dublin.

Idle Hands?

serts that there is no country in the world where idleness on the job is more condoned that in Britain. I'm afraid I would bave in take

When the people of Piaseczno, and the rest of Poland, endure Milan meat shortages that make the war-

time rationing in Britain (and the shorter-lived variety in the United States) seem absurd by comparison, there's something drastically wrong with New Yorkers, Dublin-ers, and Londoners eating Polish

Oh, yes! I nearly forgot -Krakus foods all bear the stamp or seal of the Polish state agricultural export council.

Libyan case, is simply to make sure that our freedoms of naviga-

tion and overflight are not eroded

Hard Case

In the present chaotic state of

coastal-state territorial claims, cal-culation of the costs and benefits

of asserting our rights in a given

case can be excruciatingly difficult.

Few of the claims that we dn not

recognize are so easy to discount as Libya's. Few governments are so widely disliked. In the Gulf of

Sidra the only foreseeable cost was

inst such an incident as in fact oc-

cured, and that was likely to be

offset (and was) by the benefit of

SUSAN H. LLEWELLYN.

David Pike (Letters, Aug. 24) as-

reasonably - if not favorably -issue with that. Has Mr. Pike ever

been to Italy? GLORIA IMPERIA.

. .

· ** * .

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981 Publishing-

Festivals

Page 5

Fringe Events Are Making Edinburgh a Big Success

By Steven Rattner New York Times Service

E DINBURGH - The Edinburgh Festival, an ever-expanding celebra-tion of the arts, will come to a close Saturday, more successful than

many of its predecessors by statistical, if not artistic, measures. Begun in 1947 as a self-described "gesture of cultural defiance in a world made weary by war, misery and destruction," the festival has since grown to a three-week-long cultural institution far broader in scope than its founders imagined.

This year, the official festival is offering 164 performances - largely of opera, theater and music — and appears likely to sell about 80 percent of the 171,811 tickets available. About 100,000 visitors are expected to elbow their way through this crowded Scottish city where nearly all shop windows are designed to capitalize on their arrival.

But perhaps most imposing has been the growth in the panoply of related events that swirl around the official festival, notably the "Fringe," a collection of 454 companies, 739 shows and 8,868 often bizarre performances.

Among the most talked-about such occurrences this year have been a production of "2001" performed in the back of a Hillman Avenger automobile to an audience of two per performance, a revue put on in a hotel's checked-baggage room, and Acme Acting, which performs an individually selected production at the customer's choice of location.

"Demand and supply are rarely so directly related in the arts," said Alistair Moffat, the administrator of the Festival Fringe Society, which publishes a program but does not regulate the Fringe productions.

Conventional Programming Questioned

The vibrance of the Fringe has to some extent overshadowed the official festival, which does oot seek a place on the international artistic cutting edge, but rather tries to attract visitors, bring world-renowned culture to Scots and belp develop local artistic talents. This year, critics were unhappy at the number of conventional produc-tions and concert programs, although Rossini's "The Barber of Seville,"

in the Cologne Opera's production, received some of the best reviews. But the 1981 festival generated a measure of cultural controversy as well. Perhaps the most discussion was over Bach's St. Matthew Passion by the Londoo Sympbooy Orchestra, cooducted by Claudio Abbado, which opened the festival. The performance, with a large chorus, ran against the modern trend toward smaller performing forces in such music, but twice played to full bouses.

Other official productions also received mostly mixed reviews. One of the cagerly awaited events has been the premiere Tuesday of "On the Razzle," a new play by Tom Stoppard, whose "Rosencrantz and Guil-denstern Are Dead" was discovered among the offerings of the 1966 Fringe.

This year's festival was the most heavily theater-oriented ever. Before the arrival of John Drummood, who is running his third Edinburgh Festival, directors have had principally musical backgrounds. The first director was Rudolf Bing, who came from the Glyndebourne opera festival and went to the Metropolitan Opera as geoeral manager.

However, the theater presentations this year were accorded fair to poor reviews, particularly "As You Like It" by the Birmingham Repertory Theater, which one critic called "a pageant not a play." Leonard Bernstein's "Candide," also by the Birmingham company, received only fair ootices

Among the most controversial of Drummond's decisions was the in-clusion of three foreign-language plays. The National Theater of Romania's "The Girl From Andros," a comedy written by Terence in 166 B.C., was much criticized, but Racine's "Britannicus" played to large and enthusiastic audiences.

As for music, the festival featured a variety of well-known groups and performers, such as the London Symphony Orchestra, the London Phil-harmonic Orchestra, the violinist Yehudi Menuhin and the pianist Vladimir Ashkenazy, Perhaps the most praised performance was the premiere by the BBC Symphony Orchestra of John Tavener's "Akhmatova Reem," a celebration of the Russian poet Anna Akhmatova, described by The Sunday Times as "affecting and astonishing." Drummond was the narrator.

In addition to the official festival and the Fringe, Edinburgh in late August became the setting for a variety of related events, including a military tattoo, performed at night against a backdrop of Edinburgh Castle above the city. Although derided by serious arts lovers, the event is a bigger draw than the official festival, selling a quarter-million tickets. Also under way are several special art exhibitions aimed almost exclu-

sively at local residents, and a film festival, which this year is shorter than usual but which still includes 40 feature films and a screening of the 1927 production of Abel Gance's "Napoleon," a daylong event.

Canada Bars 2 Russians From Parley **Pugwash Organizers** Protest the Decision

By Henry Giniger New York Times Service

BANFF, Alberta - A cooperative effort by about 130 scientists from 53 countries to find ways to limit the arms race and reduce international tensions has run into some tensions of its own_

Even before the 31st Pugwash Conference, named after the small Nova Scotia town where the series began in 1957, opened its sessions in this mountain resort Friday, the organizers protested a decision by the Canadian government to bar two Soviet delegates.

The Department of External Affairs cited security reasons for its refusal to grant the two men visas.

'Suspicion and Distrust'

The two scientists are Dr. Vladimir Pavlichenko, a longtime participant in the Pugwash symposi-ums and a member of the Presidi-

NEW YORK (NYT) --- Irmgard been barred from the conference and declared that "it is clear that the suspicion and distrust which existed in 1957 and which our meetings have always tried to dispel, still exists even in a country 'as open, friendly and generous as Canada."

Nine other Soviet scientists are taking part. They made no protest of their own and continued to attend sessions despite what, had happened to their colleagues. It is largely at their insistence that the meetings are private, the organiz-ers explained. A Soviet participant, Vasily S. Emelyanov, an atomic expert, made a strong attack on U.S. poli-

cy since the time of President Har-

through

nism.

Elias J. Bickerman

Speer sail, he turned against Hit-ler, entenaining the idea of assassination of a coup. However, he said, Hiter's personal power over Mr. Speer kept his Cabinet post

in the pycerament of Adm. Karl Doenitz, after Hitler committed suicide in-April 30, 1945, and was Captured with other officials on May 23 on a German ship in Flensburg harbor. Mr. Speer was indicted in August as one of 24 major var criminals and was tried at Nuremberg. He was accused of having used millions of forced la--borers, most of them prisoners of war or civilians from occupied e-countries, in the production of ar--maments. Alone among the 23 at the trial, Mr. Speer admitted his

-: guilt. At Spandau prison after his con-viction he was prohibited from writing his memoirs. He made notes in toilet paper and had them smugged out with the help of a guard. The notes were the basis of his later books.

Bartenieff, Sl, founder of the La-ban (now the Laban-Bartenieff) Institute of Movement Studies in New York and a movement theoretician, died Thursday in a New York hospital.

A writer on physical therapy and dance notation, Mrs. Bartenieff was born in Germany and studied with Rudolf Laban, a pioneer in Enropean dance. She and her husband, the late Michail Bar-tenieff, fled Germany in 1936 to the United States.

"Slaughter on 10th Avenue."

Irungard Bartenieff

Albert Speer and Hifler examining blueprints in Berlin in 1937.

Albert Speer, 76, Architect

Of Hitler's Nazism, Is Dead

(Continued from Page 1)

arimaments, died in a plane crash, Hitler made Mr. Speer the succes-sor. The following year, Hitler also gave Mr. Speer anthority over raw materials and industrial produc-

OBITUARIES

tion, putting about 80 percent of

Speer kept war production going.

Some experts said his effectiveness

might have extended the war by

Hitler's Power

Toward the end, in 1945, Mr.

vartime industry in his

Allied air raids, Mr.

German

Despite

hands

two years

him persisted.

NEW YORK (NYT) - Elias J. Bickerman, 85, a historian and authority on the influence of the Greeks in the Midde East at the time of Christ and before, died Monday in Tel Aviv.

Robert A. Kann NEW YORK (NYT) -- Robert A. Kann, 75, a who taught history University of Vienna and Rutgers University and an authority on the history of Austria and the Hapsburg empire, died Thurs-day of a heart attack in Vienna.

James Z. Appel

LANCASTER, Pa. (AP) -- Dr. Janies Z. Appel, 74, a former presi-dent of the American Medical Association who was instrumental in getting doctors to accept the Medicare program, died Monday.

Warnings Saved Lives

ry S Truman who, he said, had sought "world domination" the so-called Traman Doctrine for containing Commu-Sensible Solutions

Mr. Emelyanov said at a workshop on energy resources and international security that the "major obstacle to the search for sensi-ble solutions of complicated inter-national problems in our time is an outrageous, unprecedently insolent policy of the United States." The policy, he said, is based on "huge and ever-growing reserves of the most diversified nuclear weapon-

Antagonism between the big powers was not the only source of tension that appeared to hinder what is intended to be friendly cooperation among scientists acting on their own to find solutions to world problems.

Book Fair Planned for Soviet Exiles By Harold C. Schonberg the Associated Press reported. The fair, with the motto "Books at the Service of Peace and Prog-ress," has been proclaimed by Soviet officials as

New York Times Service

NEW YORK -- Just about a week after the end of the Moscow Book Fair, which opened Wednesday and runs through Sept. 8, the Association of American Publishers and the Fund for Free Expression will sponsor a smaller but related affair of their own. Named the Third Moscoy Book Fair Reception in Exile, it will be held at the New York Public Library on Sept. 14, and its purpose will be to honor Soviet writers who have emigrated or been exiled from the Soviet Union. At least 17 of them are expected to be present.

The idea came from Robert L. Bernstein, chairman of Random House and a human rights activist. Bernstein is chairman of the Fund for Free Expression and also of its spinoff group, Helsinki Watch. Both groups help authors and monitor human rights around the world.

Bernstein hopes the Soviet Union will be receiving "a message" from the Sept. 14 event.

At both of the previous book fairs in Moscow, in 1977 and 1979, American publishers took over the Aragvi Restaurant for a dinner, and in 1979 Soviet writers were invited. Many came, even though the street outside the restaurant was packed with secret police. In the years since 1977, several Ameri-can publishers have had their visas revoked, among them Bernstein, Winthrop Knowlton of Happer & Row and Carl Proffer of Ardis.

These three, along with Martin P. Levin, chair-man of the Association of American Publishers; Townsend Hoopes, president of the associatioo; John McRae 3d, chairman of International Free-dom to Publish; Alexander C. Hoffman, vice president of Doubleday, and Lawrence Hughes, presi-dent of William Morrow & Co., will be hosts for the Sept. 14 dinner at the library here. Many of them had been co-hosts at the Moscow dinners in 1977 and 1979.

It was only a few weeks ago that Bernstein conceived of the idea of a reception for exiled Soviet writers. A date early in September was originally set, to coincide with the Russian fair. It was postponed to Sept. 14 for several reasons, the most important of which was the arrival of two Soviet emigré writers — Lev Kopelev and his wife, Raisa Orlova. Both will be here just in time to be gnests of the poblishers.

[In Moscow, the Soviet Union Wednesday opened its third international book fair as Soviet officials defended their decision to bar the display of a bandful of books on Jewish and Nazi themes,

Theater in London

International Herald Tribune

ONDON - After a less than wonderful start with "East-ward Ho" the new Mermaid Theatre looks to have a winner (and 1 would guess a lengthily profitable West End transfer) with its second production, Mark Medolf's Broadway-award-winning "Children of a Lesser God."

. Perched somewhere halfway between "The Miracle Worker" 'and "Whose Life Is It Anyway?" this is a sketchy but powerful account of the case for what can only be called deaf liberation, and it leads to an eventual awareness that the state of being deaf, like the state of being black, is necessarily not made better by any attempts to modify it. In a cast of seven, three of the characters (and actors) are wholly or partially deaf, two of them attempt to talk, to lip-read, to accommodate themselves to a world in which the unthinking ma- .

even to find pride in what makes her different. True to "Miracle Worker" there's the understanding teacher (Trevor Eve in an equally

the variations he plays on these fa-miliar patterns and in the way that his play analyzes communication between two worlds, not just that of the deaf and of the hearing, but also that of the actors and the audience. "Children" is a sign-lan-guage "Translations," it sets up the barriers, shows how they might but probably won't be hurdled, and ends with a commendable lack of sentimentality. It's a play about love and about

control and about defiance; above all it's a play about the fact of deafness, about it being a state not

In 1935, five years after their first great joint success in "Private Lives," Noel Coward wrote for Gertrude Lawrence the sequence of nine one-act plays that he called **Tonight at E-30**° or, on matinee days, "Today at 2:30." The idea was to provide the legendary Noel-and-Gertie team with another success that would avoid the boredom that they found in repeating the same play night after night. Given a choice of nine plays, any three of which would make up a perform-ance, it was possible to ring the changes so that no two consecutive performances were the same.

Even at the time, critics had

'Children of a Lesser God' Is a Winner By Sheridan Morley

impressive performance) who comes to noderstand her, while true to "Equus" there are peripher-al visitations from incomprehending parents and well-meaning officials trying to come to terms with an existence they can never share. But where Medoff scores is in

proof of their oation's support of international cul-tural exchanges. But officials barred the American

Association of Jewish Publishers from displaying one volume of "The History of the Jews" by for-

mer Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban and the

1981 American Jewish Yearbook, Hundreds of

other books on Judaism and Jewish themes were

approved for display, and fair officials said these

Bernstein said he would not be at the Moscow

Book Fair. His visa had been revoked in 1979, be

had been attacked in the Literaturnaya Gazeta last

July 1 and he took that as a hint that be was not

welcome. As far as be and many publishers were

coocerned, Bernstein said, there simply was oo

"From the publishing point of view, where our product is ideas of men and women, it is impossi-

ble 10 do business under the cooditions they have

set up." Bernstein gave as one example Russian

translation of American books. There have been

all kinds of changes or omissions when the transla-

tors thought the ideas ran counter to approved So-

One purpose of the Sept. 14 dinner, Bernstein said, is to try to signal the Soviet authorities that "while governments struggle to work out their

problems, thinking people find Soviet behavior unacceptable. People have to talk to people. Bre-zhnev promised to observe the Universal Declara-

tion of Human Rights. He signed the document, and oow they're making a mockery of it. The Mos-cow Book Fair is like a Potemkin village. People cannot talk to each other and exchange ideas in

Some of the Soviet writers in exile will be flying

from Europe to the New York reception. Expected

to be in attendance are Vasily Aksyooov, Yuz

Aleshkovsky, Philip Berman, Valery Chalidze, Ser-

gei Dovlatov, Gen. Pyotr Grigorenko, Naum Kor-zhavin, Pavel Litvinov, Mark Popovsky, Boris

Shragin, Andrei Sinyavsky, Sasha Sokolov, Tomas

Venclova and Vladimir Voinovich. It is not known

if Vladimir Bukovsky, who also was invited, will be

et writers. Six of them are serving sentences in So-

viet labor camps. One has been sentenced to five

years of exile. The eighth and most famous of all,

Andrei Sakharov, was banished to Gorky last year.

The list of honored guests also names eight Sovi-

included other books by Eban.]

point in going.

viet ideology.

that climate."

able to attend.

their doubts. Certain plays, notably the backstage vandeville rou-tine "Red Peppers" and the mid-dle-aged romance "Still Life" that eventually became David 'Lean's classie film "Brief Encounter," were reckoned triumphant, but generally the plays were not expected to work in any other hands, and by and large they haven't. Though the initial London and

um of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, as well as a negotiator in the second strategic arms limitation talks, and Dr. Vladmir Ustinov, who was to have attended the conference for the first time as a speformed a dance to Gershwin's cialist in disarmament and the history of science. The organizers noted that this was the first time that anyone had

In his last years, Mr. Speer lived - quietly and comfortably in a rustie cottage his father built in the hills near Heidelberg when his son was · bom.

Vera-Ellen

2.2

HOLLYWOOD (AP) - Vera-Ellen 55, who danced through the golden era of Hollywood musicals, died Sunday of cancer.

She broke into show business when at the age of 13; she won the Major Bowes Amateur Hour. After her movie career was lauched by Samuel Goldwyn, she starred in such hits as "White Christmas" ince reduce losses of life and prop-with Bing Crosby, "On the Town" erty when it was hit in mid-July with Gene Kelly and Frank Sina-tra, and with Mr. Kelly in "Words floods in 32 years," the agency -and Music" in which the two per-

In Floods, China Says United Press International

PEKING - Two floods this summer that brought the worst disaster in 32 years to Sichuan province killed 920 people, but timely warnings prevented more from dying, the Chinese news agency said Wednesday.

der from Shalheveth Freier, an Is-The agency said, "only 920 per-sons died in the province which rachi physicist, who declared that Iraq had considered itself at war has a population of 100 million, alwith Israel from the beginning of though two-thirds of its counties were affected. Timely and accurate meteorological and hydrological Israel's existence. "The conjunction of expressed and proven Iraqi designs on Israel, the nature of its nuclear program predictions and prompt measures...helped Sichuan provand the impossibility of confiding

An Egyptian doctor, Essam E. jority can hear. One does not, and Galal, accused Israel of "an overt the play is essentially abont her refusal to conform, to pretend, to premeditated act of war" in attacklearn to do badly what she can ing Iraq's Osirak ouclear reactor in June and said the. Israelis had never do well.

This is in that sense a play about "persistently used all clandestine a rebellion; just as the hero of "Whose Life?" refuses to prolong a and illegitimate means to achieve nuclear military capabilities." hopeless hospital existence, so Sar-There was an immediate rejoinah Norman (marvelously played here by Elizabeth Quinn) wins in the end the right to be true to ber own future - to live deaf, and

the opposite of hearing but instead full of its own sounds and rules and codes of behavior, where they do things differently not always because they have to but sometimes because they want to. It's an evening not to be missed, and Gordon Davidson's production is so fresh and so strong that you forget he has already done it on at least three U.S. stages, including his own in Los Angeles.

Broadway seasons in 1935-36 were sellouts, a postwar Broadway revival starring Lawrence but not Coward flopped badly and since then, despite some lackluster mov-ic versions of various scripts, it has proved economically impossible to stage a revival of all nine.

A management will occasionally risk three of the nine as a single production and that is what is now at the Lyric Theatre where "Shadow Play," "Hands Across the Sea" and "Red Peppers" are being staged by the Cambridge Theatre Company under the direction of Jonathan Lynn with John Standing in the Coward roles and Estelle Kohler in those created by Lawrence.

Given that Coward was the jack of all thestrical trades and the master of most (the original "To-night at 8:30" was not only his as author but also as star, director and composer-lyricist) these three offer interesting insights into the sheer variety of his talent. "Shad-ow Play" is a soft echo of "Private Lives," a slight romantic musical concerned with the archetypal Coward couple who find it impossible to live together and equally impossible to live apart. Intriguingly, however, this was written just a year after Coward bad made his first American movie ("The Scoundrel," for Ben Hecht) and is conceived totally filmic techniques — flashbacks, cross-fades and quick cuts all performed on stage with the help of sudden lighting changes.

The second play, "Hands Across the Sea" is likely to prove mysteri-ous to tourists since it is in fact an elaborate parody of the home lives of the late Lord and Lady Mountbatten and to be enjoyed oo any level other than the purely farcical (at which it is out very good) requires a working knowledge of the Mountbattens' 1930s lifestyles and acquaintances.

To round the evening out there is however "Red Peppers" which, in its account of the seedy provincial music-hall world where Lawrence (though not Coward) served an apprenticeship, will doubtless have a broader appeal. Like Chap-lin's "Limelight" it manages simultaneously to celebrate and parody a lost theatrical world.

Insofar as this patchy evening succeeds, it does so because of John Standing, one of the last in a line that stretches back through Jack Buchanan to Bobby Howes, and was only ever really represented on Broadway by Ray Bolger. He has that effortless throwaway charm and instinctive understanding of the Coward style which, as the rest of the cast proves only too clearly, can oever be taught. Like cricket, the art of playing Coward requires a native intuition which, if there, can always be improved, if not, no amouot of technique can replace it.

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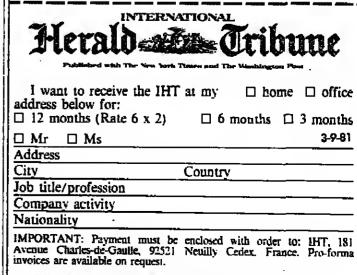
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U.S. Study Says 60% of Homosexual Men **Contracted Sexually Transmitted Disease**

By Victor Cohn Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - As many as 60 percent of homosexual men, es-pecially those who have many sex partners, may contract one sexually transmitted disease or another, according to a federally conducted survey reported in the current American Journal of Public Heath.

The percentage may be even higler, and many homosexuals contract sexually transmitted dismore than once, the survey

DEATH NOTICE

(EORGE JOHN LEEDS

St. Moritz, Switzerland. Mr. George J. Loeds died in his home in St. Moritz on Angust 25, 1981. Mr. Leeds was the retired President of Dodge & Synour, the oldest and largest American eight management company with affices in dry major country of the world. Among his many multinational activities, Mr3.ceds founded and directed the well known French manufacturier of steel wool under the brand name JEX. Mr. Loods's

unde the brand name JEX. Mc. Leeds's other international accomplishment included the manufacturing of Kelvinstor utigeration units in France. Mr. Leeds leaves behind his beloved wife Victuria Leeds, his sons Douglas and Reald: and their families, his daughter Betty and two sons, his sister and brother-inlaw Germaine and Marc Iselin and their families and brother-in-law Suzame and sacr and brother-in-law Suzanac and Decodore Boury.

MEMORIAL NOTICE

for the first annivernary of the death of

COMTE DU BOISBOUVRAY toughts and prayers are requested from Nose who have remanded furthful to his Stituty, together with the Mass which will construed on Monday, 7th September at 0.30 a.m. at Figline du Couvent des Dom-means de l'Annonciation, 222 Faubourg sim-Housire, 75608 Paris.

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medicine, according to an editorial in the journal of the American Public Health Association, the so-The journal summarizes the results of a questionnaire filled out by 4,212 homosexual men from every state and Canadian prov-ince, a sample called "the largest and most diverse" yet of a homo-

The situation is a challenge to

sexual population. Sixty percent of the 3,696 respondents who answered all the questions itad had at least one sexally transmitted disease.

Range of Diseases

cent syphilis, 10 percent hepatitis (liver disease transmitted by a virus) and 9.4 percent some form of herpes, another virus disease. Also reported were intestinal diseases such as amebiasis, shigellosis and enteritis; and meningitis, a serious

Sixty-six percent had had an episode of pediculosis — infestation of head or crab lice. If these are sexually transmitted disorder.

The survey was conducted by the federal Center for Discase Control, which sent questionnaires to 1,800 groups listed by the Naan abridged version in a magazine problem is "shrinking."

effect selected themselves, the survey cannot be considered representative of all homosexuals, said the CDC's Dr. William Darrow and his co-authors. But the study is still the largest so far published . on the subject.

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because only four of 692 questions ciety of federal, state and local in the entire questionnaire were health officials. medical questions.

editorial.

brain or spinal cord infection. rect sex act .:

included, 78 percent of the respondents had experienced at least one

tional Gay Task Force and printed to cope with this growing medical

for homosexuals.

Because those who answered in

help to deal with these problems.

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'At High Risk' It is at the least fair to say that

homosexual men who have had multiple sex exposures "are at high risk" of major disease, added Dr. Handsfield, author of the journal's

> Those at greatest risk, the survey indicates, are those who have had many parmers and those who have "anonymous or furtive" en-

And it is unlikely, said Dr. H. Hunter Handsfield, that only

once-sick homosexuals responded

had Among those questioned, 3g percent had had gonorrhea, 24 per-cent urethritis (inflammation), 18 percent venereal growths, 13 per-surveys have shown that between 8 surveys have shown that between 8 and 12 percent of homosexuals have more than 500 sex partners during their lives. In the CDC survey, the average number reported was 49

Another important cause of disease was fecal-oral contamination, either inadvertent or through a di-

Dr. Darrow and co-authors urged health authorities to improve services for gays and encour-age them to establish their own clinics. But Dr. Handsfield, director of the sexually transmitted disease program in the Seattle-Kings County Health Department, said

the ability of health departments

"Two major goals for the 1980s," he said, should be education of doctors to recognize and "nonjudgmentally" manage these diseases, and development of strong links between public clinics and major medical centers that can provide the laboratory and other

4

of the Taj Mahal, the shiny inlaid-marble tomb built by Shah Jahan's 20,000 workers for his wife Arjumand between 1631-53. The first-class air-conditioned coach (\$15 one way) has only 27 spacious red seats, there is a shower and dressing room in the compartment and a steward distributes pillows and readily answers the seat-side bell. The large clock even has the correct time. A light breakfast during the morning journey costs only 50 cents and dinner during the return trip, leaving each alternoon at

6:55 p.m., is less than 52 - including soup, bread, potato patties, vegetables, lamb chops and a banana. The 90 seats per car in the seven second-class coaches are actually wooden benches but the one-way fare is only \$1.70 while a non-air-conditioned first-class

Seat goes for \$3. "This train has a seat for everyone and about 50 percent of the passengers, Indian or foreign, are tourists," said K.K. Mathur, the engineer, who has been pulling the 11 blue coaches with his wor-khorse steam engine since the Taj Express began operating on Ord 2 1064Oct. 2, 1964.

Before departure Mathur proudly shows off the engine's shiny copper controls, its sculpture of Lord Krishna and the overflowing coal bin.

20-Year-Old Engine

"The only problems we have are getting the right quality of fuel and spares for this 20-year-old engine," he said, sweating from the furnace heat.

The view from the coach during the trip to Agra is vintage India — water buffalo cooling off in swamps, Hindn temples and an occasional mosque surrounded by lush monsoon-green fields of sugar cane and corn, a water pipeline, a newly built electronics plant, and a lone Sufi on the platform during the 9:15 stop in Mathura

Four thousand to five thousand persons visit the Taj Mahal each day and nine hours in Agra can be trying. The ubiquitous guides and nickshaw drivers insist on steering visitors to shops selling emerald rings, inlaid marble tables and sandalwood statues of Hindu gods: The streets are a circus - dancing bears, elephant and camel rides, even a staged fight between a mongoose and snake.

After watching the sun set on the Taj Mahal, the air-conditioning, soft seats and warm meal on the Taj Express are required for the return trip. When the train pulls into the New Delhi station Reginald David is there to meet his pet train. He looks at his watch and smiles.

"It's never late," he says to a departing passenger, "and I make a point of dining on it whenever I can."

Reservations are required on the Taj Express during the peak tourist season, September to April. They may be made at the railway station or through local travel agents and hotels.

the security of Israel to the conditioned effectiveness of inspection By Joel Stratte-McClure procedures led to the raid on Osirak," he said. International Herald Tribune A GRA, India — Indian trains have a lamentable reputation — sacred cows often block the tracks, accidents are frequent and delays expected. But the Taj Express, which leaves Platform 2

Travel The Timely Taj Express

at the New Delhi station each morning at 7:10, is a startling

exception. "This is the fastest, most comfortable and only punctual train in India," boasted Reginald David, mechanical engineer for the Taj Express. "It goes 60 miles an hour, the countryside is beautiful,

The three-hour journey is almost as pleasant as the first glimpse

there's never been an accident and it makes a profit."

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune-

ed with The New York Times and The

Page 6 Thursday, September 3, 1981

Biological 'Guided Missiles' Deployed in Cancer War

By Harold M. Schmeck Jr.

New York Tunes Service NEW YORK — The 67-year-old man had IN lymphoma, a form of cancer. The dis-ease was tightening its grip, attacking his skin and his lymphatic system. Chemicals and radiation were failing.

Then his doctors started a new treatment with substances called monoclonal antibo-dies designed to seek out his cancer cells exclusively and help kill them. These special antibodies, the most potent biological "guided missiles" known in science, were given re-peatedly while the doctors watched for signs of dangerous toxicity. There were none.

By the end of four weeks the man was looking better and feeling better. Some tu-mots on his skin disappeared; nthers became soll and flat, signs that they were being attacked. The patient's fevers and night sweats ceased. A medical report described the response as encouraging.

But this story does not have a happy ending. The patient's partial remission lasted about seven weeks: then the cancer advanced again and four weeks later he died.

The case is significant, however, as a demonstration that effects can be achieved through such a guided-missile attack on cancer and as one of the first known uses of monoclonal antibodies in treatment of buman illness

Antibodies are defensive proteins produced by the body to help repel invasions of almost any foreign substance. Monocional antibodies are produced with the aid of special cell-fusion techniques that give rise to groups of extremely uniform antibodies that are much more selective than ordinary antibodies.

Some Research

The case is also notable as an illustration of how implacably cancer can counterattack the most ingenious assaults of medical science. But the war is not over and the use of monocional antibodies to learn more of cancer's complex secrets and attack its outlaw cells is being pursued in animal research at many institutions and in human beings at a few.

These efforts underscore the broadening usefulness of these special antibodies that were not available to most scientists for any purpose until the last few years. Monoclonal antibodies have already had a major impact on many areas of scientific research and biochemical analysis. They have spawned an industry devoted to their production and

They show promise of speeding the devel-opment of vaccines against malaria, schistosomiasis and possibly other globally important parasite diseases; of permitting life-sav-ing diagnosis of some infections in newborn babies, and of other uses, including the experimental treatment of a few carefully seected cancer patients.

Specialists note that it is still too early to say how useful monoclonal antibodies will

be in treating any buman malignancy. But, like nther experimental weapons against cancer, they are already providing new insights into the nature of that complex group of dis-

The 67-year-old man, who had a form of lymphoma called mycosis fungoides, was treated at the Stanford University Medical Center. His case was reported in a "preliminary communication" in The Lancet, the in-ternational medical journal, earlier this month by Drs. Richard A. Miller and Ronald Levy.

Encouraging Results

"Monoclonal antibody produced a strik-ing clinical response in skin, lympb nodes, and blood, but complete remission was not achieved," their report said.

"We are encouraged by the results in this patient," they added. "Perhaps antibodies of better specificity or more suitable class can be developed for treatment."

Altogether, doctors at Stanford have tried monoclonal antibodies in eight cancer pa-tients, two of them under treatment now. To date there has been no evidence of ill effects and there have been some encouraging re-sults in al least four of the patients. Dr. Levy sees little bope that the special antibodies will ever cure cancers unaided, but he hopes they can be forged into a powerful weapon to aid other forms of treatment.

Similar strategies have been used on at least six patients by a group at Harvard's Sidney Farber Cancer Institute and the Children's Hospital in Boston.

"What we've all found is that monoclonal

antibodies can cause a remarkable drop in cancer cells," Dr. Stuart Schlossman, leader of that group, said recently. But, he said, the cells eventually lose much of their sensitivity to the antibodies. In some cases the targets for antibodies on the cancer cells disappear when the antibodies attack in force and then appear again when the annibodies are gone. No one knows exactly wby this happens.

He and Dr. Levy both said that use of the antibodies on cancer patients in the final stages of disease may be asking the all-but-impossible by trying to marshal the body's immune defenses in patients in whom those defenses have already been greatly weakened by disease and drug treatment. The hope is that more knowledge and experience will permit earlier, and therefore possibly more effective, uses of the antibodies.

The purpose in using monoclonal antibo-dies against cancer is that of aiming the cellkilling effect at cancer cells with such precision that normal cells are left unharmed. It is a task for which monocolonal antibodies seem almost ideally suited, provided targets can be found on the cancer cells that are either unique to those cells or rare in others.

Use of Bone Marrow

To date no one has found any antibody targets, known as antigens, that are unique to cancer cells. But antigens have been found that are rare in a patient's normal tissues. These targets for antibodies seem to be characteristic of cells that are multiplying rapidly or are in various stages of change from early to mature developmental stages.

Another ingenious strategy involving treatment of bone marrow with the special

Clones Improve Target Precision

New York Times Service

New YORK — Antibodies are proteins produced by the body's immune defense system in response to almost any foreign invasion. An'antibody is aimed exclusively at a specific target on a cell or other substance. The individual targets are called antigens. But an attack against most invaders of the body, disease-causing viruses or bacteria, for example, is mounted against overlapping targets by a family of similar but not quite identical antibodies. Each antibody seeks out a particular antigen from among the many on the surface of a cell or virus. the surface of a cell or virus.

Monoclonal antibodies have excited great interest among medical and industrial scientists because each type is much more precise in its action than the family of antibodies produced against most foreign substances.

The substances are called monocional because each type comes from a single clone of identical cells. The antibodies produced by any clone are all identical. It is their uniformity, specificity and the fact that they can be produced in large quantity and standard quality that gives these antibodies their musual power.

Scientists make these by fusing cancer cells called myelomas with animal, or human, antibody-making cells that have been exposed to the particular substances against which antibodies are sought. The fused cells, called hybridomas, make the antibodies. Each clone, producing only one type of antibody, will keep on producing that uniform product indefinitely. Thus it becomes possible to use such antibodies as standardized biochemical agents that do not vary from batch to batch or laboratory to laboratory as conventional antibodies are likely to do.

The technique for producing them was developed in 1975 by Drs. Georges Kohler and Cesar Milstein at the Medical Research Council's Molecular Biology Laboratory in Cambridge, England.

Monocional antibodies are particularly valuable because they can identify, and allow scientists to capture, individual pure substances from the welter of things in an impure

antibodies is being attempted by the group in Boston including Drs. Schlossman, Ste-phen Sallan, Jerome Ritz and Robert Bast. They have tried this with three childhood leukemia patients for whom drugs were losing effectivness and for whom there were no siblings available for bone marrow transplantation.

Bone marrow samples were taken from the patients when their diseases were in remission and were treated with monoclonal antibodies targeted against leukemic cells. Then the marrow samples were frozen and stored while the patients were given large doses of drugs and radiation, which killed all their remaining bone marrow and, it was hoped, any leukemic cells within.

Bone marrow is the body's blood-forming rgan. The treatment would kill the patient in the absence of some way of providing new marrow afterward. The patients' stored marrow, cleansed of all detectable leukemic cells, was then reinfused to repopulate and restore the vital blood-forming capacity. The strate-gy has been tried in three patients within the past year, Dr. Schlossman said, and all three at present are taking no anti-cancer drugs and yet are free from detectable signs of their illness. He emphasized that these results were only preliminary.

In recent months there has been a steady stream of reports in the scientific literature concerning new uses of these special antibo-dies and of discoveries made with their help. Several scientific meetings have been devoted to them and more are scheduled. At one such meeting, held at the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, scientists of many institutions described a broad range of studies and experimental uses of the antibo-

A report by David A. Scheinberg and Dr. Mette Strand of Johns Hopkins and Dr. Otto Gansow of the National Institutes of Health, described experiments in which mice were cured of leukemia induced experimentally by use of monoclonal antibodies that had a strong preference for attaching to the animal's leukemic cells.

Some of the most striking experiments in-volved antibodies linked with compounds called chelates, which contained highly ra-dioactive metals. The radiation was of a kind that delivers a heavy dose to its immediate vicinity but does not penetrate to adjoining tissues. Mr. Scheinberg said the antibody-bound chelates offered science a whole new category of medically useful radioactive substances.

Chemical Differences

Studies with monoclonal antibodies have demonstrated, Dr. Schlossman told his colleagues, that human leukemias that seemed to be uniform can actually be differentiated by the specific chemical characteristics of the leukemic cells. Some of these differences, potentially important for designing optimum treatment, were not known before the use of monoclonal antibodies made them evident.

In another field of medicine, diagnostic

use of the antibodies already shows promise of aiding treatment of some potentially deadly infections. Scientists at Children's Hospital in Philadelphia bave used the antibodies to achieve quick diagnosis of a type of bacterial infection that kills 6,000 newborn American infants a year.

INSIGHTS/SIDELIGHTS

The infections, with bacteria called Group B sureptococci, can be extremely dangerous to infants in the first few days of life. It has been estimated that 12,000 cases occur in the United States each year and that about half the babies die.

In Philadelphia, Dr. Richard Polin, an expert on care of newborns, is using monoclonal antibodies' great sensitivity to diagnose such bacterial infections within only a few hours. The method involves exposing samples of a haby's spinal fluid to the antibodies. The presence or absence of the bacteria determines the treatment that is needed.

Among the most ambitious uses of monoclonal antibodies is in research toward development of vaccines against some of man-kind's most devastating parasitic infections, such as schistosomiasis and malaria. These are diseases that afflict hundreds of millions of people throughout the world. The para-sites go through multiple stages of develop-ment and have evolved many ways of outwit-ting the natural defenses of the human body.

Immunity Studied

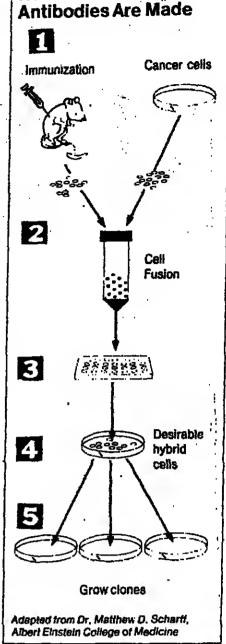
Yet, said Dr. Mette Strand of Johns Hopkins in a report on schistosomiasis, some Egyptians exposed to the snail-transmitted disease because they work in the waters of the Nile do actually develop immunity. Her group and several others are using mono-clonal antibodies to seek out particular antigens on the schistosomiasis parasites that could stimulate useful immunity.

Others, notably a team led by Drs. Ruth and Victor Nussenzweig of New York Uni-versity, have been conducting the same kind of search involving the malaria parasite.

Using the new techniques, Dr. Strand and her colleagues have produced antibodies to tiny spines on the surface of schistosomiasis parasites that are present during most of the period of infection and may be important in helping anchor the parasites within blood vessels,

When useful pure substances are isolated, the techniques of gene splicing and tissue culture may allow large-scale production so that enough material for vaccines can be made available for research and development. For each of the two parasite diseases, scientists have obtained pure substances ca-pable of protecting laboratory animals against infection.

Some scientists expect a vaccine against schistosomiasis to be achieved within five years, although they are not willing to be quoted on any prediction so optimistic. Malaria vaccine, too, is seen as a probable devel-opment although few are willing to predict just when.



How Monocional

The New York Time

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To produce monoclonal antibodies, mice are immunized against a substance of scientific interest (1). Antibody-producing cells are recovered from the spleens of the mice and fused (2) with cancer cells called myelomas. The myeloma cells enable the hybrid cells to. grow indefinitely while the mice cells determine what antibodies the hybrid will make. The hybrid cells, called bybridomas, are incubated (3). Hybridomas producing large amounts of desirable antibodies are isolated (4) and reproduce themselves by cloning (5).

Tide of Immigration Is Turning **California Into U.S. Melting Pot**

By Robert Lindsey

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N. 112-12

New York Tumes Service

OS ANGELES - During the last decade, La California hes al bus supplimited New York as the principal ethnic melting pot of the United States, according to data from the 1980 ocusus

In a tide of immigration that is reshaping the social, economic and political life of the nation's most populous state, California has become the port of entry for tens of thousands of refugees from economic and political trou-

"California," sud Dr. Bertram Brown, a Prochiatrist and population researcher for the Rand Corp., "Las become the Ulis Island of the 1980s

As New York's Ellis Island was the gateway for the great transatlantic tide of immigration 80 years ago, California's proximity to Latin America and the Pacific has made it the gate-way for the unnugrants of the 1980s. According in demographers, not since the turn of the century, when millions of immi-

grants from Southern and Eastern Europe flocked to the United States and settled in New York and other cities along the East Coast, have so many alien immigrants from so many countries gravitated to a single region of the country.

'California or Bust'

There are refugees from Southeast Asia, Cuba, Ethiopia and the Soviet Union, as well as Taiwanese, Samoans, Koreans, Cubans and incounted legal and illegal aliens from Latin America and elsewhere, all shouting, figura-tively, "California or bust," as the immigrants from "back East" did a hundred years ago.

Because much of the immigration is illegal, ao one knows how many newcomers are arriving here from abroad. Based on data from the Immigration and Naturalization Service, how ever, the legal migration to California from abroad last year is believed to have ranged from 150,000 to 200,000, including about 50,000 Southeast Asians. The state's total population growth was about 450,000.

Pat Johnson, a Census Bureau analyst, says



International Herald Tubune We've get news for you

one of the most significant elements measured by the 1980 census regarding California's pop-ulation was the emergence of its polyglot character.

From 1970 to 1970, according to the bu-reau's figures, the proportion of California residents who are "Anglos," that is, those whose ethnic roots are predominately in Western Eu-rope, declined to 76 percent from 89 percent. The proportion of virtually every other ethnic category increased substantially.

Population Increase

Asians and Pacific Islanders, for example, formed the category that grew most rapidly, increasing 140 percent, to 1.25 million. The number of Caulornians with ruspanic roots, the fastest-growing category in terms of total numbers, increased 92 percent, to 4.5 million. The state's overall population increased 18.5 percent, to 23.7 million, in the 1970s.

In the same decade California recorded a 30-pertures increase in blacks, to 1.8 million, and a 116-percent increase in American Indi-ans, bringing the total to 198,000, more than any other state.

The new wave of immigrants to California is adding diverse cultural textures to the fabric of life here, providing labor for many industries, affecting and sometimes overloading social services and public schools, and adding a new, if uncertain, dimension to the state's political

Elocted officials have been wondering for years when Hispanic Americans, who now make up 19 percent of California's population, would be able to transfer this strength to the ballot box. So far, the state's few Hispanic leaders have not been very successful in broadening their influence, but politicians here say they expect them to have at least limited success in current negotiations over congressional redistricting efforts as a result of the census.

The immigration has had a variety of effects on life in California. In places such as Beverly Hills and Marin County, north of San Francis-co, money brought by immigrants from Korea and Hong Kong has been cited as one reason fur California's hyperinflated real estate mar-ket during the last six years.

Rising Tensions

In other areas, those that attract the far larger proportion of immigrants who come without much money, officials say tensions are ris-ing between different ethnic groups because of competition for jobs and housing

Many of the new immigrants have settled in California's big cities, and they are creating distinctive ethni' neighborhoods.

Whole areas of San Francisco look as if they had been transferred from Southeast Asia. Here in Los Angeles, a city long noted for its freeway-oriented blandness, local schools now teach students with more than 70 different native longues. The city has acquired an appeal-ing diversity in restaurants and neighborhoods reminiscent of New York.

Much of downtown Los Angeles is now the principal shopping district of its large population of Mexican immigrants. And along one major boulevard are dozens of shops and restaurants that cater to a population of Koreans estimated at more than 100,000.

In the suburb of Monterey Park more than one-third of its residents are Chinese. More than 10,000 Samoans live in and near the suburb of Carson.

In Orange County, south of Los Angeles, officials estimate there are more than 50,000



Tung Chi Wang, a 5-year-old Vietnamese refugee, one of many who have arrived in California with little English, taking an oral comprehension test in San Francisco.

Indochinese. Some local residents have dubbed the community of Westminister "Lit-tle Saigon" — about 6,000 of its 71,000 people are Vietnamese.

Lois Wax, the Orange County refugee coor-dinator, said the county's public schools had nearly 10,000 Indochinese children, "many of whom speak little or no English."

Rep. Mervyn M. Dymaily said three years ago, when he was California's Insurnant governor, that the state was on its way to becom-ing the nation's first "Third World state," in which a majority of the population would be members of American racial minority groups. His prediction has not been fulfilled yet, but

population trends are moving in that direction.

Influx of Indochinese

To a large extent, what is happening in Cali-fornia mirrors a national trend. The 1980 census showed that in the 1970s the proportion of Americans classified as belonging to racial minorities — blacks, Hispanic Americans, Asi-ans, Pacific Islanders and American Indians — increased to 16.8 percent of the population from 12.5 percent.

In California, the census showed that Asians accounted for 5.3 percent of the total population. The proportion has undoubtedly grown this year, says Dorothy Hoag, a state demogra-

pher, because of the continuing influx of Indochinese refugees, who now total almost 200,000, From 3,000 to 4,000 Indochinese refugees

are still being resettled in California each month, she said, and at least 1,000 a month are moving here on their own after being resettled in other states.

In terms of net population growth, the num-ber of Hispanic Americans is increasing even faster; the 1980 census found that they comprised 19.2 percent of the total population, or about 4.5 million, and blacks comprised almost 8 percent of the total, about 1.8 million.

Besides the natural growth in population, researchers sav California is likely to continue getting more than its share of immigrants; last year the state, with about 10 percent of the nation's population, accepted at least 20 per-cent of the total legal immigration.

Some were Europeans and Canadians. But they were dwarfed statistically by the much larger tide of immigrants from Latin America and Asia.

Dr. Brown, the Rand researcher, said, "It's like Brighton Beach or Coney Island in the '20s and '30s," a melting pot with a diverse texture of peoples from different commiss and speaking different languages. But in Califor-nia, be added, "they're not European."

Spain's New Divorce Law Is Being Taken in Stride

By Harry Debilins mai Herald Tribune

MADRID — Before Spain's new divorce law was enacted on July 20, Roman Catholic bishops warned Spaniards that "divorce becomes an open door to the propaga-tion of evil, rather than a remedy for the ills it is intended to abate."

"If the law to which we refer is passed in its present form," they argued, "the future of the family will be seriously prejudiced in Spain and the commonweal of our society gravely damaged.

The law was passed nevertheless, and now the bishops are telling Roman Catholics -tech leafly about X percent of the population - that the law does not apply to them. On Aug. 10, for the first time in four dec-

ades, Spanish courts began accepting divorce petitions. It is too early to tell how much "evil" petitions. It is too early to tell how much "evil" is being propagated or how seriously the future of the family is being prejudiced, but it is not too soon to see that Spaniards are taking di-vorce in their stride, with far more calm than some churchmen and legislators. During the first 10 days after the law be-came effective, only 25 divorce petitions were filed in Madid, and similarly, few were filed in other major cities. There were even fewer applications in the following week. No doubt, the fact that most of Spain goes on vacation for the entire month of August — including estranged couples, either together or

including estranged couples, either together or separately, and their lawyers — has a lot to do with the small number of divorce petitions filed in the early weeks.

Irregular Situations

Another reason, however, might be that many Spaniards, who had to learn to live withmany Spaniards, who had to learn to live with-out divorce under Franco, are not in any hurry to try it out, especially in view of the probable costs involved. It is possible that the justice minister, Francisco Fernández Ordóñez, who resigned Tuesday, overestimated the number of his fellow Spaniards who are anxious to le-gains their includar family situations. Mr. Fernández Ordóñez hattled not only the church but a significant facture of his own

the church but a significant faction of his own party, the Union of the Democratic Center, to give Spain a divorce law, and one of the most liberal ones in the Western world at that. Claiming that 300,000 couples were waiting for the passage of the law, he firmly reminded the Catholic hierarchy, so accustomed throughout Spain's history to playing a political role, that in a democracy it is the elected representatives of the people, and not the clergy, who are responsible for making the country's laws.

For that kind of frankness he was denied the centuries old traditional patrilege the summer of leading the annual Corpus Christi religious procession as justice minister, in representa-tion of the head of the government. The procession takes place, in Toledo, the city of resi-dence of Spain's cardinal primate. Like many other ordinary spectators, the justice minister watched from a balcony as the solemn and col-orful procession wound its way through the steep, narrow, stone-paved streets of the ancient capital of an empire.

It is still not clear whether Mr. Fernandez Ordónez, who in his previous job as finance minister battled rich and poor alike to bring about the most important tax reform in Spain since Napoleonic times, and who once snubbed Franco by resigning his post as presi-dent of the big state-run cartel INI (National Institute for Industry) in protest over Franco's dismissal of a too-liberal minister, is a quixoteor a dogged realist:

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In any case, his estimate of the potential number of divorce cases was challenged as an inflated one soon after the law became effective, by the dean of the Madrid bar associa-tion, Antonio Fedrol Rius, in the end, however, it probably matters little exactly how many divorce petitions are filed during the first months; what matters is that divorce is possible in Spain at last.

Few Eyebrones Raised

As for its disruptive influence, divorce probably comes as a much greater shock to the cei-bate and dedicated churchmen than it does to the general public in a society that already raises few eyebrows at casual sexual relation-things, total multip on the stage, scenes of sodo-my and sadism on the screen and topless bathing at public beaches. The effects that divorce will have on family

life in the long run remain to be seen. Never-theless, changes in the social importance of the family as a unit cannot be blamed entirely on divorce. Although traditionally a cohestwormit, the Spanish family has been under severe at-tack as a social institution for years as a resulof profound sociological changes, not the leas: of which are the poverty-inspired emigration. of which are the poverty-inspired emigration. of the 1960s and the rapid and continuing transformation of the Spanish society from a rural one to a primarily industrial one.

Permissiveness came late to Spain, but it came with a vengeance, in a pendalum reac-tion to the long years of sternly enforced propriety under the late dictator.

For many Spaniards, divorce simply offers s way of setting things right with the law. In the no-divorce years, a Spanish man or woman whose marriage went sour could hope for no more than a legal separation — without the right to remarry — or, much more difficult, an 100million

Annulments, granted only by church author-ities, carried the right to enter into another iuts, carried the right to enter into another marriage, but they were costly, they often took years, few of them were actually granted, and somehow the rich got them under and year more of them than the poor. So most Span-lards who wanted to try again simply did so, without benefit of clergy or bureancracy. Now they finally have the chance in undo marriages to persons with whom they do not live and to persons with whom they do not live and seek legal recognition for their real long-term companions and their children.

One place where divorce has done a lot of harm is in the ruling party, the Union of the Democratic Center, an amalgam of Social Democrats, liberals, Christian Democrats and others. The Christian Democrats, following the line of the church leaders, balked at the divorce law. The party whip brought most of them into hat but at considerable pontical cost. The divorce issue drove a wedge that widened an existing crack in party unity. turning it mto an enduring split between the conservative wing and the rest of the party. Indeed, Mr. Fernández Ordóñez, in his res-

ignation letter, said he could no longer fulfill his political aims "without an enormously costly and destabilizing struggle within the party."

It was inevitable that the legislators of the post-Franco period would pass a divorce law. it fulfilled an electoral campaign promise. It is the most significant piece of social legislation since Franco died nearly six years ago. Yet that it took so long to make the law and that it so deeply divided the representatives of the governing party, in spite of evidence around them of pronounced sociological changes, suggests the depth of the roots of conservatism in Spain.

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

Page 7 Thursday, September 3, 1981 **

BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS Bonn Drops

Laker Announces Rise in Sky-Train Prices

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The Amociated Press

LONDON - Laker Airways, the British cut-fare airline run by Sir Freddie Laker, announced Wednesday that its Skytrain fares on trans-Atlantic routes will go up by about 10 to 14 percent on Friday.

Sir Freddie, who is seeking to reschedule over \$300 million in loans but denies this means his airline is in financial trouble, blamed his prob-lems on the strength of the U.S. dollar against the pound. About twothirds of the airline's revenue is in sterling, but its debts and fuel bills are largely in dollars. A year ago one pound bought \$2.41. It now buys \$1.84.

1.84. Laker Airways said fares will be going up for travelers in both direc-tions, paying in pounds or dollars. The "same-day walk-on" fare from London to New York will go up to £124 from £109 in the current peak season of July 1-Sept. 15. From New York to London, the fare will go up to \$272 from \$239, allowing for currency fluctuations.

Mitsubishi, Westinghouse in Technology Exchange

AP-Dow Jones

TOKYO - Mitsubishi group and Westinghouse have agreed to estab-lish a joint-venture company in the United States for production of very

Jargo scale integrated circuits, officials said Wednesday. Besides the cooperation in computer components, a Mitsubishi spokesman said Mitsubishi Heavy Industries and Westinghouse will

jointly develop advanced nuclear reactors and solar energy technology. The spokesman, however, denied a local press report that the two sides agreed to the up in industrial robot development. The report, by the Nihon Keizai Shimbun, said Mitsubishi and Westinghouse plan to joint-ly develop robots equipped with sensory functions which simulate uman capabilities.

Triumph-Adler to Close Frankfurt Factory

FRANKFURT — Triumph-Adler, a subsidiary of Volkswagen, said it plans to close its factory here at the cost of some 3,000 jobs out of the firm's total work force of 8,700.

The reason for the closure is the weak market for mechanical and electric typewriters. Triumph-Adler said it will concentrate in the future on the electronic office machine sector. The company had a loss of 79 million Deutsche marks in 1980.

Volkswagen is willing to take as many as 2,000 workers from the plant to fill its own requirements for new workers.

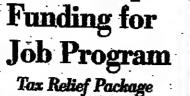
University, Chemical Firm to Do Genetic Research

United Press Internation

ST. LOUIS - Washington University and Mallinckrodt Tuesday

signed an agreement totaling \$3.82 million for genetic research. The research involves production of antibodies from artificially created cells called hybridomas. Under the agreement, Mallinckrodt, a chemical manufacturer, will have the option to license any development resulting from the research it sponsors and will pay royalties to the university. Washington University scientists will be free to publish their research findings in scientific publications and to exchange new cell lines and antibodies with their peers.

"The antibodies hold promise for greatly improving diagnostic medi-"" cine and clinical treatment of many diseases," the university said. "Some scientists believe hybridomas will have the same impact on medical research in the '80s that recombinant DNA has had in the '70s."



Reportedly Planned

From Agency Dispatches BONN - The two parties in the ruling West German coalition have agreed to shelve plans for a separate spending program aimed at boosting the economy and curbing unemployment, political sources said Wednesday.

The majority Social Democrats and the Free Democrats plan to incorporate measures to encourage investment in the 1982 budget in the form of tax relief for commercial and residential building projects, the sources said, adding that

there would be no separate em-ployment program for the present. Meanwhile, the Federal Labor Office in Nuremburg said unem-ployment in West Germany rose to curbs on payment of unemploy-ment benefits and to cuts in child 1.29 million last month. The total, allowances, they said. representing 5.5 percent of the work force, marked a rise of nearly 43,000 from July. Figures for workers on shortened schedules

job openings.

The Social Democrats had been pressing for a job investment pro-gram financed by higher taxes or an income surtax. But the Free Democrats have said the country cannot afford such a program and have urged cuts in social spending. were down, as were the number of The two coalition parties decided to devote Wednesday's cabinet session chaired by Chancellor Hel-The sources said that it seemed that even a tentative inter-party acmut Schnidt solely to tying up loose ends in the 1982 budget, pro-jected to total 240.1 billion cord reached last week on employ-ment measures costing 1.5 billion DM, much less than the Social Deutsche marks, a rise of 4.2 per-Democrats had sought, had been cent from 1981, the sources said. postponed:

Chancellor Schmidt opened the The leaders also agreed on new

The Social Democrats had been

Changes in W. German Bank Rules Urged

FRANKFURT - Proposed the problem of merging the ac-counts of foreign units, whose international activities are not subject to the domestic lending-equity rule, with the accounts of the West German parent institutions.

rently amounts to at least 20 times their comity.

whether one should not adopt another leverage formula, perhaps in the 22- or 25-fold range, for the envisaged worldwide consolidation of bank balance sheets."

That Purrs

national Banking Summer School different loan categories. He did at Timmerdorfer Strand, discussed not elaborate. Mr. Dicken said what he called

the profit shump in the international banking business can be balted only if the leading banks refuse to lend at insufficient margins. "This revision of their international strategy is now fully under way."

Asserting that current bank margins on international business only rarely correspond to the risks involved, be said the pretext that a renowned bank cannot escape from participating in a syndication whenever a major borrower is involved becomes an increasingly less plausible argument the more it

is repeated. At yesterday's conference, Wil-fried Guth, joint management board spokesman of Deutsche Bank warned that sufficient Eurocredits might not be available in the future even if spreads become more attractive and borrowing countries pursue convincing eco-nomic adjustment policies.

N.Y. Stock Prices Slightly Higher

BUSINESS/FINANCE

They said the market will not

have a sustained uptrend until

investors receive some strong sig-

nals that high interest rates and in-

reached a five-year accord with

Budget Comment NEW YORK - Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed slightly higher Wednesday with support coming almost entirely from technical factors. **Triggers Buying** high as that behind some of the sbarp sell-offs the market has re-cently experienced.

The Dow Jones industrial average bounced around all day, closing at 884.23, up 1.52. Advances led declines by about 850 to 560, and volume fell to some 37.6 mil-lion shares from 45 million Mon-

flation are moderating. Oil issues benefited from a com-bination of bargain bunting and Canada's announcement that it Analysts said that for lack of any news, the market took its direction from the bond market, which also had some slight techni-

Alberta on domestic oil prices. Sun rose ½ to 35½, Union Oil ¾ to 39½, Gulf ¼ to 37½, Standard Ohio ¾ to 45%, Shell ½ cal gains. . The market also gained some impetus from reports that the White House may cut defense to 41½ and Marathon Oil 3¼ to 63½. A block of 250,000 Marathon spending to bold down the size of the budget deficit. Analysts do not expect the im-

shares traded at 63. provement to last, bowever, and Superior Oil was the most active they noted that the volume sup-porting the gains was not nearly as issue at 37%, off %. United Brands, the second most active,

Sears, Mastercard in Money Fund Ventures New York Times Service

CHICAGO — Sears, Roebuck, the largest U.S. retailer, and Mast-ercard International, the credit They have the in-house expertise to offer a full line of financial services. The new fund will invest only in

federal government securities. At first it will be marketed by mail and by wire and eventually Sears' retail outlets will be used.

Spokesmen for banking and thrift institutions said the growing emphasis of companies outside banking in offering financial services reflected a trend toward competition. They mentioned the American Express takeover of Shearson Loeb Rhoades and Mernill Lynch's Casb Management Accounts, which include a money market fund and a Visa debit card

> "Our concern is that Sears has none of the regulations that prevent banks from being competitive," said a spokesman for the American Bankers Association. This is a dramatic reminder that Congress has to do something to keep the banking industry viable and competitive."

Some executives of money market funds predicted that Sears' en-try would be good for business,

"There's a vast pool of untapped money out there," said one money market fund manager. "Sears may have enough marketing expertise to tap some money that's not in the money market funds already. It could be good for everybody."

Under the Mastercard plan, cardholders will be allowed to transfer funds from a special

"It's a natural extension for them," said one stock analyst.

checking account into money mar-ket funds and other investments, which will be available through Mastercard's 12,000 member banks within four months. Fidelity will manage the funds and provide discount brokerage services.

Fidelity manages more than \$12 billion in 24 mntual funds with a total of 750,000 accounts. Two separate funds will be set up to deal exclusively with the new Moncy Manager accounts.

fell ¼ to 13. A block of 500,000

Computervision fell 2% to 33 in

active trading. It attributed the drop to a bearish report on the

computer-aided design market. Sanders Associates, in the same in-

General Portland Cement

The dollar closed substantially

lower against most currencies, and

only slightly above its lows for the

day, after a quiet session, dealers said.

2.42 Deutsche marks at one point in the afternoon, with some dealers

attributing the fall to a commercial

order in a thin market, perhaps

also influenced by sales of dollars against marks by Chicago's Inter-

2.4230 DM, compared with an opening 2.4370 and Monday's 2.4480.

It recovered slightly to close at

national Monetary Market.

The dollar fell sharply to below

shares traded at that price.

dustry, losi 134 to 40.

gained 3% to 38%.

Customers who sign up for the new Mastercard account will be required to maintain a deposit of some \$2,000, according to Russell Hogg, Mastercard president.

He said that the decision on the amount of the minimum deposit would be left to each member bank. Each week the bank will then automatically transfer any funds above \$2,000 to Fidelity. If the balance in the account falls below \$2,000, money would be transfered from Fidelity to the checking account, Mr. Hogg said. It is uncertain whether the depositor would be allowed to earn inter-est on the \$2,000 minimum, "No longer will banking cus-tomers need to leave their bank for

high-yield flexible investments those investments will now be available through their local bank," Mr. Hogg said, "We have planned this very carefully and have designed the program to meet the SEC's approval."

Both the Mastercard proposal and a plan announced by Visa International early this summer to offer money market funds, are subject to approval by the Securi-ties and Exchange Commission.

The existing limit on credit of 18 times a bank's equity seems practi-cable only for West German parent banks, Mr. Dicken said. He noted that total lending of the major West German credit institutions operating internationally cur-

He said there is a question

He also called for some form of qualitative assessment to be intro-duced into banking supervision procedures to take account of the varying degrees of risk attached to

GM and a 'Spy'

Under the Hood

changes in West German banking law to require consolidation of accounts is "clearly unthinkable" without revising the rules on the ratio of lending-to-bank equity, a member of the management board of Commerzbank said Wednesday.

Engelbert Dicken, in a speech prepared for delivery to the Inter-

Statistics from Bank for Interna-

tional Settlements show the Soviet

Union drew its deposits with West-

ern banks down by some \$3 billion.

to \$5.5 billion in the first quarter

of this year, apparently in connec-tion with aid to Poland.

The analysis believe Poland's debt rescheduling problems will make credit much harder to obtain

for all Comecon countries, includ-

However dealers' estimates for

total Soviet sales this year vary be-

tween 100 and 120 metric toos,

with probably 60 to 80 metric tons

long-term interest rates will move

choose to change monetary policy

or rescind the multiyear tax cuts

just legislated, he has only a few

options: He can ask Congress for

new tax increases, such as a "wind-

social spending further --- a course

that would bear a heavy political

cost since it would involve major

extra chops in Social Security and

spending; be can accept the next item on his supply-siders' agenda,

a return to the gold standard; or he can call for new policy rules that will commit the United States

to a noninflationary financial sys-

Different groups of advisers are

pressing various of these options

upon him. But they are not con-

sistent choices and cannot readily

Reagan's initial set of comprom

to even higher levels."

Analysts See Increase in Soviet Gold Sales

turn to the market could be seen as

encouraging since it implies confi-dence that the bear market of re-

The Russians largely withheld

from the market during its weak pliase in the spring, resuming some

small selling in July as the price moved back over \$400, dealers said. But this tailed off when the

price weakened again early last

difficult to fathom, since by no means all its gold is sold through

its traditional outlet of the Zurich

gold market, and it is also active as

Soviet selling practice remains

cent months has ended."

month.

By Marcus Ferrar

Resiers ZURICH --- The Soviet Union has sold more gold than usual in the past two weeks, but the 25 amounts are modest, dealers said Wednesday.

They said that in 1981 as a. whole-the-Russians seem unlikely to sell much more than the estimated 90 to 100 metric tons sold in 1980. The 1980 amount was sharply lower than the estimated 230 metric tons sold in 1979 and the 410 metric tons sold in 1978.

1 51

The Soviet sales have been disto upset the market. They have also been offset partly by a diversion of some South African gold production from bars to krugerrands, the dealers said.



Hans-Dietrich Genscher at the cabinet meeting on the budget.

session by saying that the sharp cuts in spending were designed to bring down interest rates, a spokesman said. The Chancellor stressed the need to keep the gov-ernment's net borrowing at 26.5

billion DM, down from about 34 billion DM in the current year. Lowering the volume of credits required by the government would have "positive effects on financial markets" and, in the end, help the Deutsche mark, Mr. Schmidt was quoting as telling the cabinet.

Karl Otto Pöhl, president of the Bundesbank, participated in the budget talks, the spokesman reported.

card company, said Tuesday that they would enter the money market fund business this year. Bankers immediately complained about the prospect of still more competition for their industry.

"Our goal is to become the largest consumer-oriented financial service entity," Edward Telling, chairman of Sears, said in a state-ment. "With the new tax law, working Americans are going to be in a position to save and in a mood

in New York that they planned to offer a money management plan that could link thousands of banks and their customers to the field of money market funds.

said it also planned to expand into the residential real estate brokerage business and is seeking faster growth in its bomeowner's insurance and mortgage business.

services: Its credit card operation, with 25 million active accounts, is among the world's largest; its Allstate insurance group is expected to have revenues of nearly \$7 billion this year, and its Allstate Savings & Loan Association in Cali-fornia has assets of \$3 billion.

as well as brokerage services.

The \$25-billion company now offers an extensive list of financial

to save. We are well-positioned to be a part of that." Separately, Mastercard and the Fidelity Management Group said

Sears, which had experienced a slump in its retailing business be-fore it began to recover this year,

If the Russians continue selling, this could have a dampening effect on the present upward market trend, one senior dealer said. However another said their re- , ficulties,

By Leonard Silk

New York Times Service

NEW YORK --- Is Reaganomics one more beautiful theory killed :

by an ugly little fact — that it doesn't work?

It begins to look that way. Be-

fore President Reagan and his

aides had a chance to savor the full

fruits of their budget and tax tri-

umphs in Congress, and enjoy a

well-carned August vacation away

from Washington, the stock mar-ket dropped 50 points, the long-term bond market looked as

though it might be permanently dead, inflation came back to life, interest rates stayed very high and the economy started to sink into

what could be another recession.

over these sorry events was reflect-

ed in his effort to find somebody

to blame for them. The Federal

Reserve was the best candidate. "The Fed," Mr. Reagan told a Cal-ifornia andience, "is independent,

and they are hurting us, and what

we're trying to do, as much as

they're hurting everyone else."

Since Mr. Reagan and his mone-tarist advisers, headed by Beryl

Sprinkel, undersecretary of the Treasury, have been urging the Fed to make and keep the money

supply tight no matter what hap-pened to interest rates, it is not ex-

actly clear what the president wished the Fed to do.

Spreading the Blame

WOR

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The president's own anxiety

buyer. In Zurich, the Russians have taken to dealing partly through a broker, which further obscures activities, bullion sources, their said

Has Reaganomics Already Failed?

sometbing." Although Mr. Weidenbaum originally meant this

advice to apply to government reg-ulations, it might be extended to

budget, fiscal and military policies. The problem, however, is what

can he mdo? Monetary policy is

firmly in place, unless Mr. Reagan wishes to replace Paul A. Volcker,

chairman of the Fed, (and possibly Mr. Sprinkel at the Treasury) with

people willing to zip up the growth of the money supply. But if Mr.

NEWS ANALYSIS

Reagan were to do this now, inter-

est rates would probably go still higher; the markets have been

taught to fear a link between rapid

monetary growth, inflation and

supply tight in an effort to check inflation in the face of the huge tax cuts legislated by Congress and the

looming deficits in the federal.

budget, interest rates will probably

go higher anyway. So the Fed can be damned if it does and damned

Despite his public censure of the

if it doesn't ease monetary policy.

Yet if the Fed holds the money

high interest rates.

Some Zurich analysts believe the Soviet Union could come under pressure to sell more gold as a consequence of Poland's economic dif-

With Soviet annual production reckoned to be about 300 metric tons, this would mean it is still replenishing its own stocks wound down by carlier beavy selling.

ing the Soviet Union.

South African supplies of bars to the market are relatively scarce, but this country is still expected to sell its total production this year to bolster its balance of payments.

sold so far.

AP-Dow Jones DETROIT - General Motors acknowledges the computer-con-trolled "V8-6-4" engine installed on certain Cadillacs has the capacity to record some unusual information --- but denies that it ever

> "Any suggestion that there is any equipment in our cars designed to spy on a driver is pure hogwash," says a spokesman for GM's Cadillac division

would use the data for nefanous

Electronics Engineering News But what can public policy do to suggests differently. In an article aulations, it might be extended to halt this potentially disastrous the administration's monetary, trend? If Mr. Reagan does not that warns, "Big Brother is watching you," the publication says that Cadillacs equipped with the com-puter-controlled engine can deter-mine if the car has been driven faster than 85 miles an hour-and then tattle on the owner later.

Moreover, the article alleges, the fall" tax on natural gas coupled with gas decontrol or a stiff excise computer also can determine on imported oil; he can try to cut whether owners delay taking their autos into the repair shop after the computer has told them to do so. This purportedly is done by counting how many times the engine is other programs; he can cut back plans for huge increases in defense started after the "check engine" message lights up on the dashboard

India Court Upholds Special Tax Bonds

NEW DELHI - India's Su-

preme Court ruled Wednesday that a government ordinance to allow investment of unreported income in special bonds was valid.

be compromised. Since Mr: Under the ordinance, investors have been pledged immunity from being questioned about the sources ises between the supply-siders and the monetarists has failed the emof their earnings. The tax-free, 10year bonds in denominations of 10,000 rupees (\$1,222) bear an in-terest rate of 2 percent.

down

But the Fed was not the only culprit. Mr. Reagan also blamed Congress for giving him greater tax cuts than be even wanted. However, since the president signed the tax bill without complaint - indeed, signed joyfully, handing out scores of pens to all who had played a part in getting the biggest lax cut in history — it will be a little hard for Mr. Reagan to lay the blame for high interest rates and collapsing markets upon Con-Blaming the stock and bond markets for not reacting property to his economic program will not

help much, nor will his saying the Mr. O'Leary warns: "Unless present disorders are "something inherited." It's Reagan's economy So what does he do about it? His chief economic adviser, Murray Weidenbaum, has a maxim

Fed for causing high interest rates, however, there is no reason to pinical test, he is being forced back to the drawing board. He cannot think the president was arging a just stand there; he has to undo different monetary course upon it. omething. He is still clinging to the assurance of his monetarist advisers that, before long, interest rates will come

That could happen, if the econo-my slides into deeper recession. But it would almost certainly be only a temporary respite, once the shump ended. That is what is driving the long-term bond and mortgage markets crazy; they are in danger of being utterly devastated. As James O'Leary, economic consultant to U.S. Trust Co., observes, the collapse of the longterm bond and mortgage markets looks like a permanent revolution, dangerous to U.S. growth, as the big traditional investors in longterm obligations are cutting back in the interest of their own surviv- - 1.1271

investors can be convinced that the odds are that the rate of inflation can and will be brought down significantly in the period ahead, the erosion in availability of fixed-rate, Don't just stand there - undo long-term funds will continue and

CURRENCY RATES Interbank exchange rates for Sept. 2, 1981, excluding bank service charges.

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(a) Commercial franc. (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound. (*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1,000.

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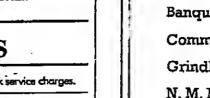
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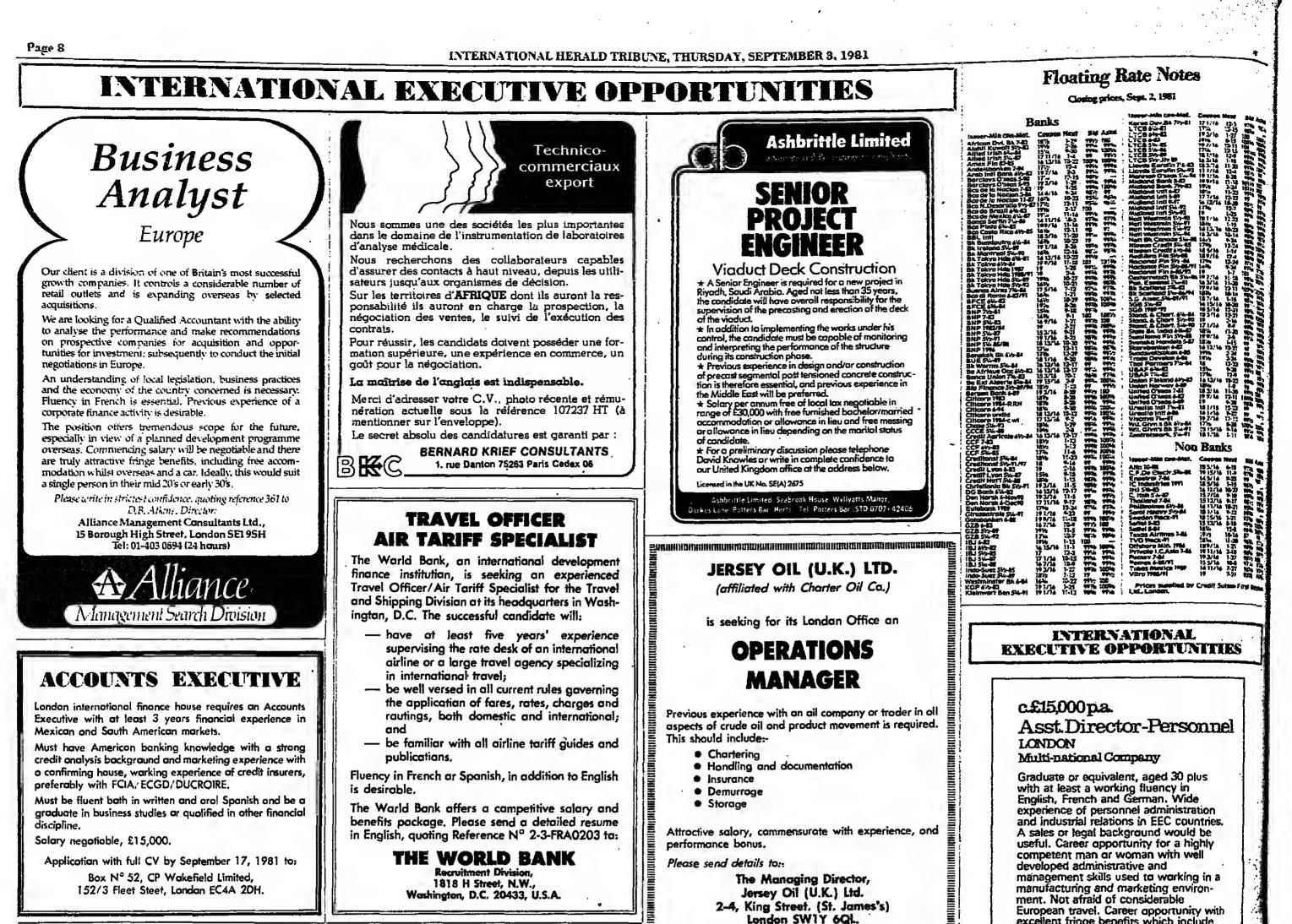
The National Bank of Australasia Limited

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August, 1981





INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT AND TECHNOLOGY, ENUGU VACANT POSITIONS

Applications are invited fram suitably qualified candidates for the following pasts in the Departments indicated belaw:

A. ACADEMIC POSITIONS

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POSTS	QUALIFICATIONS	SALARY
• Reader	B.Sc., M.A., Ph.D	GL 15 (N10296 x 516 - N11328)
Principal Lecturer	B.Sc., M.A., Ph.D	GL 14 (N 9168 x 320 - N10128)
Senior Lecturer	B.Sc., M.A., Ph.D	GL 13 (N 8064 x 320 - N 9024)
Lecturer I	B.Sc., M.A., Ph.D	GL 12 (N 7404 x 216 - N 8052)
Lecturer II	8.Sc., M.A., Ph.D	GL 10 (N 5760 x 162 - N 6732)
• Locturer III	B.Sc., M.A.,	GL 09 (N 4669 x 162 - N 5640)
• Printing Technologists	B.Sc., HND, ETC.	GL 08/4 (N 4014 x 150 - N 4464)

B. DEPARTMENTS

Departments of: Mechanical Engineering, Electrical/Electronics Engineering, Civil Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Science Technology, Food Technology, Building Technology, Hotel & Catering Management, Accountancy, Co-operative Studies, Purchasing & Supply, Fine & Applied Art, Morketing, and Systems Science.

C. ADMINISTRATIVE POSITIONS - ESTATE & WORKS SERVICES

POST	QUALIFICATIONS	SALARY
Director of Work Services	B.Sc. (Civil)	GL 15 (N10296 x 516 - N11328)
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• Principal Engineer	B.Sc. (Civil)	GL 13 (N 8064 x 320 - N 9024)
Senior Engineer	B.Sc. (Civil or Electrical)	GL 12 (N 7404 x 216 - N 8052)
Engineer {	B.Sc. (Civil or Electricol)	GL 10 (N 5760 x 162 - N 6732)
Engineer {{	B.Sc. (Civil or Electrical)	GL 09 (N 4668 x 162 - N 5640)

NOTE: Salary ar I point of entry in the positions indicated in A and C will depend on qualifications and experience.

D. METHOD OF APPLICATION

8 copies of the candidate's typewritten opplication, containing details of Institutions ottended, qualifications abtained, post-qualification experience, age, nationality, marital status, present post and salary and names and addresses of three referees should be addressed to the Registrar, Institute of Management and Technology, Enugu, care the Nigerian Embassy in the following countries, to reach the Embassy not later then September 12th, 1981:

I. EUROPE --- London, Bonn and Belgrade; II. U.S./ASIA - Washington, New Dehli and Monilo*.

E. INTERVIEW DATES

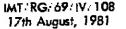
All qualified candidates who have applied should report at any of these embassies for interview in the morning of:

	- 14th and 15th September, 1981;
BONN	— 17th and 18th September, 1981;
. BELGRADE	— 21st and 22nd September, 1981;
• WASHINGTON D.C.	- 14th, 15th and 16th September, 1981;
 SAN FRANCISCO, 	
Nigerian Consulate	 17th, 18th and 19th September, 1981;
• MANILA	- 21st September, 1981;
NEW DEHLI	- 22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th September, 1981.
*At the Overseas Employ	ment Development Board, Department of Labour, Manila

P.L.C. Agbo, REGISTRAR

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Wil cants should have ability in international contacts. Fluent provide functional guidance to accounting staff entire operations, there fore, managerial experience required. Solary based as qualifications and knowledge of English necessary. Should preferably be living in Paris. Honoraries by arrangement. rience. Send detailed resume and salary history to: Applicants should send their curriculum vitae to Room A-6354. The International Union Against Tuberculosis, P.O. Box 20, Grand Central Station, NY 10017, U.S.A. 3 rue Georges Ville, 75116 Paris, France, EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE **HUMAN RESOURCE SPECIALISTS** ITALIAN LAWYER -40, qualified working experience, ex-cellent cultural background with par-ticular aptitude for public and press relations, fluent English, available for travel, seeks jab with international The World Bank in Washington, D.C. seeks professionals with substantial demonstrated experience in two or more of the following: organization. P.C. Bax 952, Herald Tribune, 55 Via Della Mercede, Rome, Italy.: Manpower planning and analysis; Torgeted search and recruitment; Personnel policy analysis and development; -9171-SALES EXECUTIVE Organizational behaviar; 45, Rome bessel; 20 yrs. Brood experience Africa/ME/Europe selling construction and mining equipment of high governmental and private inclustry level, development new market, building up distributors. (anguages-fluent Geranan (national). English, Franch, Ballion, Greak, sevis new challenge, base Rome or Athens, extensive travel occepted. 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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 2

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Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

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Shift Seen In Study by World Bank **Reagan Aides Praise** Free-Market Emphasis By Caroline Arkinson

Washington Post Service WASHINGTON - Rezgan administration officials believe an unpublished World Bank report on sub-Saharan Africa recommending a switch away from the public sector and towards the free market could serve as a blueprint

market could serve as a blueprint for a oew aid strategy. Drafted hy a team of World Bank officials headed by outside economist Elliot Berg, the report says the public sector is overex-tended and has assumed too many functions that would be better left to the activate sector is low errors in the o the private sector. It also argues hat the exchange-rate and trade policies of many African countries have damaged growth by limiting free trade and that far more attentico should be paid to expanding agriculture rather than industry. Administration officials want to discourage loans to countries

where markets and prices are conrolled and to attach policy conditions to many more loans than now carry them. A Treasury source aid Tuesday that this is "entirely consistent" with the Berg report, which he called an indication that the World Bank is beginning to ollow the aid policies that Presi-

dent Reagan advocates. The World Bank's new presi-dent, A.W. Clausen is enthusiastic about the African document, sources said.

But there is considerable opposi-tion within the World Bank to the report, both from African governnents who would have to approve it before it is made public and from some staff members. Moreover, the report calls for a

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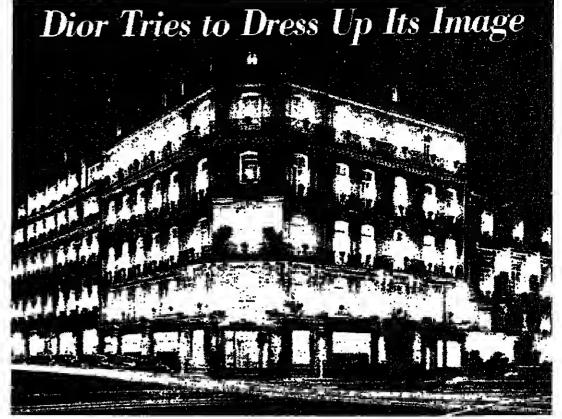
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massive increase in foreign aid to African countries in return for their acceptance of the policy changes it recommends, while the Reagan administration wants to

Some African governments fear that the report will lead to more interference in their domestic poli-cies. Its tone already has been coosiderahly softened from the original, internal sources said. The central cootentioo that too much gov-ernment is the main cause of Africa's huge economic problems has been qualified significantly, one economist said.

However, many staff members believe the report exaggerates the extent to which government poli-cies have contributed to poor ecocomie performance. Internacional developments, such as the rise in oil prices and falling prices for tropical sgricultural exports, have been far more important than Mr. Berg allows, one source said. Countries such as Kenya and the vory Coast, already following policies more like those urged by Mr. Berg, still are running into severe difficulties.

In addition, one source said, the report ignores the major role that the state has played in the success



sales of Dior products of \$332 mil-

lion. And while total sales rose 25

percent in that year, direct reve-

oues to the company increased by

mainder is in Latin America.

to the Moët-Hennessy group.

The United States accounts for

Dior also controls its main offic-

Geneva; the haute couture for women's clothing and for furs; the

women's ready-to-wear sold here;

a wholesale accessories manufac-

turing and distributing arm, and Dior's foreign sales subsidiaries.

Profits Unclear

Because of a restructuring of the company under Willot, Dior's

ple, was run under Boussac in Cen-

tral America. Last year we consoli-

Comparing profits with those before the reorganization is oot possible, Mr. Rouet says, but the

company's pretax cash flow in-creased to a projected \$12 million in 1981 from \$9 million in 1979.

Because 90 percent of our sales

"We need a better balance be-

For the last decade, profits have

dated it all under Dior Paris."

less than 1 percent.

By Susan Heller Anderson

New York Times Service PARIS — Christian Dior, for the last decade at the financial mercy of two ailing conglomerates, is hoping to find a oew partner that will allow it greater freedom in its husiness sentmers business ventures.

35 percent of sales, Europe 33 per-cent and Japan 22 percent. The re-"We want a stable investor who will let us grow as we want," said chairman Jacques Rouet in the company's elegant gray-and-white Paris headquarters. "I have oo preference who takes over."

Tarnisbed hy a new wave of bankruptcy and scandals in its beleaguered parent companies, Dior is oow making a vigorous effort to improve its image. Two weeks ago the couture house severed its links with family members of Agache-Willot, the troubled textile and retailing company. Dior is a subsidi-ary of Boussac-Saint-Frères, a tex-tile coocern that was bankrupt in 1978 when purchased by Agache-Willor.

Jean-Pierre and Antoine Willot, company under Willot, Dior's profits are difficult to unravel. "Uotil three years ago Dior was spread throughout the Boussac empire," Mr. Rouet explained. "I ran it, hut Dior U.S.A., for exam-ple was up under Boussac in Centwo of the four brothers who head Agache-Willot, have resigned from Dior's heard of directors aloog with other Agache-Willot excu-tives. The driving team of an em-pire that includes the Korvettes chain, currently in New York hankruptcy proceedings, and the Bon Marché department store here, the two brothers have recently been charged with falsifying fioancial statements and illegally disposing of assets.

Disarray

Today, the Willot empire is in disarray and Boussac-Saint-Frères are licenses, we see very little of it," Mr. Rouet acknowledged. is again bankrupt, in receivership under a court-appointed adminis-trator. The government is conduct-ing a study of the company to determine its future ownership, in-eluding the possible sale of Dior as tween turnover and direct reve-nues," he added, "which is why we want to take more cootrol of direct revenues through investments." a separate entity.

been siphoned by Dior's troubled parent companies. When Christian Dior opened in 1946 it was backed "For the name of Dior, Willot and Korvettes are not so good," Mr. Rouet observed. "But if the by Marcel Boussac, the flamboy-

mer Ambassador to the United States, and Anatole Temkine, president of the Industrial Develop-ment institute, a government or-ganization charged with oursing bankrupt companies hack to health. Mr. Temkine, as adviser to Pierre Dreyfus, the Minister of In-dustry, is largely responsible for the study of Boussac-Saint-Frères.

Page 9

Dior, with 800 employees in Paris, owns the Dior trademark for "We are analyzing the whole company," Mr. Temkine reported, "along with the future of the French textile industry. Thus it's everything except perfumes and cosmetics. That was sold in 1972 premature to talk about Dior's future." He believes a decision will es, oow under a lease-back ar-rangement with the Willots; houriques in Paris, Loodon and oot be reached until the end of the

Industry analysts see two basic choices: to restructure Boussac-Saint-Frères, leaving Dior as part of the parent company, or selling Dior separately. Experts here be-lieve that the best thing for Dior would be to reunite it under Moët-, Hennessy, already part-owner of the name

"The formula that I propose is realistic — a commoo policy for one group with the same trade-mark," said Alain Chevalier, the managing director of Moët-Hen-oessy. "But I'm interested only if Dior is separated from Boussac. This is up to the government. The other solution is to make Dior part of a big textile company, and that might be a prohlem for us if its prestige drops."

Sources elose to Dior helieve that the Moët solutioo is preferred by Mr. Rouet, but he remains di-plomatically silent, "What we want is to remain in French hands, oot to be a giveaway prize, and to resume our investments," he concluded.

Brock Proposes U.S., EEC, Japan Forum on Trade

	- Japan agree to a U.S. proposal to ateral forum made op ed States, the EEC and scuss ways of expand ade. ment came at a meet n Rokusuke Tanaka Internatiooal Trad y, and William Brock de representative, wh e Tuesday to attend ting. icials said Mr. Brock e three-way conference naka agreed to the pro- tate for the meeting wa however. a told Mr. Tanaka tha meeting will oot be ag- the participaots criti	TOKYO — Japar Wednesday to a U.S. p create a trilateral forum of the United States, the Japan to discuss ways of ing world trade. The agreement came ing between Rokusuke Minister of Internation and Industry, and Willi the U.S. trade represent arrived here Tuesday to private meeting. MITI officials said I proposed the three-way of and Mr. Tanaka agreed to posal. No date for the m mencioned, however. Mr. Brock told Mr. Ta the trilateral meeting will arena where the particip	ant minionane whose fortune also derived from oewspapers and race horses. "For 10 years Boussac spent lots of money but in 1957 when Dior died we became more prudent," Mr. Rouet recalled. "When we wanted to re-invest profits in 1970 things began to go bad for Boussac and he needed our profits. Same for the Willots. So our lack of cash has increased although profits have gone up." To make Dior more vigorous, Mr. Rouet iotends to concentrate on three areas of investment. "We must increase our sales space here," he said. "Then we'll invest in six or eight boutiques where we will be the major partner. We hope to be associated in the manufactur- ing, so we can participate both in the business and io quality coo-	A profits, in millions, ore in loced in sufficient of the sufficie	held up t advo- agricul- in line current t be year earling the year earling the year earling the year earling the year earling the year earling the yearling the year earling th	of countries in Asia and I America that generally are hel as examples by free-market <i>i</i> cates. The report's stress on ag ture, on the other hand, is in with the World Bank's cut thinking and deserves atten according to one economist. I ever, a major expansion in ag ture is likely to require state The huge expansion of gon ment in many poor African of tries has occurred to some er because there was no private st to carry out needed projects. fectiveness, rather than the siz state agencies, is the prohlem, official remarked. But even where the state is ficient, it is unrealistic to ex- governments to accept policies tricting their importance and	344 375 374 <th>A Jak Ascrain Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Norrschaft Till, Nor</th> <th>*** Formisfi 34 Frankiji 18 1 Frankiji 18 18 Frankiji 18 17 Fili Galabrit 17 Galabrit 28 Galabrit Galabrit 28 12 Galabrit 28 12 Galabrit 28 12 Galabrit 28 14 HomBer 30 14 HomBer 30 14 HomBer 30 34 HomBer 30 34 HomBer 30 34 HomBer 30 34 HomBer 30 34</th> <th></th> <th>Cover + Wi Cover - Va Cover + Va Cover + 1 Va Cover + 1 Va Cover + 1 Va Cover - Va</th> <th>stit A 210 944 976 opod 5274 2444 37 </th> <th>Closing Pri</th> <th>Ear Dations Exchange AMSTERDAM Telex 14596 COLD OFTICINS GOLD OFTICINS GOLD OFTICINS May 14596 200 57.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 68.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 55.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 55.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 55.00 a 200 130.00 a 16.20 a 200 27.00 a 13.00 a 200 37.00 a 30.50 a 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 29.00 a 9 a p.01 a 9 a p.02 a 800 a 29.00 a 9 a p.02 a 9 a p.03 b a 800 a 29.00 a 9 a p.03 b a 800 a 14.50 c 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 14.50 c 800 a 14.50 c 800 a 14.50 c</th> <th>Tel. 2622721 Series Ν c 400 5 c 425 3 c 450 1 c 475 1 p 375 p 475 p 475 p 425 1</th> <th>INTA</th>	A Jak Ascrain Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Andriker Till, Norrschaft Till, Nor	*** Formisfi 34 Frankiji 18 1 Frankiji 18 18 Frankiji 18 17 Fili Galabrit 17 Galabrit 28 Galabrit Galabrit 28 12 Galabrit 28 12 Galabrit 28 12 Galabrit 28 14 HomBer 30 14 HomBer 30 14 HomBer 30 34		Cover + Wi Cover - Va Cover + Va Cover + 1 Va Cover + 1 Va Cover + 1 Va Cover - Va	stit A 210 944 976 opod 5274 2444 37	Closing Pri	Ear Dations Exchange AMSTERDAM Telex 14596 COLD OFTICINS GOLD OFTICINS GOLD OFTICINS May 14596 200 57.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 68.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 55.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 55.00 a 200 30.00 57.00 a 55.00 a 200 130.00 a 16.20 a 200 27.00 a 13.00 a 200 37.00 a 30.50 a 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 29.00 a 9 a p.01 a 9 a p.02 a 800 a 29.00 a 9 a p.02 a 9 a p.03 b a 800 a 29.00 a 9 a p.03 b a 800 a 14.50 c 800 a 29.00 a 800 a 14.50 c 800 a 14.50 c 800 a 14.50 c	Tel. 2622721 Series Ν c 400 5 c 425 3 c 450 1 c 475 1 p 375 p 475 p 475 p 425 1	INTA
	will be a forum to tra- of lifting barriers and world trade, the offi- inbalance oow in Ja Mr. Brock said Ja export increases wil- le, the officials said Mr. Tanaka as saying ent export surge was y to the yen's declin- gn exchange markets easier for other coun-	cize each other's trade hut instead will be a for to find ways of lifting be expanding world trade, cials said. Referring to the Jap States trade imbalance of pan's favor, Mr. Brock pan's favor, Mr. Brock pan's sharp export incr cause trouble, the offic They quoted Mr. Tanaka that the recent export is due primarily to the yer in the foreign exchange that made it easier for of tries to buy Japanese goo	trol." Dior's policy of not putting its name on anything but women's fashion, men's fashion, and home accessories is regarded hy industry experts here as conservative. "We woo't give more licenses in new countries because this is not the way to profits," Mr. Rouet said. "In many countries we haven't sold licenses because there's not a high-quality manufacturer." In the reshuffle of Dior's board, the Willots were replaced by	bcock International 1981 1980 453.28 407.56 0.94 2.50 yoi Bonk of Canada 22,720, 1,840, 134,0 76,2 134,0 76,2 134,0 76,2 1,57 1,04 1981 1989 	build be ons to tate or- ish for ided. rs) — marks place- profits	er, another source said. It wond better for lending institution try to work with the large stat ganizatioos rather than push them to be dismantled, he add World Bank Mark Issue FRANKFURT (Reuters) The World Bank is plannin raise 100 millioo Deutsche m through a 10-year private p ment of bonds with a record percent coupoo priced at 99. vield 100 memory market sou	rencies) Las liteismenti 4465 45.0 liteismenti 4465 45.0 liteismenti 1500 700 Las liteismenti 1500 700 Las liteismenti 1500 700 Las liteismenti 1500 700 Site Visco 8000 720 Site Visco 8000 7	Sept. 2, 1981 ces in local curr	Sep (Closing prices	Amsterda		High Low Close Chy Ion 1 2278, 2254, 2274, 23 Ry 1274, 1314, 2254, 2274, 2 Ry 1274, 1314, 2 Ry 1274, 2374, 2374, 2 Ry 1274, 1774, 2374, 2 Char 21746, 1774, 1774, 1 Char 21746, 1774, 1774, 1 Char 21746, 1774, 1774, 1 Char 21746, 1774, 2 Ry 1274, 2374, 2 Ry 1274, 2 Ry 127	2218 Book Alo 2218 Book Alo 220 Con Con 300 Con Both 320 Con Both 320 Con Tech 320 Raiturda 300 Raiturda 300 Raiturda Total 1 Cana Montreai Torato Montreai 1 Torato	OME FUND des the following the of investments: sively invested in lar instruments with s less than 12 months. rt Term 'B' Units ted in instruments ininated in the SDR and Swiss Francs with	inc provi choic Sho Exclu US Doli maturitie Sho Invest denom	ارد. می ایندینی در مینوند ایندینی از دارند ایندینی در مینوند ایندینی
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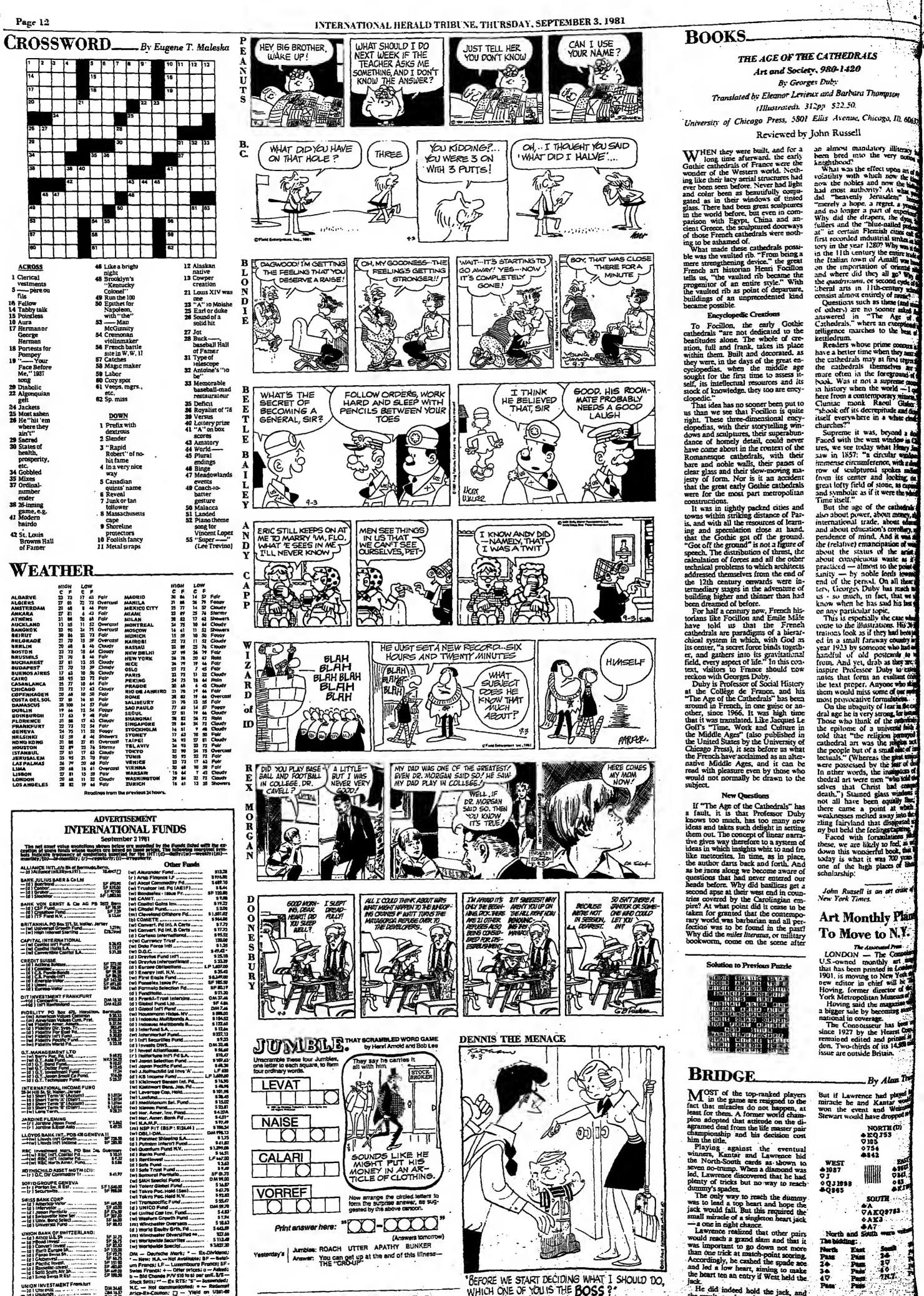
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INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981

Jackson, Mumphrey Pace Yankees Past Twins for 5th Victory in Row

211

BLOOMINGTON, Minn. _ in leggie Jackson hit a three-run ome run and Jerry Mumphrey is three runs batted in Tuesday ight to lead New York to its fifth raight victory, 11-6. over Simsesota.

Dave Winfield and Willie Ranthis also drove in two runs each.

ASEBALL ROUNDUP

Rick Reuschel (2-1) checked Twins on five hits through sevinings before giving way to re-Broke

in the ninth inning, Larry Milsume upled and scored on a sina 3-0 prich off John Verhoeven ore than 400 feet for his 19th cabome run at Metropolitan Sta-

Royals 3, Brewers 1

in Kansas City, Frank White's with inning single through a any in infield drove in two runs ck the eight-hit pitching of my Gara and give the Royals a victory nver Milwankee. rek to 11 games.

Angels 3, Red Sox 2

Boston, Don Baylor and Bob-Grich had run-scoring singles reliever Don Aase pitched out with to spark California to a a active over the Red Sox. Ken th (11-6) became the first ican league pitcher to win 11 is but needed help in the final by Aase came on to retire Stapleton on a pop-up, Rich man on an RBI groundout ionally, Joe Rudi on a ground-

The Jays 9, Rangers 3

Arlington, Texas, Lloyd ie and a home run and Jim by scattered nine hits as Todefeated Texas, 9-3.

Tigers 2, White Sox 1

man's place at free safety, the first rookie to play the position since Cliff Hamis in 1970. Chicago, Steve Kemp's two-BI single in the ninth gave that a 2-1 victory over the With Larry Cole retired, John Dutton will play regularly on the awesome detensive line. Downs the Sox, Chicago's fifth straight tat. Lou Whitaker opened the the by drawing a walk off Jerry would be the only newcomer on sman (3-10), making his first earance since joining the White Ricky Peters sacrificed him to the defense. The Cowboys had been stewing about their secondary while the rest of the team fell into place. nd and, after Alan Trammell Ron Springs has a small edge on Robert Newhouse for the fullback I out, Kemp singled to center.

Orioles 1, Mariners 0

Tinnings to help the Orioles "" "n Seattle, 1-0, in'a matchup of -i -hitters. Stone allowed singles. "ulio Croz in the fourth and · y Bulling in the sixth; Glenn -ott gave up a fourth-inning ever.

Young Award winner showed no over the Mets. The triumph was evidence of the tendinitis that had the Astros' sixth in a row. bothered him early this season. Tippy Martinez earned the save.

Phillies 3, Braves 0

In the National League, in Atlanta, Steve Carlton pitched a three-hitter and Gary Matthews drove the game's only runs with a single and a homer as Philadelphia beat the Braves, 3-0. Carlton (11-3) did not allow a runner past second.

Expos 4, Reds 3

In Cincinnati, Warren Cromarin a three-run seventh to give Mon-treal a 4-3 decision over the Reds. Trailing, 3-1, the Expos touched

four pitchers for three hits and a walk and benefitted from an error by third baseman Ray Knight in mounting their rally. Astros 3, Mets 2

By William N. Wallace

New York Times Service

teams of the National Conference

and their expected order of finish in the National Football League's

62d season, which starts this week-

Eastern Division

If Mike Downs, a rookie free

Dallas

agent from Rice promoted to the starting lineup last week, can come

through, then the Cowboys (12-4) will have solved their defensive

backfield problem, which is the only one they have. Tom Landry,

the coach, moved Dennis Thur-

man, one of his better operatives, to cornerback in place of Aaron

Mitchell and Downs took. Thur-

position; Bob Shaw replaced the

injured veteran John Fitzgerald at

center-and Butch Johnson took

over for Tony Hill at wide receiver.

The offense led the league in

scoring 454 points and Tony Dor-

sett is ready for his best season

NEW YORK - A look at the

In Houston, reliever Mike Mar-

end:

shall's wild pitch to pinch-hitter Harry Spilman in the ninth allowed Scott Loucks to score from

In San Diego, Ruppert Jones drove in two runs with a homer and a sacrifice fly as the Padres took their third straight, 3-2, over Chicago:

Giants 4, Cardinais 2 In San Francisco, Vida Blue and

Al Holland pitched a five-hitter against St. Louis as the Giants won their fifth straight, 4-2, Blue (7-5) gave up four hits and two nuns m-six innings; Holland recorded his sixth save. The Giants scored three runs off Bob Forsch (7-4) in the fifth on singles by Joe Morgan, Jack Clark and Darrell Evans and an error by right fielder Sixto Lezcano that allowed two runs to score.

Padres 3, Cubs 2

Dodgers 3, Pirates 2

kennicz.

In Los Angeles, Ron Cey singled in Ken Landreaux in the 14th to give the Dodgers a 3-2 trimmph over Pittsburgh. Landreaux had third, giving Houston a 3-2 victory opened the inning with a double.

One More Time: Cowboys, Rams Teams to Beat offensive line, a first down seems like the smallest possible reward. The defense will be respectable rookie year, gaining 1,303 yards. thanks to linebackers Monte Cole- Freddie Scott and David Hill will

man, Rich Milot and Neil Olcatch Gary Danielson's passes. Two newcomers on an improving defense are Curtis Green, the No. 2 draft choice who will start at Ray Perkins, now in his third season with the Giants (4-12), intackle, and Gary Cobb, who replaces the veteran Charley Weaver sists his team is improved. But problems persist. Perkins admits at linebacker. The right end, Al Baker, is probably the league's best his offensive line has shortcomings pass rusher.

and he has yet to find a capable, healthy fullback. Quarterback Phil Simms has Danny Pittman and Earnest Gray as primary receivers. Two rookies will start on de-

NFC PREVIEW

New York Giants

fense, Lawrence Taylor at line-backer and Bill Neill at tackle. Lyle Blackwood, the strong safety last with the Colts, is the other newcomer. This defense gave up 425 points last year; only New Orleans allowed more. back at tackle for his 15th season.

Central Division Minnesota

The Vikings (9-7) tied with De-troit for the 1980 division title, but this was an ordinary team that scored 317 points and allowed 308. It was also a passing team and will be so again, with Tommy Kramer throwing to Ahmad Rashad and backs Ricky Young and Ted Brown. Coach Bud Grant has not made a single change on offense. New starters on defense will be Doug Martin, last year's first draft choice, at tackle; and John Swain and Willie Teal at cornerback.

Matt Blair, the linebacker, contin-The Eagles (12-4) have the ues as the team's No. 1 performer.

Detroit

The Rams this season seem to have everything in quantity and quality, even adding another pass receiving threat at tight end, where former Saint Henry Childs takes over. Pat Haden has all the tools a quarterback could need.

> Jack Reynolds, the middle linebacker for so long, was released and that promoted Carl Ekern, now in his fifth season with the team. Mike Fanning moved ahead of Cody Jones at tackle and Jones is to give 35-year-old Fred Dryer some relief at end if Dryer will let him. Those marvelous high jumpers in the secondary --- Pai Thomas, Rod Perry, Nolan Cromwell and Johnnie Johnson - are pres-

As for defense, Alan Page is copy of last year's. The only new regular is Bobby Butler, the first There will be two new linebackers starting. Otis Wilson and rookie Mike Singletary, and two defensive backs. Lenny Walterscheid for Doug Plank at safety and Reuben draft choice, who replaced the injured Rnlland Lawrence at cornerback.

Henderson, a rookie, at corner-If the passing offense produces and Payton does not wear out the Bears will be fighting for the divi-

McEnroe, Mandlikova **Pressed in First Round**

United Press International

NEW YORK - John McEnroe, showing traces of the temper that's been heard around the world, overcame rain delays, a hostile home crowd and a poor start to defeat Juan Nufiez of Chile in four sets Tuesday to begin his defense of the U.S. Open tennis title.

to capture the open three consecu-tive years, McEnroe blew a 5-0 lead in the first set tiebreaker and then sat out two rain delays totaling more than 2 bours and 20 minutes before disposing of Nunez, 6-

vakia, the losing finalist last year, had even more trouble than McEnroe, escaping a match point in the second set before beating Mary Lou Piatek, 6-7, 7-6, 6-3.

Nuficz, ranked 193d in the world and a professional only three years, won the opening set tiebreak, 8-6, taking eight of the last nine points, and played McEnroe even until the eighth game of the third set when the Wimbledon champion achieved the only break

Costomary Taunts

ary taunts of the crowd following several verbal outbursts, was in complete control in the fourth. breaking in the third and fifth game McEnroe had several run-ins

one time delay warning and nne conduct warning, and when the rain picked up in the sixth game of the second set, he protested to Slye to call time, screaming, "I don't want to kill myself."

"Basic chaos" said McEnroe of the theatrics that surrounded his match, adding: "It bothers me that people are rude in so many ways, It's sad to see bow little support Americans get, but maybe it's just me — 1 wish people would give me a fair chance."

search for a halfback to back up The 19-year-old Mandlikova, whn had referred to the U.S. Tennis Association as "a bunch of dummies" for seeding her only fifth, barely survived opening day after Piatek won the first set tiebreak, 7-2, and had a match point in the 10th game of the second set.

But Mandlikova fought back to win the tiebreak, 8-6, and, after dropping the first twn games of the final set, won five games in a row to take command, Three nther seeds weren't as for-

tunate during a program that was interrupted three times because of rain. Wojtek Fibak, the No. 14 seed from Poland, lost to Kevin Curren of South Africa, 7-6, 6-4, 7-6; Regina Marsikova of Czechoslovakia, seeded 13th, fell to Rosie Casals, 6-2, 6-2; and No. 16 Di-anne Fromholtz of Australia lost to Anne Smith, 6-3, 6-3.

Ivan Lendl and Jimmy Connors seeded third and fourth, had little trouble advancing to the second round, nor did Tracy Austin, seed-

Page 13

ed third among the women. Lendl raced through Hans Simonsson of Sweden, 6-2, 6-2, 6-2: Connors blew out Briton John Lloyd, 6-0, 6-0, 6-2, and Austin, over the back injury that sidelined her five months this year, defeated Anne Hobbs of Britain, 6-1, 6-2.

No. 5 seed José-Luis Clerc of Argentina beal Australian Brad Drewett, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3, and eighth-seeded Eliot Teltscher defeated Victor Amaya, 6-2, 6-2, 6-4. In a match that lasted 6 hours and 49 minutes, including two rain delays, 1971 open champion Stan Smith outlasted John Sadri, 5-7, 6-7, 7-5, 6-4, 7-6.

Peter McNamara, seeded 11th, defeated fellow Australian John Fitzgerald, 7-6, 2-6, 6-3, 6-3; among the women, No. 7 seed Wendy Turnbull nf Australia overcame Zina Garrison of Houston, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2, and 12th-seeded Bettina Bunge defeated Marcie Louie, 6-2,

Court specialists, Thierry Tulasne and Pascal Portes, were beaten by Dick Stockton and Jeff Borowiak respectively. Stockton's 4-6, 6-3, 6-4. 6-4 triumpb reaffirmed his renaissance at the age of 30 after a back injury. Borowiak, who next plays Lendl, brushed aside Portes, 2, 6-3, 6-1.

Because of the rain, only 39 of Tuesday's 64 scheduled matches were completed.

U.S. Open Results

FIRST ROUND

Corinne Vo nier del, Leslie Allen, 1-6, 6-2, 6-3 Calmer vanar vanar by, Lesie Aliar, 1-a, 1-2, 5-2, Colherine Tanvier del, Pliar Yasawez, 6-3, 5-7, 1; Rosle Casais del, Roying Marsikova, 6-2, 6-3; Roberta McCallum del, Jane Preyer, 6-2, 6-3; Hana Manailkova del, Mary Lao Pictek, 6-7, 7-4,

ent and accounted for. Atlanta The Falcons (12-4) now rank among the NFL's elite, and this year's team will be all but a carbon Coach Leeman Bennett put the

finishing touches on this team last year when Junior Miller took over

at tight end; William Andrews and Lynn Cain became the established ranning backs and Buddy Curry, Al Richardson (both rookies) and Joel Williams stepped into the va-

Paul Hofer, still recovering from last year's injuries. Walsh is delighted with quarter-back Joe Montana, who in his second pro season had the highest completion percentage and one of

the lowest interception rates of the

all NFL passers. New Orleans

ondary defense of the 6-10 49ers.

So the club got a new backfield from the draft. Three rookies have been starting and doing well: Ron-

nie Lott, No. 1 from Southern Cal-

ifornia; Eric Wright, No. 2 from Missouri, and Carlton Williamson,

No. 3 from Pitt. Coach Bill Walsh continues to

The Saints (1-15) start anew under coach Burn Phillips. This team needs everything, especially confidence. Its few assets begin with Archie Manning, the seasoned quart-erback who always does a good job. But Manning may have to go without Wes Chandler, his top receiver, sidelined by mysterious headaches.

Although off to a slow start, heralded rookie George Rogers will be the tailback in the I formation

of Tuesday's opening-round 3-1 victory for the Americans in the Canada Cup hockey tourna-ment. Wayne Gretzky and Mike Bossy had two goals apiece in Canada's 9-0 rout of Finland, and Czechoslovakia held the Soviet Union to just 16 shots on goal in those teams' 1-1 tie. Steve Bartkowski was the conference Pro Bowl quarterback while Andrews gained 1,308 yards rushing San Francisco Opposing pass receivers staged track meets last season in the sec-

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Seeking to become the first man 75.12

7, 6-1, 6-3, 6-2. Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslo-ودوميني والمعالي

-A frustrated Borje Salming of Sweden high-sticked Team USA's Robbie Ftorek near the end

of the set to move ahead.

McEnroe, hearing the custom-

with umpire Ken Slye. He received

FIRST ROUND Man's Studies Jimmy Connors del. John Llovd. 6-0. 6-0. 6-2: Mark Edmondson del. Ivan DuPasquier, 6-1. 6-2. 6-1; Christophe Roger-Vasselin del. Andy Kohl-bers. 7-5. 6-4. 6-1: Romesh Krishnan del. Per-Hiertaulsi. 6-1. 6-1. 6-3: Ivan Lendi del. Hans Simonason. 6-2. 6-2. 6-3: Peter McNamaro del. John Filsserald. 7-4. 6-3: Jvan Lendi del. Hans Simonason. 6-2. 6-2. 6-3: Tom Gatilisson del. John Sinserald. 7-4. 6-3: 5-7. 6-7. 7-5. 6-4. 7-6: Dick Stockton del. Thierry Tuisson. 6-4. 6-3. 6-1. Jay Lapidus del. Mario Martinez. 4-6. 6-6. 6-4. 6-2. Pat Duero del. Jim Deionev. 6-3. 6-3. 6-4. 7-6: Stati Cauran del. Mario Martinez. 7-6. 4-6. 7-6: Mariv Davis del. Loyd Bourne. 7-8. 3-6. 6-7. 6-1. Kevin Curren del. Woltek Fibok. 7-6. 6-4. 7-6: Mariv Davis del. Loyd Bourne. 7-8. 3-6. 6-1: Bri-non Teacher del. Wiltor Amoro. 6-3. 6-2. 6-2: Diato Teitscher del. Victor Amoro. 6-3. 6-4. 6-5: Jose-Luis Clerc del. Brad Dreweit. 6-4. 6-4. 6-4: Momen's Staules Troce Austin del. Anne Mobas. Britain. 4-1. 7-5:

Jose-Luis Cierc del, Brod Drewett, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3, Women's Standes Tracy Auslin del, Anne Noble, Britain, 6-1, 6-2; Kate Lotham del. Sue Saliba, 6-1, 6-2; Giynis Coles def, Shella McInerney, 6-3, 6-0; Wendy Turnibull del, Zina Garrison, 3-4, 6-3, 6-2; Peanut Louis del, Debarah Jevans, 6-2, 6-4; Kinberty Jones def, Marile Pinterava, 6-3, 6-4; Leich Ann Thomeson del, Sandy Collins, 6-4, 6-3; Tarwa Harford def, Yvana Brzakova, 6-4, 6-2; Anne Smith del, Dianne Fromholtz, 6-3, 6-3; Jeanne DuVall def, Marianne von der Torre, 7-5, 7-5; Bettina Burae del, Mariane von der Torre, 7-5, 7-5; Bettina Burae del, Marcie Louie, 6-2, 6-1; Sa-on Anscortin del, Nancy Yearoln, 3-6, 6-2, 6-3; San Klyvenser del, Marcie Louis, 6-2, 6-1; Sa-on Anscortin del, Nancy Yearoln, 3-6, 6-2, 6-3;

cant linebacking positions. with Tony Galbreath the fullback. EMPLOYMENT HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS SECRETARIAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE **ITALY - GREECE**

Chicago The Bears (7-9) hired Ted Mar-chibroda, the former Baltimore coach, to upgrade their passing offense. Marchibroda is satisfied with the quarterback, Vince Evans, but still is looking for better receivers. But the Bears are going to give the foothall to Walter Payton again because he does so much

with it The first draft choice, Keith Van Horne, has been starting at tackle on an impressive offensive line.

Tampa Bay

in 1979, but then the defense went

sour — last year giving up 104 more points than the season be-

The Buccancers (5-10-1) won it

= since May 16; last year's Cy

Pct. GB

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57

replaced Bill Bergey.

St. Louis

struggle to achieve winning sea-

sons, let alone the playoffs. The

Cardinals (5-11) blend older play-

ers nearing the end of their careers

like Jim Hart, the 37-year-old quarterback, Roger Wehni; Dan Dierdorf and Mel Gray with un-

tested youngsters like Theotis Brown, the new fullback replacing

Wayne Morris; Stump Mitchell, a rookie halfback; Mark Bell, a wide

receiver; Charlie Baker, a lineback-

er, and Rush Brown, a defensive end. All but Mitchell are regulars.

If halfback Ottis Anderson has

another big season and the defense

tightens up, the Cardinals could be a pest. They have seven games

against 1980 playoff teams.

The division's other teams will

474 -571 -545

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Major League Standings 1.2

AMERICAN LEAGUE

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esday's Line Scores

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and Whitt; Darwin, Whitehouse (3), S), Butcher 18) and S.Johnson, W-4. L. Dorwin, S.7. HRS-Terosto. 8. Texas Jones (1). NATIONAL LEAGUE

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New Orlans Los Angeles Son Francisc

The Lions (9-7) have not been in tight this year because the offense will have problems. The line could the playoffs since 1970 and last use some depth if quarterback Ron Jaworski is to have another big year. His receivers — Harold Car-michael, Charlie Smith and Keith

Krepfle — are back. The defense, making full use of specialists like Claude Humphrey, Ken Clarke, Reggie Wilkes and Hully Sims. Sims had a tremendous . .- ' John Sciarra, has an outstanding new linebacker, Al Chesley, who

won a division title in 1957. Mark Nichols, the first draft Rookie John Holt became a starte

BASEBALL

FOOTBALL

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er, on the internet m McCreary, fight end. CHICAGO—Placed

with injuries. Coach John McKay may hav found the fullback he needed i rookie starter James Wilder. Dou Williams, who has cut down on hi interceptions, will be passing t Gordon Jones, Kevin House an Jimmie Giles.

back.

sion title.

When the Rams (11-5) roll out The Rams' Fred Dryer back like Jewerl Thomas or Wen ... Going strong at 35. dell Tyler behind that enormou

Transactions

sive end, on the injured reserve list. Walve Milee Hubach, punter. NEW DRLEANS—Accuired Bill Hurley, di feasive back, on walvers from Pithburgh, an Scott Pelluer, Instacker, on walvers from Da los. Placed Jerry Boycricky, definisive tackle, o the injured reserve list. Walved Aike Williams defensive back. al release. DETENT—Recalled Larry Rolhschild, Dennis Kinney and Jerry Vidur, pitchers: Marty Castilla, third baseman, and Darrell Brown, out-fielder, srom Evansville of the American Associ-ation, Activated Chomp Summars, outfielder. MILWAUKEE—Activated Larry Histe, desig-nated hitter, and Bob McClure, pitcher. Instead Langue

ker. Placed Dean Miraidi, suard, on the l National League PLTTSBURGH-Traded Grant Jackson, Pitchured reserve list. PITTSBURGH-Walved Matt Bahr, plac luntd res

er, to Mentred for a player to be named later or cosh. Traded Phil Gamer, second baseman, to Houston for Johanny Ray, infielder, and two mi-nor league clovers to be named later. PITTSBURGH-Walved Matt Bahr, ok kicker, Bill Hartev, defensive back, Bryan I kie, finebacker, and Jeff Fins, tight and, signed Johnnie Dinden, wide roceiver, ofter cleaned waivers. Piaced Jock Han, lineback on the four-weak intured list.

ST. LOUIS-Walved Steve Nells National Pootball League BALTIMORE—Pioced Ed Shaanini, lineback-r, on the takened reserve fist. Walved Loand Sieve Rhodes and Mike Fisher, wide receives and Rod Phillios. running bock. Claimed Joi Flayd, wide reaciver, on waivers from the Was McCreary, fight end. CHICAGO—Placed Jerry Muckensturm, line-bocker, on the Intured reserve fist. Receiled Bri-en Cabrol, Gesbacker, ofter he cleared watvers. CINCINNATI—Waived Mike Levenseller, wide receiver, and Lutter Henson, defensive tackle. Placed Ron Simpkits, linebacker; John Stramons, defensive bock, and Jim Homaila, watter-officientle tarkle, on the lineard reserve Piord, wide receiver, an watvers from the Wash instan Redskins. Added Greg LoFleur, tlatt end to the roster. Piaced Doug Marsh, tight end; Ma Grav, wide receiver, and Kirby Criswell, deten sive end, on the injurad reserve list. SAN OI EGO—Wolved Mike Thomas, ranning back, and Mike Fuller, safety. Piaced Jahn Lee defensive tockle, and Antinew Gissinger, offen she lineway, on the injurant reserve list.

punter-ottensive tackie, on the injured reserve sive lineman, on the injured reserve list. SAN FRANCISCO-Re-cloned Matt Bour wide receiver, after he cleared waivers. Place Ed Judie, wide receiver, on the tajured reserv DENVER-Wolved Jim Jensen, running bock; Ken Times, delensive fineman, and Rick Demison, finebacker, Placed Clay Brown, tight

ist. SEATTLE—Signed Miller While, defensive end Acculred Dows Softerland, defensive tockle, a waivers from Milnesota. Cut Louis Butland, at fensive tockle; Terry Dian, defensive tockle end on the Intered reserve list. Returned Haven Messes wide receiver, bock to the rester after be cleared watvers. GREEN BAY—Placed Tim Huftman, oftenshe tackie: Budity Aydelette, stort, and Carls Godfrey, defensive and, on the injured reserve Ret, Waiwa Eric Torkslave, romains bock, HOUSTON—Waived Rich Caster and Jeff Gratis, receivers, Placed Gifford Nielsen, auart-erback: Ratish Williams, offensive lineman, and Tim Smith, receiver, on the Injurad reserve list. LOS ANGELES—Staned Jeff Kenna, auarter-back. Placed Jim Collins, linebacker, on the four-week Injured reserve list. ANIMIESOTA—Waived Data Sutherland, desive tackle; Buddy Aydelette, guard, and Chris Witten Alvanaz, placekicker, and Sleve Durhar defensive end. Placed Mark Bell, defensive end man, Unebooker, and Sleve R

rin and Lee Solvey, line Nurweek murd reserve ist. MINNESOTA-Walved Doug Sutherland, de-feasive tackle: Ken Sanders, detensive Anemory, and Marvin Cabb, defensive back. Placed Ken MacAne. Hahl, and: Doug Poschol, running back, and Greg Martha, offensive tackle, on the intered reserve fist. NEW ENGLAND-Placed Sieve Clark, deten-HOCKEY Notional Hockey Leasue N.Y. RANGERS—Signed Relia Ru lefenseman, and Wikko Leinann, car nen, center, COLLEGE VANDERBILT-Nomed Tany Botemon her

1	more points than the season be- fore. They could not get a running	EMPLOYMENT	CLASSIFI	HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL		
	game going either, and the team fell back into mediocrity. There	SECRETARIAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE				ITALY - GREECE
	have been few surprises this sum-	Interactional	(Cont	BY RAIL AND		
t	Hugh Green, the first draft choice from Pitt, quickly moved into a starting role at linebacker.	Accounting Firm in PARS (near ETOILE)	EMPLOYMENT	AUTO RENTALS	SERVICES	CAR FERRY
t	Rookie John Holt became a starter after two regulars in the defensive	2 EXPERIENCED	DOMESTIC POSITIONS AVAILABLE	\$25 PER DAY, unimited mileoge, AU- TOHANSA, fromzensbruedeen St. 8, A-1020 Vienna, tel. 24 16 94.	ROME-FEMME SISTINA. A full realm of beouty and hair care. Fun boutique. V. Sisting 75, Tek 678 02 60.	BRINDISI - PATRAS -
-	backfield, Mark Cotney and Curtis Jordan, were lost for the season	BILINGUAL	WE SEEK A CHINESE COOK for Paris. In addition to cooking, he is expected		PARIS YOUNG LADY, PR/ossistant. Excellent presentation, Paris 553 62 62	ATHENS
S 1	with injuries. Coach John McKay may have	SECRETARIES	In addition to cooking, he is expected to perform with the help of a moid, all household duries for 2-3 persons. Must be willing spend 3 months in south of	TRANSCAR: Europe's largest for Cars,	TOURIST GUIDE and business interpret-	ON THE
s	found the fullback he needed in	for partners	France in summer, where housing and medic one provided. No housing and Ports in winter. Tel: 256 70 70, ext. 3524, between 19 c.m. & 6 p.m.	also baggage & household effects worldwide. Contact Landon W1,	BUSINESS INTERPRETER and tourism	EURAILPASS SHIPS
	rookie starter James Wilder. Doug Williams, who has cut down on his	preferably English mother tongue	WE SEEK & GOOD DRIVER/BUILER.	Tel 96 55 11, Frankfurt, Am Sudpork	LEGAL SERVICES	EGNATIA
	interceptions, will be passing to Gordon Jones, Kevin House and	English Shorthand . Available as Soon as Possible	capable of driving large imagine in Paris, Meals provided, but no housing. Very little night driving. Must be willing	10, D6092 Kelsterbach, Tel. 06107 2051. The original & still the only Tran-		
	Jimmie Giles.	Send C.V. including	to spead 3 months in south of France	scar Organization	NO MORE VISA - for worldwide ac- copted travel document, write to: F. Canti, Attorney at Law, 548 via Vene- to, 00187 Rome, Italy.	ESPRESSO GRECIA
ŀ	Green Bay	P. LICHAU S.A., under ref.5424 BP 220, 75063 PARDS cedex 02	in summer where housing is provided. Tel: 256 7070, ext. 3524, batwann 10 g.m. & 6 p.m.	TRANSCAR 20 rue Le Sueur, 75116 Poris. Tel: 500 03 04. Nice: 83 95 23. Antwerp 33 99 85. Commis 39 43 44.	to, 00187 Rome, Italy. US IMMIGRATION & VISA matters.	APPIA - CASTALIA
	The Packers (5-10-1) have had only one winning season in the last	who will forward.	DOMESTIC POSITIONS WANTED	AUTOS TAX FREE	Law office Edward S. Godson, P.C., 43 Dover Street, London WIX 3RE Telest 261507. Tel: 01 493 0352	A Joint Service By:
	eight and Coach Bart Starr has hinted he will move on if matters	MINERVE SEEKS for AMERICAN			Telex 261507. Tel: 01 493 0352. U.S. UMAUGRATION VISAS, Talat. 20,	HELLENIC MEDITERRANEAN LINES
R.	do not get better soon. The offensive team, which has a	English, Belgian, Dutch or German sacretaries, knowledge of Franch re- quired, English shorthand, Bilingual lelexists. Write or phone: 138 Avenue Victor-Huge, 75116 Paris, France. Tel: 727-61-69.	Pair for English/American children. Paris 8/8 63 28 from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.	TAX FREE CARS	4th floor, Zurich, Write US Lowyer Damon Spillos, 1 Biscoyne Tower, Mi- omi, Fl. 33131. Tel: 305-643-9600.	ADRIATIC S.p.A.N.
	worrisome line, counts heavily	genred, English shorthond, tidingual telexists. White or phone: 138 Avenue Victor-Huge, 75116 Paris, France, Tel.;	ENGLISH NANNES & Mothers' Helps free now, Nash Agency, 27 Grand Pa-	with Swiss licence plotes.	omi, R. 33131. Tal. 305-643-9600.	FOR FULL DETAILS, CALL
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ĺ.	James Lofton, the receiver voted to the Pro Bowl again. The running	Don't miss	mature, experienced, Paris 380 15 94.	1290 Genevo-Versoix, 89 route Spisse Tel: 022/55 44 43, Telex 28279 or 289477	TO USA or WORLDWIDE, contact your US travel agent: Paris 225 12 39.	PARIS
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	stvi end, on the injured reserve list. Walved Mike Hubach, punter. NEW DRLEANS—Acquired Bill Hurley, de-	NEED & TEMPORARY SECRETARY? Colt G.R. Interim, Ports 225 59 25.	USA or special export fits & plates AMERICA BY CAR LTD	TAX FREE ROLLS-ROYCE with day free Swiss france places. Rolls Royce official declar. MAZZUCCHELL-AUTO	VIDEO TAPES Wonted / Bulk buyers	4529571, 4529486. Telexi: 21-2000. INN ON 7HE SEA. Yachts. Tel Piroeus, Greece, 4524069. Tbi: 211249 GR.
-	fensive back, on waivers from Pittsburgh, and Scott Pelkuer, thebacker, on waivers from Dol-	TEACHING POSITIONS	53 Upper Brook St. London W/IY 1PG.	MAZZUCCHELL-AUTO 6900 Lugana, Switzerland. Tel: 54 34 12/Teles: 79207.	any quantity: Tb: 337 492 Glynbauma, Tel: England 021-706 0111/0226.	
	ios. Placed Jerry Boyansky, defensive tockle, on the infured reserve list. Waived Mike Williams, defensive back.	AVAILABLE	(By American Embassy) Tel: (01) 408 0776. Teles: 299824		SHOPPING	EDUCATION
-	N.Y. JETS-Ploced Mickey Shuler, tight end, on the injured reserve list. Re-signed Steve	teachers for its school in Paris & sub-	WANTED MERCEDES 300 SD 1981	SERVICES	ROSENTHAL Frankfurt	Frenchman, experienced independent teacher, Former instructor Columbia
-	Stephens, light end. PHILADELPHIA—Signed Mike Curcio, line- backer, Piaced Dean Miraidi, suard, on the in-	degree required. English addive kon- guage, EEC or valid work permit only need reply. Send your C.V. urgently to	model with USA specifications. Call Ge- neva (022) 360100. Manday through Friday 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	PR/INTERPRETER & TOURISM GUIDE. Reasont presentation. English/Franch. Paris 562 05 87.	Fine China, Crystal & Cutlery. Write for catalogue.	University. Tel- 089 36 29 Paris. FRENCH for business. Many courses /
	Jurid reserve list. PITTSBURGH-Walved Matt Bahr, place-	Ceiradel, 26 Rue Vignon, 75009 Paris.		Paris 562 05 87.		country weekends. Paris 052 57 77
	kicker, Bill Hurley, defensive back, Bryan Hin- kie, Mnebacker, and Jeff Finn, tight and, Re- slaned Jahnnie Dirden, wide raceiver, offer he	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES	ESCORTS & GUIDES
	cleared walvers. Placed Jack Hom, linebacker, on the four-week intured list.	CONTACTA INTERNATIONAL Escort Service in Europe: GERMANY: 06103-86122	CAPRICE	AMSTERDAM	LONDON EXCLUSIVE	FRANKFURT - WIESBADEN - MAINZ SHRILEY Escort Service 0611/282728.
	ST. LOUIS—Walved Steve Nelts, linebacker; Sieve Rhodes and Mike Fisher, while receivers, and Rod Philips, running back, Claimed John	GERMANY: 06103-86122 Frankfurt - Wiesbades - Mainz - Cologne - Bern - Dueseklarf - Berlin - Mentch - Hamburg.	ESCORT SERVICE	HONESTY ESCORT	Escort Service. Tel: 01 402 7748	DUESSELDORF - DOMINA Erglish Excert Agency, Tel: 0211/38 31 41. DUESSELDORF ESCORT SERVICE, Tel:
	Flavd, wide receiver, an walvers from the Wash- Ington Redskins. Added Grea LaPicur, tight end,	SWITZERLAND: 0049-6103-86122 Zurich - Bonel - Lucerne - Berne -		SERVICE TEL: 233143.	AMSTERDAM	0211-492605. Hamburg escort service. Tai:
	to live router. Placed Doug Marsh, tight end; Mel Grav, wide receiver, and Kirby Criswell, deten-	Lauranne - Geneva. BELGIUM: 0049-6103-86122 Brussels + major clies.	IN NEW YORK	ZURICH	ESCORT GUIDE SERVICE Tel: 247731.	040/45 65 0). ZURICH - Tel: 0049-6103-82048.
•	sive and, on the injurad reserve list. SAN OIEGO—Wolved Mike Thomas, running back, and Mike Fuller, safety, Placed Jahn Lee.	HOLLAND: 0949-6103-86122	TEL: 212-737 3291.	Motigue Escort and Guide Service		Omego Escort Service/Germony. FRANKFURT - KAREN Escort Service. Tel: 0511-581652.
,	defensive tackle, and Andrew Gissinger, otten- sive Unemas, on the injured reserve list.	ENGLAND: 01-628 7969 LONDON. OTHER EEC CAPITALS		MALE AND REMALE Tel: 01/361 90 00	LONDON - CHELSEA GIRL Escort Ser- vice, 51 Beauchamp Piace, London	FRANKFURT - SIMONE AUSTRIAN Escont Service, Tel: 59-50-46.
	SAN FRANCISCO-Re-signed Matt Bouze, Male receiver, after he cleared wolvers. Placed	Tel: Germony 0-6103-86122 ESCORTS required for LONDON	LONDON		SW3. Tel: 01 584 6513/2749, 4-12 pm.	LONDON CHANTELLE Escort Service. Tel: 231 1158 or 231 8818.
	Ed Judie, wide receiver, on the Intured reserve ist. SEATTLE—Signed Miller White defensive end.		Portman Escort Agency	ARISTOCATS Excert Service	GENEVA - JADE	Vice. Tel: 402 7949.
	Acquired Dous Sutherland, defensive tackle, an acquired Dous Sutherland, defensive tackle, an agivers from Minnesola, Cut Louis Bullard, at-	• ESCORTS, N.Y.	67 Chiltern Street, London W1 TEL: 486 3724 or 486 1 158	London 437 4741/2 12 noon - midnight	Escart Service - Tel: 022/31 95 09.	ELIZABETH ESCORT SERVICE, London - Tel: 883 0626. ENGLISH ESCORT SERVICE,
1	ensive tockie; Terry Dion, detensive tockie; Mison Alvarez, placekicker, and Steve Durham,	EVERYWHERE, U.S.A.			SCARLET	London/Heathrow, Tel 01 757 8754
	jefenzive end. Piaced Mark Beil, defensive end; jee Norman, linebocker, and Steve Rolbie, wide regetver, an the Injured reserve list.	ESCORT SERVICE,	LONDON	LONDON ESCORT AGENCY	London Escart Service Tel: 402 5346	NEW YORK CITY, Mic & Range Escort Service. 212-888-1666. AMSTERDAM-JB Escort Service.
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j.	acker; Dan Pielfier, center, and Charlie Brown, wide receiver, on the injured reserve list.	● 212-359-6273	BELGRAVIA Escent Service tel: 736 5877.		Heathrow & Gatwick areas. Tel: 570 8038. AMSTERDAM APOLLO Escont Service.	Service. Tel: 01 19 70 32. COPENHAGEN EXCLUSIVE Excert Ser- vice. Tel: 1-244034, 12 c.m. to 12 p.m.
	Weived John Flayd, wide receiver, and Pot Og- in and Lee Solvey, linemen. HOCKEY	212-961 1945/461 2421		NEW YORK CITY	76 Apolioloan, Amsterdiam (0) 20- 766176.	2018CH ESCORT SERVICE: TeL 057 5
	Notional Hockey Looper N.Y. RANGERS—Signed Rollo Ruotsalainen,		LONDON TOWN	FIRST CLASS ESCORTS	RANKFURT ESCORT AGENCY TEL: 0611-691653	Tel: 241 63 76.
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1	VANDERBILT—Nomed Tany Bateman head		l		428 01 42 offer 2 p.m.	(01) 881 1509.
			*	3		1

.... Washington . The Redskins (6-10) will present more new faces than any other team and also a new coach, Joe American Leasus CH1CAGO—Wolved Francisco Barrios, pitch-r, for the purpose of givino him his uncondition-

and Builling. Pirova (B): Stone, 7.4 (and also a new coach, Joe Gibbs. Until he can put together and Company. W-Stone, 3.4 (and also a new coach, Joe Gibbs. Until he can put together and Gibbs. Until he can put together and Generative line meeting NFL standards, the Redskins will be se-verely limited. That goes for Joe Theismann, the capable quarter-back; John Riggins, back after a an offensive to play fullback, season's absence to play fullback, and two new halfbacks, Teny Wothan, W_Gura, 45, L-Hors, 54, e 00 22 004-10 72 1 Metcalf, the a 100 019 004-6 8 2 from the C el Davis (8), LeRache (7) and Footes O'Connor (5), Verhoeven (4) and W-Reuschel, 21, L- Rediern, 44. Baltimore. Metcalf, the former Cardinal back from the Canadian League, and Joe Washington, acquired from

NFL Exhibition

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Page 14

Art Buchwald

No Fires on Even Days

budget cuts he asked for and the federal government is phasing out of the "people ousiness." But the people are still there so the political heavies from now on are going to be the governors and mayors who are expected to provide the

same services the feds have cut out. As Mayor Plankton of Red ink. Mass. told me. "The people gave Reagan a M mandate to cut fede; al 001 spending. but they still want everviting the fed-Buchwald eral government

gave them." The president was smart to lay the problem off on you mayors," I said. "He looks great and you look like a bunch of bums."

"Amen," the mayor said, "While he's in California playing cowboy, I'th trying to figure out where I'm going to get the money to run this city for the next four years.

* * *

"Any ideas"" I asked. "I believe I can make some cutbacks in the fire department. I'mtrying to get the city council to

pass an ordinance that you can

Police Recover Two Paintings

L'ruted Press International LONDON - Police recovered a sicien Rembrandt Wednesday and arrested the four men they said had the masterpiece with them in a taxi. Police said the £1-million (\$1.85 million) painting, missing since Aug. 14, was not damaged. The 1632 oil of Jacob de Gheyn III disappeared from the suburban Dulwich Picture Gallery,

In Baltimore, federal agents reported the recovery of a Rubens painting valued at \$350,000 from an Arlington, Va., motel, Edward D. Hegariv, special agent in charge of the FBI in Baltimore, said the painting, "Triumph of Constantine," completed by Peter Paul Rubens about 1627, was stolen from a Queenstown, Md., estate last year. David Nevin Raymond, 27, of Waldorf. Md., was arrested on a the next time they hand out a mancharge of interstate transportation of stolen goods.

XV ASHINGTON - Ronald only have a fire on odd days of the Reagan now has most of the week. If you have one on an even week. If you have one on an even day you have to put it out your-

"That's a big saving," I said. "What are you going to do about the police department?"

The same thing I'm doing with the libraries. I'm going to keep the police stations open only on Tues-day and Thursday nights and Saturday mornings."

"And if you want the police at

Stars and Stripes Forever, and a taped message asking you to call

tem.

schools open," the mayor said. "The teachers will be happy to hear that," I said.

"What teachers?" the mayor replied. "I don't have money for chools and teachers."

tem without teachers?"

the payroll," he said. 'I hope you're not going to close

the hospitals." "Of course not. What kind of mayor do you think I am? But we're going to be much tougher on admissions. Just because you're sick and can't afford medical treatment doesn't guarantee you a

bed. "How do you get one?" I asked him.

that are not motivated, and it's better to find out before you admit them whether they have what it takes to be a patient."

"How do you plan to handle garbage removal?"

"By lottery. Each week we'll draw 100 street addresses from a fishbowl, and lucky ones will have their trash picked up the following morning."

"You seem to be doing pretty good with the cutbacks in service. I hope the voters understand that your economics are in their best national interests." "If they don't, they'll think twice

date. © 1981, Los Angeles Times Syndicate

The Creator of 'Garp' Checks Into 'The Hotel New Hampshire' By Curt Suplee Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — John Ir-

ving is bristling with vigilance. He stabs a finger down his perfectly commodious staircase: You could trip over that pile of books." His anxions eye catches a small piece of body trim stick-ing out from the side of his car: "Somebody could get hurt." He explains at length, three times, how to drive a couple of miles of simple Vermont road.

"I can't restrict my imagination to my novels," says the 39-year-old author of "The World According to Garp" and four other books. "I am a worrier. He lives in sun-dappled serenity in his country home outside Putney, Vt., with his wife Shyla and sons Colin, 16, and Brendan, 11.

Sitting on his poolside deck, wrapped in a towel after a fast skinny-dip, Irving ought to look like a man who has the world by the small print. Four years ago, be had a dubious future, three well-reviewed novels that together sold a disappointing 12,000 copies, and "I didn't qualify for a single credit card. i was still bouncing checks to local grocery stores and living like a student." But then came "Garp," one of the rare events in American fiction to achieve the literary triple

play: genuine critical excitement, best-selling public enthusiasm and a cult following (complete with T-shirts and slogans). At times he still seems surprised by this success, as when he catches himself putting a half-finished bottle of ale in the refrigerator and then stops himself and throws it out. Since "Garp," he says, "I've learned to do that." Since then, too, there are more

than 3 million copies of his books in print, Pocket Books has paid a reported \$2.3 million for the paperback rights to his new novel. "The Hotel New Hamp-shire," the movie version of "Garp" is due soon, he has a town house in Cambridge, Mass., and for the foresceable future he will not have to take a job -

"frankly the most important thing that any book can do for any writer." And the new book (from Dutton with a first printing of

Author Irving: "I am a worrier." slapstick, sexual mutilation coha-175,000) is a guaranteed popular success, although very different from "Garp." It is "easier to read bits with high comedy, rape and adultery abound. and more difficult to understand." Irving says. "I didn't have any trouble understanding

it," says Shyla, pausing in her er-rands to sit beside him. He ig-

nores this. Sometimes he pays no

more attention to his wife of 17

years than be would to the buzz

of an air conditioner. At other

times, he will reach out for her

with an almost reverential care,

and they will nuzzle like school-

Moods Change Quickly

He can be the perfect buoyant paterfamilias. But his mood can

change fast, and a thought that

begins in mild-eved rumination

will often gravitate into rage. His

fists rise to his chest, he clenches

his jaw and his features cloud

into anger as he rails at the book

business (publishers are "adver-

saries" whose profits are "immo-

rai"); and the man who created

perbaps the finest American nov-el of the '70s can become sudden-

ly sullen and defensive about his

the gore-spattered comic cosmos of "Garp," in which an extended family faces "a them-and-us world." In the travails of novelist

T.S. Garp and his grimly feminist

mother, murder cavoris with

This is the man who created

yard sweethearts.

reputation.

The same is true of "The Hotel New Hampshire," a richly ha-morous, deeply humane but much simpler saga. The 400-page story follows the seven-member Berry family from New Hampshire to Vienna and back as they found and struggle to maintain three different hotels of the same name. Father Win Berry believes that a good hotel is an analog to a loving family, and in the book they become metaphors for one

another. Irving - who refers to his books as "fairy tales" and "soapoperas" - is loudly insistent that they are not autobiographical: "Both the family I grew up in and my own have been spared accidents of that higher order." Like Garp, Irving was a "townie" at prep school, the oldest by nine years of four children. He was born in Exeter, N.H., and raised by his adopted father -- Colin Irving, a teacher of Russian history at Phillips Exeter Academy whom Irving considers the only father he has ever had — and a "very strong, outspoken" mother who enjoyed sports.

Throughout a childhood that was "very rural, working in hay-fields and apple orchards," he "couldn't wait to get to go to the school." But it took him five

years to get out: "I had to work my a- off to get C's except in English courses," where he began to read Hardy, Conrad, Emily Bronte, Dickens and the Russian novelists to whom he still feels a stronger affinity than to American writers,

Like Garp, Irving became ob-sessed at 15 with both writing and athletics, and as he talks, they often seem mutually symboli

In 1963, he dropped out of the University of New Hampshire and decided to go abroad. He picked Vienna for "its middleness, its East-Westness" and 19th-century feel, learning German at Harvard summer school where he met Shyla Leary, who was studying physics and math at Wheelock College. He spent an "idyllic couple of years" reading German and Austrian literature at the University of Vienna, and began writing seriously. As a ha-bitnal symbol in his fiction, the city is "almost like a security blanket now. I know if I can get my characters to Vienna, I can change the rules, I can make other things happen there." But in the new novel, "it's a dark place, it's hell, it's where you go

when you grow up, when there's a death in the family." Although he had only known Shyla for "about a month before I went abroad, and we hadn't seen each other for more than a year," he engineered a "long courtship by love letter." She came to Europe and they were married in Greece in 1964. They returned and Irving graduated from the University of New Hampshire while Shyla worked in the post office. He sold a story to Redbook, which led to a fel-lowship at the University of Iowa writing program. He stayed for two years and wrote as the master's project his first novel. "Setting Free the Bears."

Irving left in 1967 to take a teaching job at now-defunct Windham College in Vermont. "I needed the money." Irving says, although the movie contract for "Bears" paid for the Putney house and enabled the family to go back to Vienna, where Brendan was born in 1969. They returned to the United States the next year, and continued living

as academic migrants (moving 23 times in 11 years), teaching be-

PEOPLE

Secasiland's Mone

Has Diamond Just

In Swaziland, 5,000 toning danced barefool around it

cattle pen to mark the transferring and King Sobius III a pring and King Sobius III a per on the throne. The bance, an annual two day the ny in the mountian mouth

ny in the mountain many opened a weeklong celebrat the first royal Diamond is since Queen Victoria's Sobhura. 52. and in fail drove up in a Lincola for the start of the data traditional part of the row was missing. The king far years has failed to exercise the rogative of choosing a way from among the dataset.

from among the dances of estimate, be had 100 wint of

Actor Melvya Despis, which isst month, left most of in t

iast month, sets many of the familion estate to his familian asked to have memorable to his half-century acting cather this half-century acting cather

his half-century acting rates nated to muscums and united Douglas' will was filed for par-in Manhattan. Douglas, was fain Manhattan, died Ang. (80. The will directed that see sculpture of his wife, finder of gan Douglas, go to a musual selected by David Washing a utor of the will. Mrs. Douglast former congresswong, name

former congressionen, na Richard Nixon for a US se seat from California in its

was defeated. Continues

graphs, manuscripts, and from Douglas' caver, which cluded the films "Ninger with Grets Garbe, and " There," with the late Paler Sa

There," with the new a set of were ordered throad over to h

as Arthur, a friend of Donie thur, who lives in London

distribute the items anone

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Judge James K. Allen of Di

Judge James E. Allen of h unable to attend sweamon i monies in Texas, was pro-oath of office by a Weich wi — making him what is being be the first U.S. jadge man office in Britain. Allen is have a marked sweat office in Britain.

elected appeals court indee

north Wales. He told The Tak London that he had to be see

immediately so his account lower court could take office outh of office may be administ 'by a foreign lawyer records the U.S. Embassy; in the u

was performed by solicity a Cwylan Hughes.

ums and universities.

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children.

tween grants. Although his first books sold for very modest soms. Irving and his agent, Peter Matson, decided to take no less than \$20,000 for the book then titled "Lunacy and Sorrow." Three houses were interested, but only the late Henry Robbins - a fan of Irving's previous work with a new imprint at Dutton — could meet both the price and Irving's standards. Robbins and Irving found an

immediate rapport, and an im-mediate success: "Garp" sold 115,000 copies in hardcover: Pocket Books (which had paid \$110,000 for 10 years of reprint rights) sold 2 million copies in one of the most lavish promo-tional efforts in recent memory. 'Very Informal Life'

And now, with a winning record in the literary nationals, can be keep his hold on things? "We live a very informal life." Shyla says somewhat uncertainly. 'It's not like we were one kind of people for 14 or 15 years and now we're suddenly somebody different because of this book. . I understand now very clearly why celebrities associate only with other celebrities in an ease of emotion. On the other

hand, we don't want to do that, do we?" she asks irving. "Well," he says, "one of the comforts of being in the compa-

ny of other people who are famous is obvious - you don't have to talk about it." Irving bridles at the merest suggestion that big money or movie exposure could damage his

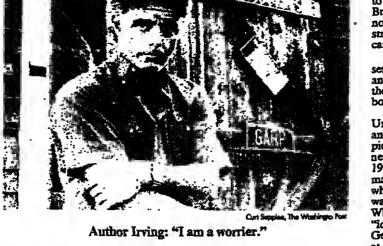
future as a writer. "What am I going to do, turn around and start writing for TV Guide? There's a great, largely American myth that integrity crombles. You either have it or you don't have it. If one's integrity is going to crumble, it's when you're making six thou a year and teaching three sections of freshman English and being badly treated by the head of an English department who has read less than you. speaks of it less well and is a super---- of a human being. "I can make one mistake now,

out of ego, personal restlessness or reasons other than that a book is ready to be written: I could write a book too soon. I haven't cranked on a book yet, and my instinct is to go slower and slower, I got nothing but good out of waning on The Hotel New Hampshire, And next time, I'm going to whit a good long time

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ANNOUNCEMENTS	HERALD	HERTZ HENT-A-CAR	SUBSCIEBE TO	FOR SALE	FOR SALE	TO RENT/SHARE	TO RENT/SHARE	Comparable quarters in communical Es- trops. Will exchange photos and de- scription with subsysted parties. Kon-	per-enced apparais shoring? by member of here in here
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	AND SAVE		JOURNAL	DUPLES HEAR	GENEVA	LONDON WZ NEAR PORTOBELO, Holland Parts charming furnished flor, Rot in Ansterd	Rot in Ansterdory, Bestbovendr 81	Soin, 2385 Researce Rd., Line F-2,	Mary. For sharybey telephone

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1981

The World According to Irving



any other time?" "You get 12 musical bars of the

"It sounds like your cuts are deep. I imagine you'll have to economize with your school sys-"By state law I have to keep the

* * *

"How can you have a school sys-

"I'm keeping all the janitors on

"You have to take an entrance exam. There are a lot of people trying to get into city hospitals

